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Stript of their

### FURBELOWS:

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#### THE

# Author's Apology

TO

# Both SEXES,

By WAY of

## PREFACE.

Adies, your bumble Servant. If I had not a greater Respect for your kind Sex, than I believe some of you have for your Selves, I would no more have presented you with the following Sketch of your Deformities, than I would have preach'd a Lecture in Contempt of Villainy, at one of the Counter-Gates; or have sung a Ballad against ill Language, in the Middle of Billingsgate Fish-Market.

ket. But I beartily protest, I have so great an Honour for you, that I love you as well as a righteous Priest ought to do bis sinful Parisbioners; and therefore, like the good Man, have taken upon me to reflect a little closely upon the Failings of the Petticoat; that blushing at the Sight of your own amorous Back-slidings, and other fosbionable Vanities, you may be sham'd and rally'd into a future Forbearance of the like Vices. And if I can but perswade you to be of an Opinion, that what I have bere presented you, is design'd for your Good; then you cannot but allow, that the Honesty of my Intention has a Title to your Pardon. But if, on the contrary, you bappen to think, that I only meant to strip you of your greatest Security, viz. your Sham-Modesty, on Purpose to expose your naked Infirmities to the Wonder and Ridicule of your Champion-Admirers, who, I know, are as ready to defend you from Satyr, as the Cappadocian Knight was the fair Damsel from the Claws of the Dragon; I can then readily guess how far I shall conjure up your Female Indignation; and shall think it a Happiness, if I escape the Cenfure of being deem'd an Eunuch, if not a worse Monster, for not diverting your Vapours by such accustomary Adulations, as you are too apt to think your Perfections have a

Title to. Tho, upon my Word, Ladies, if you knew but all, you would sooner brand me with a quite opposite Character, and swear, in Revenge, I had been some Petticoat-Pensioner: But discarded of your Favours, to make Room for some more strenuous Competitor, had therefore resolved to spit my Venom at the fair Sex, who had so slightingly rewarded my past good Services.

However, censure as you please, I shall make but a slender Apology; and that is, I think it an honester Task to let the Vitious see their naked Pictures, that they may have a true Prospect of their own Deformities, than to furnish them with a Cloak for their growing Levity, and to flatter them in their Vices.

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The Vertuous, I am satisfy'd, will have no Reason to be, in the least, offended: And as for those Ladies, who have acquir'd the Knack of looking as innocent as Angels, whilst the Devil himself is lurking under their Furbeloes; who vainly fancy, that they blind us from their Iniquities, by their subtile Managements; and that they cover their Intrigues with their practical Devotion: The following Characters are to let them see, that, notwithstanding their Policy,

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licy, they are not too cunning to be catch'd. However, this Assurance I dare confidenth give them, viz. That there is no Manner of Reflection levell'd at any certain Person whomsoever. So that any Lady, the never so conscious of her own Failings, may venture boldly to ransack the whole Book, without the Danger of finding berself expos'd, or pointed at, in the least Particular; which Assurance, I hope, will, in some Measure, extenuate my Offence, and abate their Prejudice, that I may not, in their angry Moods, be doom'd to be claw'd to Death by unmerciful Wild-Cats; especially, when they consider, in Honour to their Sex, I have given them the Precedency of so many worthy Gentlemen, who, in my Opinion, are as rarely qualify'd for their good Company, as any Gallants they can defire to be kiss'd by.

But should the Criticks enquire, why I should dishonour the Male Sex so far, as to put them in the Rear of so many Female Tittles Tattles? I humbly desire they would be so kind to consider, that the Book consists chiefly of Characters of vain, ridiculous, and vicious Persons of both Sexes; and I doubt not, but they will readily grant, that Men can never be truly foolish, or compleatly wicked, without they are Followers

of Women; and if so, it is a plain Indication, that the Ladies, in this Case, ought to have Place before them.

Now, Gentlemen, a Word to the Wife, I hope will be sufficient. As to your Parts, I earnestly intreat you, that you would not misconstrue any Thing that you find among the Male Characters, to the Injury of the Author, or the Dishonour of any Great Person now living; for I solemnly declare, that all those Images that seem the most bold, and may unhappily be thought, by injudicious Readers, to carry along with them a Kind of daring Presumption, are drawn from the Histories of such ambitious Gentlemen, who, in former Reigns, have taken irregular Courses to advance their own Grandeur, to the Injury of their Prince, and the Disadvantage of the Publick. Therefore, as I bave presented nothing therein, but a Wardrobe of old Apparel, under a modern Name, I hope no Body will prove so illnatur'd, as to put a Knave's Jacket upon an bonest Man, because they may both bappen, in Sight of the World, to be of equal Proportion. And as for bim, that is so foolish to challenge another's Doublet, because be thinks it fits him, if be chance to find any Bugs in the Collar.

Collar, that may provoke him to scratch beyond Patience, he may thank himself for his imprudent Choice: For he that will jump into a Bed of Nettles, or chuse an Ant-hill for a Cushion, deserves to be punished with the smarting Consequence of his own Folly.

As to the Book, I shall say but little: Those who have a Mind to know what's in it, let them buy it, read it, and then judge of it; for that must be allowed to be the best Way, because 'twill satisfy the Book-seller, as well as the Reader.

But thus far I will venture to affure the World, that who soever goes thro' with the following Characters, will find themselves entertain'd with Satyr, without Spite; Novelty, without Fiction; Pleasantry, without Levity; and abundance of Truth, without personal Resection: Which is all I shall promise.

be chance to find any Bugs in the

So farewel.

Propostions.

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## Adam and Eve

Stript of their

## FURBELOWS.

The formal Precifian;

OR,

The devout Lady.

THEN she steps along the Streets, she moves like a Female Ghost in some wosul Tragedy, just risen from the Grave to terrify her Lover. When she sits, her Posture is so formal, and her Eyes, as well as Limbs, so reserved and motionless, that no Man, by Canal light, without the Use of his Feeling, can distinguish her from a Picture. And when she stands at her Husband's Shop-door, to be admir'd for her B Modesty,

Modesty, a Passenger would think Mrs. Salmon's Wax-work was to be feen within. and that Madam was one of her artificial Figures, expos'd on purpose to decoy in Spectators. Whenever the curt'fies, tho' the hates Popery, the must cross her Hands upon the Bottom of her Stomacher, and then the drops her Complement, which is paid with that Gravity, and most humbly perform'd with that Leifure and Affectedness. as if the bending her Knees, or finking her Bum-fiddle, brought the Cramp into her Hams, or the Sciatica into her Hips. that hinder'd her from rifing. Whenever she speaks, 'tis without Cadency, and with as much Tone and Formality, as a Bell-man at Midnight; and with that wonderful Deliberation, that a nimble-tongu'd Goffip may tell a short Story betwixt every Word. The Dialect she uses, is laborioully glean'd out of the Old Testament; and when the speaks to her Husband, 'tis always in the fame Phrase that Sarah wheedled Abraham in, when she call'd him Lord. By a long Habit of Hypocrify, the has at last dissembled herself into so melancholy a Temper, that the can talk of nothing but the Sins of ael, or what strange Dreams she had last Night about the New Jerusalem. And when she enter-tains her Visiters with a long-winded Sto-

ry, to be fure it is an old one out of fome of the Prophets, which was drowfily told her but the Sunday before at fome Enthufiaftick Conventicle. When she leaves off her Stockings, before she gives 'em to her' Chamber-maid, she wears 'em out at the Knees, by rubbing 'em with a Pumicestone, that the filly Wench may believe she has pray'd 'em to pieces by much kneeling, and from thence take an Occasion to report her Godliness to her Neighbours. She is very exact in keeping all her Family to their holy Exercises, and must every Night, as she sits cross-legg'd before her Fire, with a Screen in her Hand to fave her Beauty from fcorching, hear the youngest Apprentice read a Chapter or two in the Bible, whilst she nods away half an Hour, like a flumbering Cat in a Chimneycorner: But as for the eldest Apprentice, it's ten to one, notwithstanding her Piety, but she decoys him to open the Book of Generation in his Master's Absence, and to point out the third Letter in the Alphabet with his natural Fescue, which she afterwards tells him, she only suffers him to do for his Soul's Good, because he should not be tempted to run aftray among the Wicked. Having had her Education among the puritan Saints, if you talk a Word of Religion, the will out-whine an old Mumper,

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Mumper, out-cant a Lady Abbyss, and out-figh a Widow at the Funeral of her Husband. If you mention a Syllable of the Church, it is all Popery and Porridge, according to the invidious Doctrine she has heard from the Lanthorn Jaws of her old primitive Father Stiffcollar, who delivers himself as upright in his quadrangular Tub, as if he was a preaching Paringshovel. If you happen to blurt out a merry Jest, she'll cry, O that the Tongue, which was made to praise the Lord, should So univarily slide into such Immorality and Prophaneness! For the fhe loves Bawdy in the Act, as well as an Evening-Lecture, yet she is so much in the Right, as to feem to hate it in the Abstract. But a canting Harangue upon Saving-Grace, or Self-Edification, administers the greatest Comfort to her poor Soul, of all the Elixirs in this World, barring a fecret Fellow-feelling with a Brother Saint, or a Dram of the Bottle. She's a Lady of that wonderful Devotion, as well as admirable Pati ence, that she always prays much loude than she scolds: And when she reads Chapter in her Parlour, the Apprentice may hear her in the Shop, and her Maid edify in the Garrets; for the thinks read ing to her Self, is a-kin to robbing her Family of the Benefit of the Scriptures. She 21

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an excellent Huswife at all culinary Performances, except Minc'd-Pyes and Plumb-Porridge, and those she holds to be such unfanctify'd Food, fuch expensive Abominations, and fuch vain, Popish, and superstitious Symbols, that they ought not to be eaten in a good Protestant Country. But as for the nice roafting of a fubstantial Leg of Mutton, the critical boiling a stuff'd Side-Saddle of Beef, the excellent ordering of a primitive Bag-Pudding, or the buttering of Turnips, she's such an excellent Artist at, that ne'er a Mutton-Lane Cook, who has ferv'd an Apprenticeship to Marygold Broth and Dumplins, is able to vie with her. She has a wonderful Care in the Education of her Children, and is fo very timorous they should wander from the Truth, that she tells 'em, if ever they should look into a Common Prayer-Book, they would certainly have fore Eyes for feven Years after; or if ever they should chance to step into the Church, out of a vain Curiofity, to behold the Dagon-Idol, that they would be smitten with scabby Heads and kib'd Heels, and be for ever after number'd amongst the Reprobate. By fuch Sort of Scare-crows, she frights her Children from the Steeple-House, and renders it as terrible to their childish Apprehensions, as if the most B 3

holy of all Sanctuaries was fill'd with nothing but Raw-heads and Bloody-bones; and, by fuch Sort of Witchcraft, preferves 'em within the Pale of her own ignorant Perswasion, 'till Custom and Prejudice have too far confirm'd them in the finful Errors of their Parents. She is a mighty Enemy to all Gossiping, because she hates, before others, either to tipple, or talk merrily, tho' fhe can drink in her own Bed-Chamber with a holy Familiar of her own Tribe, 'till the hypocritical Mixture of Religion and Liquor has made 'em as fuddled, and as leacherous as Lot's Daughters, when they committed Incest with their Father; yet she can hick-up over her Prayers, as foon as left by her Companion, with as laudible a Grace, as if at the same Time the was equally inspir'd with Holiness and Aqua Vita. Tho' but young her felf, she has a mighty Veneration for all Sorts of Antiquities, except an old Bedfellow, and confequently has a wonderful Respect for all such Things that are of a long standing. She has an unexpressible Regard to the never dying Memory of that Protestant Princess, our gracious Queen Elizabeth, and thinks it abundance of Pity, that so religious a Dress as the Ruff and Fardingale should ever be super-annuated. Of all Sorts of Recreations, she's the

the greatest Enemy to Dancing, because the Head of her Prophet was made the Reward of a 'Jig; yet she loves dearly to follow the first false Step that was taken in the Beginning, notwithstanding 'tis prophan'd in a Play-House Song, with a Rub, Rub, Rub, Rub, Rub, in and out, in and out, bo; and is apt to think, after all her reading in Moses's Pentateuch, that our original Parents, by tasting the forbidden Fruit, did not lose, but only fwopp'd one Paradife for another. She has all the whole Bible undigeftedly pil'd up in her Memory, tho' it lies there as confusedly huddl'd, as old News-Papers upon a Coffee-house Table: So that if you ask her a Question in Genesis, it is ten to one but she will answer you in the Revelations; yet her Tongue is so tipp'd with holy Scraps and Fragments, that she cannot fpread a Plaister for a cut Thumb, without a Text in Scripture. She's fo heavily concern'd at the Wickedness of others, that she addles her Brains, by shaking her Noddle at the Sins of her Neighbours; but is so very forgetful of her own Transgreffions, as if the never offended Heaven without a Pardon in her Pocket. As well as formal in her Words, the is to precife in her Deportment, and fo mathematically regular in all her Actions, that you would BA

think every Motion of her Limbs, were the Effects of Art, and not of Nature, and that her whole Composition was but a Machine of Clock-work. In fhort, she is a She-Fanatick preach'd out of her Senses, but not of her Iniquities; a precise Changeling, almost totally divested of the Air of Humanity; an uncouth Mortal, who is stuff'd with nothing but religious Niceties, fantastical Punctilio's, and ridiculous Decorums, and only a fit Companion for a formal Hypocrite, a comfortable Visiter to a dying Penitent, an agreeable Wife to a miferly Enthusiast, and a dissembling Harlot for a leacherous Wolf crept into Sheep's Clothing; for, like a true modern Saint, she can fay her Prayers, play with her Tail, and cheat the Devil with her Countenance.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

THE pious Dame, with formal Face, demure in Speech and Carriage; Altho' she talks so much of Grace, Is not the best for Marriage.

For Woman, tho' she's so precise
As ne'er to speak a Word ill;
Yet ker Religion never lies
Beneath the Waste or Girdle.

What

What, tho' she prays with holy Friends, And cants against the Devil; Yet saving Grace ne'er condescends To stoop beneath her Navel.

Her Petticoats so hard she ties, That Conscience keeps its Station; Nor can what's done below, arise To give it Perturbation.

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Thus wifely makes Religion know Its Bounds of Ambulation, That Grace above, and Lust below, Have no Communication.

So that in Case the Seat of Love, Her Tail, commits a Folly, She thinks her Mind, that dwells above, Is ne'er a fot less holy.

Or else her Tongue could never cant Of Grace with gifted Brother, And all the Part of pious Saint, Whilst Buttocks play another.

Fond Youth, beware how you purfue
The Lass demurely sober,
The Saint would vanish soon, could you
Of holy Cheats disrobe her.

The pious Dame may plague your Head; Such Roses have their Prickles: And Punks and Jilts are often bred In holy Conventicles.

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# The Female Student; OR, The Learned Lady.

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CHE is the Mimick of a Scholar, as a Monkey is of a Man, and apes him in every Thing as near as possible, on Purpose to be thought as rational a Creature. She is a profound Diver into the Secrets of Nature, and the Mysteries of Generation, and commonly a great Proficient in the Art of Chymistry, and that of Midwifry; the former leading her into the whimfical Search of the Philosopher's Stone, from whence the is foon recommended, by the Study of the latter, to the Pleasure of a Pair; which, after once trying, she approves so well, that she declines the Purfuit of her philosophical Bauble, for no other Reason, but because she considers tis in the fingular Number, and therefore unworthy of the studious Enquiry of fo brisk a Lady. Visit her when you please, you shall as furely find her with a Book in her Hand, as a Watchman at Midnight with his Candle and Lanthorn; and if you look but into it, you will certainly catch

catch her upon some abstruse Topick beyond the Reach of her Understanding; for her Endeavours are rather to feem wife, than to really be fo. Having had the Misfortune of being taught her Grammar, the is a worfe Plague to a Country Pedant, than himself proves to the Company he keeps; and of all the Nouns, is the greatest Enemy to an Adjective, because it is fuch a feeble Tool, that it cannot fland by it felf. She pelts his Ears all Dinnertime with her Latin Scraps, which she recites as imperfectly, and applies as wretchedly, as a half-learn'd Parrot, in his talkative Humour, does fome bawdy Sentence or Sarcasin against Cuckoldom. But the rural Pedagogue must blush with Patience at her vain Impertinence, as a Female-Frailty, because nothing recommends him as a welcome Guest to her bountiful Bag-Pudding, fo much as his Modesty, or his Ignorance. She is such an arrogant Sceptist in the Mysteries of Religion, that she feldom professes the fame Faith, or continues fix'd in any one Principle two Days together; and is fo terrible a Teaze to the holy Robe, with her cramp Questions in Divinity, that she can scarce prevail upon a Country Curate to come and crave a Bleffing upon her Sunday's Dinner, but is forc'd to be content

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to have her Roast-Beef fanctify'd by some of her own Family. She's fo great an Admirer of hard Words, that you would guess, by her Conversation, she had been tutor'd by a Surgeon, or nurs'd up in the Laboratory of some pragmatical Alchymist. If her Dinner displeases her, the will tell you, perhaps, her Pudding is non compos Mentis; and if you ask her Meaning, she will reply, it is not boil'd enough; for she thinks it one part of Scholarship to speak hard Words, and another to understand 'em. She is so highly addicted to this kind of Crambo-Vanity, that she thinks it a Dishonour to her Quality, and a Scandal to her Education, to foold in plain English; therefore vents her Passion in such puzzling Language, that makes her Husband or her Servants fly like Lightning from her Fury, for Fear of having their Ears wounded with crooked Nails and Tenterhooks; for her Anger is fo fiery, and her Terms fo crabbed. that her hard Words come thundering out cross-ways, like langre Shot from the Mouth of a Cannon, when driven out by Gun-powder. She cares not for the Company of her own Sex, because she thinks them too illiterate for her learned Conversation; for as the common Topicks of their familiar Tittle-Tattle, are the Humours of their

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their Husbands, the Carelessness of their Servants, or the Wittiness of their Children; the must always be aspiring above fuch humble Subjects, and turn at least a Critick upon fome modern Comedy, wherein perhaps the Poet has disoblig'd her Ladyship, by coming a little too close to her own fingular Character. Besides, having the Advantages of a high-flown Dialect... and a ready Wit, she is so malepert among her cloven Sisters, that they dare not prattle in her Prefence, for fear of exposing their Ignorance to the backbiting Lash of fo scholastick a Lady, who, they must needs judge, by themselves, will omit no Opportunity of exposing the Failings of her Sex, that her own Difcretion may take place, and her Vertues be magnify'd above the dim Perfections of her Female Neighbours: So that she is fear'd and envy'd as much by those of the furbilo'd Gender, more ignorant than herfelf, as they are defpis'd by her for want of those masculine Acquirements that shine at best in a Female Genius, but like a Rush Candle thro' a Paper Lanthorn. Besides her Grammatical Progress thro' the eight Parts of Speech, and her profound Enquiry into As in presenti, she has a Smattering of the French, as well as Latin, and has the Vanity to think herself

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fo compleat a Madamozelle, as to outchatter her French Taylor in his native Language. She is greatly affected with every new Fashion A-la-mode de Pare, and is apt to affert, there is more Breeding in a French Cobler, than in a Dutch Colonel. The Care of her Family, is fuch a homefpun piece of Huswifry, that it's a Task too low for the Sublimity of her Thoughts; for when she ought to be in her Kitchen, she's retir'd into her Closet; and instead of performing the Duty of a prudent Wife, she's mocking the Studies of a referv'd Philosopher, by labouring in vain in purfuit of Wisdom, or cozening her Family into a false Opinion of her studious Life, by peeping into the Bottle, instead of her Books, and inspiring her Brains with a Dram of cool Nantz, instead of improving her Knowledge with the mouldy Sentiments of her gilded Authors, who are rang'd about her with their Names on their Back-sides, that she may open their Leathern Breeches, and delight herfelf in private with whatever she finds most fitting for the Entertainment of a Lady. She is so vigilant an Enquiress after all Bookish Novelties, whether Sermons, Poetry, or Politicks, that she no sooner hears of a noify new Pamphlet, tho' ten Miles from London, but a Servant must be dispatch'd upon

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upon the easiest trotting Coach-Horse, to her Covent-Garden Bookfeller, hail, rain, or shine, to fetch the Paper-Prodigy, that her Curiofity may be fatisfy'd, and her Thirst after Learning be a little quench'd for the prefent, 'till it should be rais'd again by another fresh and tempting Offfpring of some teeming Noddle. No sooner has her Looby-Emissary brought the new-born Darling to his Lady's Arms, but the printed Issue of some laborious Brain is hug'd into her modern Library, where it is forc'd to stand the severe Scrutiny and Censure of her most judicious Ladyship, who, after all her Pretences to a refin'd Judgment, has only, by her much Reading, spoil'd a good Pudding-maker, and neglected the Study of those culinary Arts more properly adapted to a Female Genius, to make herself that uncouth kind of a Hermaphrodite, a learned Lady. Among the rest of her Vanities, she is a mighty Poetefs, and has fo ready a Talent at Lampoon and Satyr, that her unfortunate Spouse cannot commit an Oversight, or unhappily lapse into the least Error, but his Faults shall be versify'd to her Chamber-maid, and the poor Gentleman be fcourg'd by her poetical Cat of Ninetails, thro' his whole Family; nor shall any of her own Sex escape her Flirts, that give give her but the least Occasion to exercise her Faculty. And that the World may be fensible of her extraordinary Merits, she has perhaps presented us with a French Novel, translated into English by a Lady of Quality; which, tho' it wants her Name, yet her Vanity takes care no Body shall rob her of the Glory, for she whispers it about as a great Secret to some of her own Sex, which the has Senfe enough to know is the readiest Way of Publication, 'till at last she has the Honour to be every where complemented as the most ingenious Translator; nor truly would she stop here, but adorn the Stage with some polite Comedy, were not the Dulness and Ingratitude of the Age so monstrous, as to have little or no Taste of Female Performances, and the Wits of the Male Gender fo very partial to themselves, as to engross all the Applause, and allow no Share of the Bays to the fair Sex; who, if they had but the Encouragement due to their Merits, would foon write 'em out of their Reputation, as fure as they are now able to talk 'em out of their Senses. When her Ladyship's in Town, she's so constant a Benefactor to her Majesty's sworn Comedians, that she would much rather neglect her Prayers in the Morning, than the Play-house at Night: And notwithstanding her Learning has fo fhort

thort a Sense of the Duties of Religion, that she runs away with the mistaken Notion of a Libertine, and is apt to fancy the Stage full as instructive as the Pulpit, forgetting the Vices and Vanities that always wait upon the one, and the Piety and Vertue that arise daily from the other. Her greatest Mortification is, to want new Apparel against a new Play; for if she's neither complemented for her Wit, admir'd for her Dress, or ogl'd for her Beauty, she'll not honour the Poet with so much as a Clap, or the Audience with a Smile, but return Home as much out of Humour, as if her Gallant had flighted her for a new Mistress. She is so highty opiniative of her own Wit, that she thinks it derogates from her Character, for any Body to be commended for the same 'Talent in her Presence, and will look as fcornfully, as if at the same time they had droll'd upon the Merits of her Ladyship, and disparag'd her to her Face; but the groffest Flatteries are welcome to her Ears, and delightful to her Breast; for she has the Vanity to think she has an absolute Title to the most superlative Encomiums. Her very Husband, tho' an ingenious Gentleman, must submit in all Things to her better Judgment, or else as warm a Dispute must presently arise about Superiori-

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ty of Wisdom, as ever was heard in a Convocation of Prefbyters, about the Alteration of the Liturgy; and if he be not a little Frenchify'd, as well as his Competitor, he must expect to be call'd as many dull Blockheads in broken French, as if her well-bred Ladyship had been a Calais Fish-woman, if not Cuckold into the Bargain; for if a Woman can gratify her Revenge by hornifying her Husband in an unknown Act, she will account it a Satisfaction to upbraid him with the same in an unknown Language. She thinks it a great Misfortune for a Woman of her excellent Wit, and large Acquirements, to be liable to the Reflection of her Sexes Infirmities; for the they are weak and instable, she is wife and resolute; tho' they are filly and unread, she is learn'd and witty; the' they are timorous and bashful, she is bold and couragious; tho' they are amorous and yielding, she can be pitiless and impregnable; therefore wishes the was metamorphos'd into the Male Sex, were it for no other Reason, but to be conversant with those refin'd Mortals call'd Wits, at Will's Coffee-house, that she might enjoy the Bleslings of such a Heavenly Society, and manifest her own Perfections among Men of Worth and Learning, who have Judgment fufficient, as well 64

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as Gratitude, to allow a Character of her Parts, proportionable to their Merit. Much more might be faid in her Ladyship's Pfaise, for her Wit is so keen, her Judgment so piercing, her Intellects so capacious, and the Center of her Charms fo full of immensurable Profundity, that an Author might tire himself, as well as his Reader, before he could expatiate upon half the Particulars of fo copious a Subject. But if any Body likes her fo far as the is represented in an unfinish'd Picture. they may be Master of the Blessing for a Word speaking; for notwithstanding she is a Lady of fuch incomparable Learning, yet her Husband has such an Aversion to Female Literature, that he would give a thousand Pounds in Change for a peaceable Woman, that never read her Horn-Book

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

The Matrimonial Collar,
With her who is not only fair,
But fancies she's a Schollar.

Puff'd up with Pride and vain Conceit,
She'll foar above her Station,

And

And think she has, by Dint of Wit, The Right of Domination.

What, the see seeds in French or Dutch, Or chatters in the Roman, One Tongue is always found too much For a contentious Woman.

If with more Languages she's hung, Than taught her by her Mother, Whene'er you bid her hold one Tongue, She'll plague you with another.

Therefore let none select a Wife,
For having sundry Speeches;
The more she has, the greater Strife
Will rise about the Breeches.

Nor let the youthful Novice chuse A Woman for her Learning; For Wives turn greater filts or Shrews, The more they are discerning.

Therefore, I say, beware, my Friend,
Of learned Dame or Gammar,
Who will with Tongue and Broom, contend
About the Rules of Grammar.

The prattling Shrew, in Spite of Art, Will prove a head-strong Creature; And thro' her cursed Pride, invert The very Laws of Nature.

# She muses as she uses: OR, The Censorious Lady.

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CHE is the unhappy Eccho of other Peo-) ples Failings, whose Delight is to report whatever she hears, to the Prejudice of her Neighbours. Her Tongue is as venomous as the Sting of an Adder; for she feldom darts it beyond her Teeth, but she wounds fome Body's Reputation. fuch a Nack of improving every Molehill to a Mountain, that if the catches but a Lover with his Mistress upon his Knee, fhe will be apt to censure, that the Nipple of Affection has been feelingly administer'd to the Lips of Generation, and will industriously infinuate her loose Opinion to the next Confident she meets with. She's as blind as a Beetle to the Perfections of her own Sex; and the most celebrated Beauty, admir'd by nice Judges for her excellent Features, and graceful Deportment, is, in the penetrating Eyes of her more judicious Ladyship, but a meer Slattern in her Drefs, or dowdy in her Countenance: If the be fair, the's painted; if C 3

the be tall, she's a May-pole; if she be lit-tle, she's a Durgin; if plump, she's an Hostes; if lean, a Bag of Carpenters Tools; if airy, she's confident; if grave and referv'd, the still Sow that eats up all the Draught; if gay in Apparel, she's a meer Butter-fly; if soberly dress'd, she's her Beauty's extraordinary, her Breeding answerable, her Temper conformable, and her Apparel agreeable, yet will her invidious Ladyship find more Faults with either her Person, or her Carriage, than a wrangling Diffenter ever did with the Her Eyes are never Church-Liturgy. pleas'd with the Sight of any Body handfomer than herself; therefore all of her Acquaintance, who have that Advantage, may be affur'd the Luftre of their Charms will be spitefully eclipsed by some ill-natur'd Blot, which she will find an Opportunity to foist into their Characters. Nothing is so unwelcome to her Ears, as the Praise of any of her own Sex, which she always conftrues in an ironical Sense, and so, by the Reverse of the Encomium, is immediately furnish'd with a new Satyr. If you commend a Woman for her Vertue, the will tell you the Vices of the Fair are not to be read in their Countenances, but that some of her Sex only pin their Modesty an

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desty to their Stays, as they do their Stomachers; and whenever they lay afide their Whale-bone Security, and put on their Night-Cloaths, they are no more able to withstand an Attack, than a young Bride the vigorous Assaults of her newmarry'd Lover the first Night. She admires no Man, but him that will flatter her Failings, and liften to her Reproaches; and therefore is an excellent Companion for a Lampoon-Poetaster, because she is always prepar'd to furnish his Common Place Book with fresh Scandal. For if a Lady at Court has been catch'd by her Page at the old Trade of Basket-making, or a Lord infusing Quality into his Countess's Chamber-Maid, to be sure she's made acquainted, in a little Time, with the new comical Discovery; for a merry Adventure, or a bawdy Intrigue, must be manag'd with great Privacy within the Bounds of the Court, to escape her Knowledge, because her highest Satisfaction is to daily enquire into the Vices of the Honourable, and the wry Steps of the Godly, fo that the may have it in her Power to upbraid the Noble with their Degeneracy, and the Saints with their Hypocrify, and that she may have the Pleasure of thinking herself as vertuous as the best of 'em. the hears of a Lady, that is subject to the Vapours

Vapours by drinking cold Tea, she presently concludes her to be a Woman of worse Liberty, and affirms, that a drunken Concupiscence keeps no Porter. Whenever she's in Company with both Sexes, she watches their Eyes as narrowly, as an old jealous Husband does the Leers and Glances of a buxom Wife, when a young Libertine is in Company, that she may judge the better how their vicious Appetites stand affected to each other, and censure them accordingly: For if an earnest Look, an amorous Ogle, or a familiar Smile, are but mutually administer'd by any Gentlemen and Lady to each other, she will certainly fuspect, and as readily report, that a Game at my Lady's Hole, in a little Time, will be play'd between them; for that she could see, by their Eyes, they were both ready to lift for Deal the very first Opportunity. She's fo wonderfully qualous, fo intollerably cenforious of her own Sex, that if the fees a Woman of Quality stepping into a Hackney-Coach, without her Footman to attend her, she will presently conjecture, that some brawny Pensioner or other has had the Impudence that Morning to make a Cuckold of a Courtier; nay, if she sees but a pretty Woman turn into a Prelate's Palace, she'll be apt to think the is running in all Hafte to acknowledge it-

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knowledge her Sins to one of the Bishop's Chaplains. She has fuch a strange Conceit of the World's Wickedness, that if she finds a familiar Acquaintance of her own Sex reading the Practice of Piety in her Bed-Chamber, she'll go near to fancy she has a hidden Gallant doing Penance in her Closet; for the thinks Women use Devotion for a Blind to their Vices, as Fanaticks do Religion for a Cloak to their Kna-She imagines Love to have fo universal an Influence, that she takes Cupid's Arcana, or the Business of Intrigue, to be the weightiest Concern that attends human Life; and whenever she sees any Body in Haste, either in Coach, or otherwise, she concludes they are running full Tilt into Fornication, or Adultery. If a Gentleman does but ask her the Age of her Lap-Dog, the immediately inferrs, he is fallen deeply in Love with her; and if he proceeds to give her Hand but an affectionate Squeeze, if Opportunity stands fair, she expects to be ravish'd the next Minute; for the thinks the forbidden Fruit the only tempting Felicity, that invites both Sexes to regard each other, and therefore makes it the Consequence of her uncharitable Notion, that a Man would never compliment a Woman, or a Woman finile upon a Man, but in Hopes to be farther happy at a more favourable Opportunity; and that which confirms her in her loose Opinion, and makes her so censorious, are the Lust and Levity of her own carnal Inclinations: For the without a Husband, she's neither Maid, nor Widow, but an infatiate Fornicatrix, with an unfruitful Womb, who pursues the Pleasure, the she's hides the Shame; therefore verily believes all as wicked as herself, and from her own private Liberties, judges ill of every Body, and speaks well of no Body.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

OF all the jealous Female-Race, No Dame is so censorious As she, who tho' she shuns Disgrace, Deserves to be notorious.

For as she sins without the Shame, And saves her Reputation, She thinks all Women do the same, Tho' free from Defamation.

Meeting with neither Child or Clap, All single Dames and Widows She fancies by some Art escape The same, yet kiss as she does. Tou therefore, who had rather wed, Than live at large, and wander, Ne'er join the Dame in Marriage-Bed, That's given much to Stander.

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For she that's forward to distrust,
On slender Grounds, another,
Has stood Love's penetrating Thrust,
As surely as her Mother.

She that has broke thro Vertue's Laws, And no Delight refuses, Will think all others had, because She muses as she uses.

The Mother ne'er had peep'd at Mouth Of th' Oven for her Daughter, Had not the Baker, in her Youth, That Way of hiding taught her.

Therefore the Fool, that would be curs'd Above his borned Brothers,
Of Plagues I'd have him wed the worst,
The filt that censures others.

### The Cunning Wanton: OR, Intriguing Lady.

CHE's a Female-Politician, fo very ready at Invention, that the can cover with her Tongue the Sins of her Tail, and convey herfelf fo fmoothly out of one Lover's Embraces, into the Arms of another, that if she has twenty Gallants, she will prattle then all into fuch an Opinion of her Constancy, that no one shall find Cause to suspect he has a Rival. When she's going about the worst Deed, she always puts on the best Countenance; and if she lays open her Prayer-Book upon her Dreffing-Table, in the Morning, to be fure fhe is in Hopes that her Legs before Night will be in the fame Condition; and when ever she goes mobb'd to Covent-Garden-Church, it is ten to one but her next Vifit is to some Templer's Chamber: She is never without a new Blind, to a new Adventure. So that every fresh Intrigue her cunning Ladyship is engag'd in, is never without a Mantle of Pretence to hide the Bottom of her Design from the Suspicion

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of her Friends, or the Inspection of her Servants. The Beau she is most familiar with in the Eyes of the World, she always takes Care shall be a Stranger to the Cabinet of her Favours; fo that at Length she draws him into the matrimonial Shackles, or at least upon all Occasions makes him a Voucher of her Vertue. For if one that is fo intimate, will venture his Soul upon her Chastity, who will suspect her to be guilty with another, who, in the View of those about her, she always keeps at a much greater Distance. She is a Lady of that Experience in the Male-Sex, that she is feldom over-reach'd by the Flatteries and fair Promises of an infinuating Tongue because she has Wit enough to know, that the most whining Pretender is always the greatest Hypocrite: Therefore, when ever she furrenders, 'tis to a Plain-Dealer, who has Courage enough to triumph over the Modesty of a Woman, and Honour enough to defend her Reputation, when he has done. But as for those cringing Coxcombs, that flutter about a Woman, like a Moth about a Candle, and pay fo formal an Adoration to a furbulo'd Petticoat, as if it was the facred Covering of a crinigerous Deity; she only entertains such Fops, for the Pleasure of a little Coquetry; makes them only her Pastime, as Punchionello

wello does his Butter-Fly, and feeds fuch Block-heads with no more than the Shadow of her Favours, whilst she willingly fubmits the pleasing Substance to more deferving Admirers. She is an absolute Mistress of all the Subtilties of her Sex, and has fifty Times the Cunning of a Venetian Curtizan, or a Covent-Garden Strumpet, and has as many Changes in her Mein and Countenance, as a Drury-Lane Actress. who can alter her Deportment from the Majesty of a Princess, to the Impudence of a Harlot; or from the Gravity of a Saint to the Gaiety of a Paramour just enter'd into Keeping. She has the Puritan Leer, the Libertine's Ogle, the scornful Frown, the amorous Glance, the awful Look, the Side-Box Squint, the drowfy Eye, the tempting Smile, the lecherous Pout, the moist Lip, the stately Stride, the jutting Step, the bridled Chin, the Tols of the Head, the Cast of the Fan, the familiar Squeeze, the Turn of the Toe. the Belly-Curt'fy, the promising Freedom, and the careless Indifference.

In short, she is a Woman of that wonderful Variety, that whoever knows her thoroughly, is at once acquainted with her whole Sex. She'll so dissemble Modesty, when Occasion requires it, that a Stranger would take her to be as chast as

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Diana, the the next Opportunity, with a Gentleman she likes, she will shew herself as whorish as ever was Venus; and only differs from a common Strumpet, in these Particulars, viz. she has the Experience without the Scandal, the Kisses without the Kicks, the Variety without the Danger, and the Pleafure without the Punishment; for her Purfe, and her Quality defend her from the Fear of Bridewel, or a reforming Constable. The highest Pleafure of her Life, is, in the nice Management of an amorous Intrigue, fo that she may gratify her own Luft, oblige her Lover, and so deceive the World, at the same Time, as not to give the Cenforious the least Occasion to suspect her, but that she may still pass as an undeflower'd Piece of Innocence to her next Admirer. Tho' her Quality is not big enough for the honourable Conversation of a lewd Dutchess, yet fhe loves to follow the worthy Example of the Great, as well in their publick Customs, as their private Vices: So that she commonly moves in the Rear of them to Park, Play-House, and Hummums, Bath, Tunbridge, and New-Market; and whereever she rambles, has the Prudence to take Care to have as good a Love-Handle to hold by, as the best of them; for her Prattle, and her Pleasantry, with a tollerable Stock Stock of Beauty, never fails to recommend her to the Love and Esteem of some Gentleman or other, who is as ready to oblige her, as if the Seat of her Honour had been proudly diftinguish'd, and render'd more charming by the Title of Countels. If the chance to be discover'd, so far as to be suspected in any of her Amours, she will tofs off a jocular Hint with fuch an unintelligible Carelessiness and seeming Indifference, that the Person who intended the Sarcasm should take hold, will be apt to think the Jade is without Gall, because of her not winching; and if she chance to be touch'd in a Lampoon, she has the Impudence to face it with a flat Denial of the Fact, and is ready enough of Wit to turn it off to another; else affirms it misapply'd as to herfelf, by the Malice of a Gentleman, who attempted to debauch her, tho' she scorns to name him, in Respect to his Honour. But she blesses her Stars, tho' his Offers were large, she had Vertue and Wit enough to withstand the Temptation, and shall be careful for the future, however she's decoy'd into such defigning Company. And after a fubtile Justification of her Ladyship's Innocence, tho' every Vein of her Body has felt too oftenthe Titulation of her Guilt, to be fure, the concludes with a fmart Exclamation against

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against the Licentiousness of the Poet, and the Censoriousness of the Age, forgetting that it is high Time, that Hypocrites of Quality, who talk fo much of Honour, yet rob the Courtisans of their Pleasure, and leave them nothing but the Scandal, should be upbraided with their Vices: For Whores, who are too stately for the Lash of a Beadle, are liable to no Correction that may reform their Manners, besides the Scourge of a Poet; and she that, like a brazen Statue, can fubmit to either, without blushing, may be justly deem'd incorrigible. If ever she marries, the will be fure to have the Wit to chuse a Block-head for a Husband; some alchimical Vertuofo, who's always in Search of the Philosopher's Stone; or some Country-bred Esquire, whose Worship values nothing but his Hounds, and his Horses; else some short-sighted Novice, who has but just Wit enough to defend him from the Misfortune of being begg'd for a Fool; one that she can manage with such Female Dexterity, that the fhe is as great an Adulteress as ever was Messilana, she can still contrive Ways to confirm him in a Belief, that she's as vertuous as an Angel; tho', perhaps, when her Beauty is declin'd, and she finds herself slighted by Men of equal Quality, her Lust grows so fordid, that the proftitudes her fading Charms to either his

his Butler, or his Coach-man; and as her Years multiply, becomes fo fcandaloufly wicked, that she has nothing but the Prayers in her Family, her sham fasting twice a Week, the Trustiness of her Chamber-maid, and her own fubtil Management, to support her from falling into publick Infamy: So that marry'd, or unmarry'd, she has so projecting a Head, and fo ungovernable a Tail, that neither will be fatisfy'd without an Intrigue on Foot, that may find fuch Employment for both, as shall be agreeable to their Faculties; fo that she is a perfect Machine, fitted by Art and Nature for all the various Operations of the most intricate Amours, in whose Contrivances may be found all the Workings and Windings of her whole Sex; for she's so compleat a Mistress of the Art of Love, that she can corrupt the Vertuous, bewitch the Wary, blind the Vigilant, cozen a Gallant, outwit a Spy, and cuckold a Husband, as often as she pleases; yet prevail with him to exhibit large Encomiums of her Honesty, in the very Company of those treacherous Friends, who have often, to their Satisfaction, had a Fellowfeeling of his Praise-worthy Lady's most incomparable Vertues. In short, her whole Life is a Labyrinth of Iniquity, under the fubtil Government of a prattling Hypocrite. crite, who, as far as it is possible, covers her Lust with her Tongue, her Intrigues with her Conduct, and protects herself, by her Quality, from the Scandal of her Whoredom.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

I F she that boasts of noble Blood,
Of Vertue, and of Honour,
Will stray in spite of all that's good,
And bring Disgrace upon her:

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If such, who are so nicely bred,
No Patience have to tarry;
But will, like German Eagle, spread
Their Legs before they marry:

Well may young Country Jug and Joan, With Roger take their Freedom, And wanton Damsels, bred in Town, Submit to those that need'em.

If Doll, the Chamber-maid, can find My Lady has her Paces, The Minx will have a longing Mind To yield her own Embraces.

No sooner that the Slattern knows Her Lady takes it freely, But John, the Butler, must be chose To be ber Cockadilly.

(36)

If Quality thus run astray,
Who practise so much kneeling,
And yet as often as they pray,
Make Use of Fellow-Feeling:

Well may those Dames, who never had Such pious Education, Thro want of Sense or Grace, run mad For wicked Copulation.

Therefore, my Friend, if you'd be free From horned Defamation, Take Care as well of Quality, As those of lower Station.

The

# The Countess of Brandipolis: OR, The Toping Lady.

THO' a Native of England, yet her Countenance is French; for she derives her Complexion from Nantz, Bourdeux, or Coniack, and generally in an Evening looks as fresh and as ruddy as a Beef-Stake, or a new-boil'd Lobster. her inordinate Cups, she thrives in Bulk like a Dray-man, and has nothing but her Quality to diffinguish her from an Ho-It would make a Man smile to behold her Figure in a front Box, where her twinkling Eyes, by her Afternoon's Drams of Ratifee and cold Tea, sparkle more than her Pendants; whilft her flushing Face looks as fiery as the Gills of a Turky-Cock in his Pride, just going to Cobble; fo that she appears among the rest of the Ladies like a Blazing-Star, among the dimmer Lights but just visible in the fpangl'd Firmament. In the Intervals of the Acts, she faces the Gentlemen in the Pit with the Confidence of an Orange-Wench, and so inspires their Wits by her glowing glowing Smiles, that their chiefest Diverfion is to descant upon her Countenance. Her Closet is always as well ftor'd with Juleps, Restoratives, and Strong-waters, as an Apothecary's Shop, or a Distiller's Laboratory; and is herfelf so notable a Housewife in the Art of preparing them, that she has a larger Collection of Chymical Receipts, than a Dutch Mountebank; of which she is so very careful, that she never fuffers them to travel any farther, than from her own Hand, to her Housekeeper. The Scent of her Breath changes as often in a Day, as the Variety of her Cordials can well admit of: One Hour the favory Air that is pump'd up by her Ladyship's Lungs, shall smell as strong of Cinamon-water, as the Breath of an old Fish-woman in a Frosty-morning. she overcomes in a very little Time by a Dram of French Devil's Pifs, and a Pipe of Spanish Tobacco, which are foon succeeded by a plentiful Glass of Simple Waters, or perhaps a Mouthful of Perfum'd Comfits, to disguise the sottish Remains of her contemplative Whiffs, or the scandalous Flavour of her intemperate Drams, tho' but to little Purpose: For whoever has the Honour to falute her Lips, or to come near enough to have the Happiness of her Ladyship's Whispers, may at any Time difh

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cover, by the odoriferous Breezes that come out of her Spiracle, what her Honour delights in; for her Mouth is always tainted like a foul Pipe, or a Brandy-bot-As foon as the rifes, the must have a falutary Dram to keep her Stomach from the Cholick; a Whet before she eats, to procure Appetite; after eating, a plentiful Dose for Concoction; and to be fure a Bottle of Brandy under her Bed-side, for fear of fainting in the Night. She is a generous Lady to her Servants, especially to her Waiting-woman; for when the Vapours are predominant, the's fo very apt to run over at the Bung-hole, that she spoils more Apparel, by spewing upon 'em, in six Months, than she could wear out in seven Years: So that when ever fuch a Mifchance happens, to be fure the defil'd Garment goes no more into the Wardrobe, because it stinks of Brandy, and is therefore given to her Confident; for it's a Dishonour to her Quality, to fend any Thing to the Scowerers. She has her Weekly Bacchanals, as well as her private Retirements into her own Closet, where a female Society of the same Kidney and Degree, under the Notion of Card-playing, hold their inebrious Revels: Upon which Nights, the Servants are fo dispos'd of against her Ladyship's Return, by the Discretion cretion of her Waiting-woman, that when the comes Home in a Chair, the may totter up Stairs unseen by any but her Confidents, who are the officious Pimps that cloak the Vices, and preserve the Honour of their Keeper. Nor is she content alone to exercise her inebrious Freedoms with her own Sex, where her highest Satisfa-Aion is to talk Bawdy, because she cannot act it; but my Lady must have a He-Cousin, whose masculine Stature confirms him to be a Man of most singular Performance, to pay his Visits upon such certain Days; at which Times, every Thing is put in order for his kind Reception, and my Lady not well enough to give Admittance to other Visiters, that should any ways interrupt her in the Felicity she proposes: And if she be not handsom enough to decoy fome Gentleman to be a Drudge to her Cavity, when the Spirits that she pours into her Head begin to operate in her Tail, rather than her amorous Appetite should be unhappily disappointed, she will proftitute her Honour to her own Butler or Coach-man. For I think it may be taken as an undeniable Maxim, viz. That a Woman who loves drinking of strong Liquors, never fuffers her Vices to terminate in the Bottle. Besides, she that has not Command enough of her Appetites, when t

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when the is fober, to forbear a Vice that is fuch a Dishonour to her Quality, can never have Prudence enough in her Cups, to preserve her Modesty, or secure her Reputation against farther Scandal. For, as the Love of Vertue, and the Fear of Shame, are commonly the Safeguards of a Woman's Chastity; so whenever she is fo rash as to knock down one with the Bottle, it is ten to one but the Defire of Pleasure overcomes the other, and leaves her expos'd to all the indecent Liberties, that the Corruptions of Nature, when Reafon is abandon'd, can possibly lead her in-For it may pass for a Proverb, not illgrounded, viz. That drunken Effeminacy at the Gate of Bliss, keeps no Porter. Every Woman that loves Wine fo well, as to celebrate a Bacchanal to a Pitch of Intemperance, will always find Priapus at the Bottom of the Amphora; for Drunkenness and Lust, like Impudence and Ignorance, are inseparable Companions. Therefore, the tipling Lady, who, by the Power of Brandy, shines as gloriously in her Coach, as the Sun in his Chariot. Tho' she may boast her Quality, instead of her Modesty, yet she is no more in Reality, than a licentious Wanton, who having those two Advantages of Honour and Estate, is enabl'd thereby to cover her Vices with a richer Mantle, and is only look'd upon by the Wise and Vertuous, as a renown'd Libertine, who is a Scandal to a Court, instead of an Ornament; whose boasted Honour is only supported by her Coach and Attendance, but has no Root in her Principles.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Since scornful Dames, of high Renown, Who ride in gilded Coaches, Become the Jests of Court and Town, For their obscene Debauches:

Well may Dame Thumbleton excuse The Love she'as for the Pitcher; And needy Whores bred up in Stews, Take Pattern by the Richer.

If swelling Honour cannot bind My Ladies, who are Courtiers, From Stygian Drams, at first design d For Carmen, and for Porters:

But Noble Blood must rob the Rogues
Of their infernal Liquor,
And lofty Ladies have their Cogues
To make their Wits the quicker:

Who then can blame the Market-Dames,
That join their Pence together,
And by internal Brandy-Flames,
Keep out the frosty Weather?

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But female Quality, of late, To mend their tallow Faces, Such who of Birth and Vertue prate, Will tope off brimming Glasses.

So well the fiery Juice agrees
With Woman's colder Nature;
'Twill make the rev'rend Lady kifs
As warmly as her Daughter.

But if her Honour knows not how
To use it as she should do,
'Twill make her drunk as common Sow,
And every fot as lewd too.

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# The Dissatusfy'd Wife: OR, The Jealous Lady.

HE's fuch an unaccountable bufy Body, that she is always in Search of what she hopes never to find; and thro' Fear of her Husband's not loving her enough, is perpetually provoking him to love her but little: For the Snake of Jealoufy, that she warms in her Bosom, so disquiets her Mind, that as the Worm bites her, she plagues her Spouse, and is as foolishly seduc'd by her Jealousy to rob her Husband of his Happiness, as the first Woman was by the Serpent, to cozen her Adam of his Paradife. She is always stinging herself with her whimfical Conceits, when her Bed-fellow's Abroad; and when he returns Home, has no Way to ease herself of her own Torments, but by whipping him foundly with the same Nettles: For whatever her restless Jealousy infinuates into her credulous Breaft, must be lowdly communicated to her unhappy Partener, who must be forc'd at Night to give an exact Journal of the Day's Transactions, or else no Peace in Ifrael, no Smiles at Supper, nor a Bit of Enjoyment within the nuptial Curtains; but the House until'd, the Doors unhing'd, the Family put into Confusion, and nothing but Buttock and Pout turn'd upon the poor Gentleman; 'till by his Vows and Protestations, he has remov'd her Jealoufy a little for the present; and by an humble Submission in all that she requires, has, with much Difficulty, purchas'd a Reconciliation, perhaps, for one Day: Or should he not Humour her in those frenzical Fits, he must at least be at the Charge of a Confult of Physicians, to recover his dying Plague out of her dumpish Mood, into a Humour of Scolding, and have her Bodkin and Sciffars laid carefully out of the Way, for fear she should rife in the Night, and do herfelf that Mifchief, which it's Pity she should be hinder'd from. It is not so much her extraordinary Love, as her exorbitant Luft, that is the chief Occasion of her troublesome Distemper, or that possesses her Breast with this same Devil in an Uproar, who is fo bitter an Enemy to the Comforts of Matrimony: for either the Want of Children fo fast as she desires them, or having heard among her own Sex of the generous Performance of some other Ladies Hufband, in fuch numerous Repetitions, which her

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her own has fallen short off, makes her apt to imagine, that she has only the Overplus of his amorous Indearments; and that he constantly referves his more vigorous Abilities, to oblige fome hidden Mistress, more beautiful than herself: And these are the lascivious Contemplations which generally nourish that implacable Jealousy, which is oftner the Offspring of a Fura Matricis, than a fond Affection. Besides, the melancholy Considerations of fome Women being handsomer than herfelf, and her Hufband a much prettier Gentleman, than the rest of her female Neighbours have the Fortune to be bless'd with, the natural Propensity that all Men have to oblige the Beautiful, and the flender Opinion she has of the fair Sex, from her own Infirmities, make her apt to think, that neither her own Charms, or her Hufband's Fidelity, are fufficient to chain him to the matrimonial Oar; at which she wants him to be always tugging like a Slave in a Gally. She is so restless a Whether-d'ye-go? that she spends most of her Pin-Money in bribing her Spies to watch the Motions of her Husband; which she daily takes Care to have perform'd fo effedually, that he cannot in a Tavern pay a civil Compliment to the Vintner's Wife, or a handsome Bar-keeper, or step out of his

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his Coach at the New-Exchange, to prattle away a Quarter of an Hour among Chaucer's Semptresses, Who keep Shops for Countenance, and S-for Maintenance; but my Lady has certainly a speedy Account of what ever pass'd; and then a Week's Indisposition is to be sure the Consequence; and the Family-Physician must pay his daily Visits, tho' to little Purpose. For he that can cure a Woman of her crossgrain'd Humours, must be something more than an Asculapius; and so young and vigorous, as to floutly administer that natural Balsom, which she chiefly pines after. For an Injectio Seminis, is the only Restorative for a Lady that languishes under this amorous Diftemper, which at last she ventures to throughy experience, when she likes her Physician; who, you must not imagine to be one of the College, but a private Practitioner, that carries his Physick in his Back, his Vehicle in his Breeches, and delights, as well as my Lady, in much Chamber-Practice; by which Means, in a little Time, the finds fuch a wonderful Benefit, that her Husband receives the Infection, and herfelf in a great Measure gets eas'd of her Distemper. For as she fancies he runs one Way, she'll be fure to run another; and as her Lust is satisfy'd, so her Jealoufy decreases. Nor has she the Conscience ence to think, that she does her Husband Injustice in the Alienation of her Favours, because she will still believe he was the first Aggressor, and will take that not only as a Provocation, but an Excuse sufficient for her own Lust, to use the same Liberty. Thus whoever finds he has a jealous Wife, has no small Reason to turn the Tables upon her Ladyship: Let him consider what it's for that she afflicts her Mind, disturbs her Rest, fills her fancyful Brains full of groundless Whimsies, fighs, cries, and wrangles, frowns, pouts, and grumbles; 'tis for more of that of which she thinks she has too little; so that if her Husband can give her more, and will not, or would give her more, and cannot; let the Case be as it will, if she once proves diffatisfy'd with what himself shall think enough for a Wife's Portion, in all Probability in a little Time she will find out a Way to help herfelf; for the Wife who is craving of larger Supplies, than confift with the Husband's Ability, or his Will to grant, what she can't have at Home, she will seek Abroad, and so good Morrow to you, Mr. Alderman: For Female Jealousy is seldom the Effect of honourable Love, but of craving Lust, too unruly to be bridled by Woman's Discretion, and too fiery to be quench'd by cince

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by the dilatory Emissions of one single Engine.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Gharacter.

W Hen the brisk Help-Mate does begin
To think her Husband slighting,
And doubts he plays at in and in
With Ladies more inviting:

Tis Time be either mends his Pace, To prove she is not cheated; Or that he padlocks up the Place, Where Female Honour's seated.

Or else, to ease her longing Mind, She'll kiss behind the Curtain; And tho' she seems more fondly kind, Will born him of a certain.

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For when young Madam jealous proves, Her Husband may be sure on't, She only hints what 'tis she loves, And that she wou'd have more on't:

In Wives, it is a modest Way
Of shewing what is wanted,
And begging that our Favours may
More lib rally be granted.

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I'm jealous Husband. Prithee why?

Because I'm so neglected.

That is, you don't repeat the Joy

So often as expected.

Not but, perhaps, the Gypsy thinks, That you're a Man full able; But that you kiss some wanton Minx, And misapply your Bauble.

No Matter whether false or true, Or brisk as other Fellows, Your Wife believes sh'as not her Due, Or else she'd ne'er be jealous.

For Jealousy's the Scum of Lust, That boils above Discretion; And if one won't, another must Appease the frothy Passion.

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#### Bad Luck to him that has her.

OR,

The Gaming Lady.

CHE's a profuse Lady, tho' of a miser-J ly Temper, whose covetous Disposition, is the very Cause of her Extravagancy; for the Defire of Success, wheedles her Ladyship to play, and the incident. Charges and Disappointments that attend it, make her as expensive to her Husband, as his Coach and fix Horses. When an unfortunate Night has happen'd to empty her Cabinet, the has as many Shifts to replenish her Pockets, as a Town-Punk after the has been stripp'd by a reforming Con-Her Jewels are carry'd privately stable. into Lumbard-Street, and Fortune is to be tempted the next Night with another Sum borrow'd of my Lady's Goldsmith at the Extortion of a Pawn-Broker; and if that fails, then she fells off her Wardrobe, to the great Grief of her Maids; stretches her Credit amongst those she deals with, pawns her Honour to her Intimates, or makes her Waiting-Woman dive into the Bottom of her Trunk, and lug out her green Net-Purfe,

Purse, full of old Facobus's, which she has got in her Time by her Servitude, and her Pimping, in Hopes to recover her Loffes by a Turn of Fortune, that she may conceal her bad Luck from the Knowledge of her Husband: But she is generally such a Bubble to some Smock-fac'd Gamester, who can win her Money first, carry off the Lofer in a Hackney-Coach, and kiss her into a good Humour, before he parts with her, that she is generally driven to the last Extremity, and then forc'd to confess all to her forgiving Spouse, who either thro' his fond Affection, natural Generofity, Danger of Scandal, or Fear of Cuckoldom, supplies her with Money to redeem her Movables, buy her new Apparel, and to pay her Debts upon Honour, that her Ladyship may be in Statu quo; in which Condition the never long continues, but repeats the same Game over and over, to the End of the Chapter: For she is so strangely infatuated with the Itch of Cardplaying, that she makes the Devil's Books her very Practice of Piety; and were she at her Parish-Church, in the Height of her Devotion, should any Body, in the Interim but stand at the Church-Door, and hold up the Knave of Chubs, she would take it to be a Challenge at Lanetre Loo; and flarting from her Prayers, would follow

low her belov'd Pam, as a deluded Traveller does an Ignis fatuus. Whenever she happens to have a lucky Night, her Servants are all delighted with the Gaiety of her Humour; and Mrs. Pimp-well, her Waiting-Woman, perhaps for pleasing her Ladyship with a bawdy Jest, comes in for half a Guinea to buy her a new Top-knot, But if ill Luck happens to empty her Pockets, and the returns Home early for want of Money, her Supper is not well dress'd, her Servants are negligent, her Bed made uneafy, and her Chamber-Pot fet with the Handle the wrong Way. In short, nothing can please her, but a sleepy Forgetfulness of her last ill Fortune, and the waking Hopes of retrieving her Losses the next Opportunity. She is so bewitch'd to Gaming, that she loves a Pack of Cards much better than her Children; for she will quit the Satisfaction of toying with the one, for the avaritious Pleasure of playing with the other; and thinks every Knave in the Pack, a better Companion, than her Husband. The Diamonds in her Ears, the would hazard upon those on the Cards; and the only Reason that she refpects her Chaplain, is, that half the Pack are of the fame Colour with his Cloth, Tho' she was bred a Protestant, she has a mighty Veneration for the Romish Religion, because

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because they allow Gaming on Sundays, to be an innocent Diversion. The Deity she oftenest prays to, is, the Goddess Fortune; and the Books she opens upon that Occasion, the Puritans affirm to be of the Devil's contriving; yet she is so wedded to those spotted Evils, that she depends more upon their uncertain Kindness, than she

does upon Providence.

Besides, the Cards to her Ladyship are almost as good as a Jest-Book; for they furnish her in her Play with so many pretty Conceits, that she often makes them very merry Similitudes, and entertains herfelf pleafantly with her own Imaginations. When she claps the King upon the Queen, the cries, My Ladies, there's a Wedding; and from thence delights herfelf with the merry Thoughts of the Business done upon the Nuptial-Night; and if Clubs are Trump, she laughs heartily, to think what knocking Doings there will be before the Game's ended. When Pam wins the King, the Reflects upon the Favour that Knaves have at Court; and when Spades are led about, she smilingly recollects how she was dug out of the Parsley-Bed. When Hearts Love; and if Diamonds are Trumps at the fame Time, she very prettily observes, how the greatest Hearts, especially Female,

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are captivated by Jewels, and overcome by Riches. Thus, by a Hieroglyphical and Symbolical Use of Fortune's Baubles, she exercifes her Fancy, and gives at once a Recreation both to her Faculties, and her Senses. Her Passions are always working in her Breaft, like fo many Gaugers in the Excise-Office, one turning another out of its Place fo fast, that none are long exercis'd, or long idle, except that of Hope, and that, like Quick-Silver in a Weather-Glass, is always rising or falling. Thus is her Ladyship wreck'd between Abundance of Contrarieties, and her Life made as uncertain as the Wheel of Fortune; yet she cannot stop herself in the hazardous Pursuit of this ridiculous Vice, 'till she has run her Husband into Debt, and impair'd his Estate beyond his Honour's Patience; and then she is carry'd down to some Country-House at a remote Distance from the Town, where she is forc'd to spend the Remainder of her Days under the Frowns of her Husband, the ill Words of his Servants, and the Curfes of his Tradefmen, 'till a melancholly Life makes her mopish as an old Cat, and her Money-less Restraint, as ill condition'd as the Devil.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Whate'er the Devil ails her,
The evil Habit ne'er can lose,
'Till Purse or Beauty fails her.

If anirous Sporting be her Game, But trust her o'er the Gruncel, And 'till she's old she'll bunt the same, In Spite of all good Counsel.

If Drinking be her chosen Vice,
Ev'n Age will not reform her;
But still she'll drink whilst she can piss,
To keep her Clay the warmer.

If Gaming be your Wife's Delight, She'll grow but worse upon ye, And still play on, until her Sight Does fail her, or her Money.

Therefore e'en let her chafe and scold,
But keep her from your Britches;
Or else she'll game away your Gold,
And soon exhaust your Riches.

(57)

Nor should you fear to be undone
By what she loses barely;
For Women have more Games then one,
Who love the Cards so dearly.

If Fortune, in a moody Vein,
Should chance to hardly use her,
The Winner, if a handsom Man,
Must always kiss the Loser.

Thus Gaming very oft does prove A Bawd to that which worse is, And causes base adult rous Love, As well as empty Purses.

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# Female Secrefy: OR, The Prying Lady.

CHE's fuch a Lover of News, that her Tather begot her with a Gazette in his Head, and has fuch a natural Propenfity to the Knowledge of State-Secrets, that if her Husband happens to be a Privy Counfellor, he is more plagu'd with her inquifitive Impertinence, than a City-Lord with the grave Admonitions of his wifer Lady-Mayoress. She has fo great an Opinion of her own Conduct, that the fancies herfelf as cunning as a Madam Maintenon; and thinks it an infufferable Piece of Tyranny, that Women should be excluded from the Mysteries of State, since we have always thriven fo notably under the Government of the Petticoat. She has fuch high Conceits of her-own Sex, that she is apt to think it a Mistake in Moses to appoint Man the Sovereignty in his Hiftory of the Creation, and that it proceeded only from the grand Impartiality the Prophet had to his own Masculine Gender; urging, that as Heaven advanc'd in that wonderful wonderful Work, every Thing that God made, was still more excellent; and therefore Woman being last created, must be the most perfect Creature, and consequently have the best Right to Superiority. If you talk of your Alexander, or your Hannibal, for Generals, she has her Semiramis, and her Harpalice: If you talk of your Solomon, or your Ferdinand, for Wisdom, she has her Saba, and Elizabeth: If you talk of Ovid, or your Dryden, for Poets, she has her Sapho, and her Philips. So, speak as you please, of your Kings, and your Hero's, the can readily, out of her own Sex, give you a Rowland for your Oliver. When his Honour returns Home to his Female-Politician, What News, my Lord, have you brought me from Court? is my Lady's leading Question; and if he does not amuse her with some strange Intelligence from behind the Curtain, but answers her, as a wife Man should do, with some trifling Evasion, her Ladyship presently falls into fuch a Fit of the Vapours, that hurries the Servants, spoils Supper, and puts the whole Family into a terrible Confusion. But if his Post be so great, as to be trusted with a Secret that relates to Government, and his Difcretion fo little, as to make my Lady acquainted with it, 'tis ten to one, but it will be fo earnestly whifper'd

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per'd from Lady to Lady, from them to their Maids, and by their Chamber-Slatterns, in a kiffing Humour, down to the Coach-men and Foot-men, 'till, at last, every Stable-Groom is fo well acquainted with the Arcana, that they even talk it to their Horses. Therefore no Wonder, that a good Defign should be circumvented by an Enemy, if fuch a Courtier be made a Confident, who will be kiss'd out of a Secret, and facifice his Country's Welfare to the Embraces of a Dalilab. Woman betray'd Man in the Beginning: That fingle Instance ought to be a Caution sufficient how we trust either our Wives, or our Mistresses, with Matters of Privacy, that do not belong to them; for the one is in a Station too honourable to be rank'd with the other, yet they are both Women, leaky Vessels, not capable of Retention, because they are open at both Ends. my Lady finds, that his Honour, upon a Jubilee-Day, has drank the King's Health plentifully, the never fails to make a good Use of fuch a lucky Opportunity: Then if his Majesty has had a new Intrigue, and gratify'd Royal Concupifcence with fome fresh celebrated Beauty, to be sure my Lady must be pleasur'd with the lushious Particulars of who, how, where, and when, 'till the Liveliness of the Story has 0

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fo reviv'd her Appetite, that she heartily wishes she had the Honour to be strok'd with the fame Scepter. So merry a Tale as this, is fo naturally adapted to the Eloquence of a Woman, that, to be fure, the next Visit her Ladyship makes to Madam Cunicula, or the Countess of Bumfeagle, the whole Jest must be whisper'd behind the Fan; and the poor obliging Lady's Reputation, who, out of Duty and Loyalty to her Sovereign's Commands, was willing to become a Mother to fome illegitimate Duke, be bandy'd about the Table, at Omber or Baffet, 'till at last her kind Adventure is become as common a Talk, as if the had been kifs'd in a Market-Place. By fuch Sort of Means as thefe, the little Miscarriages of our Princes become the fawcy Ridicule of every ill-bred Scoundrel, and the diverting Table-Talk of every drunken Society, 'till, by Persons disaffected, every Mole-hill of a Failing is improv'd into a Mountain, and a generous and merciful King often made the Contempt of his Subjects. By repeated Calumnies, in the same Manner, was our amorous Sovereign, the Second of his Name, expos'd to the Publick in all his private Enjoyments. Those who were the greatest Pimps to his Pleasure, us'd to make the little masculine Oversights of their Royal

Royal Master, the familiar Entertainments of their Wives and Mistresses, who, afterwards would industriously report the same with some additional Advantages, and oftentimes plead the Royal Example, in Bar of the Reproach due to their own worse Levity, and more inexcusable Incontinence. as he had the great Misfortune to have a barren Princess unhappily impos'd upon his Royal Bed, in a great Measure it extenuated his Fault; and tho' it could not justify the Vice, yet it made the best of Men connive at the Infirmity, and afcribe it to a generous Propensity in his Royal Nature, to bless the World with a Race of gallant Princes, in whom that Mercy. Wisdom, and Magnanimity might for ever shine, which were in himself so admira-Therefore, fince the Secrets of Princes, that respect either their Politicks or Vices, can never be discover'd to the Publick, without Injury to their Persons, Dishonour to their Royalty, or Danger to their Government, I think he that is intrusted. and discovers them to a Woman, whether Wife or Mistress, ought to be shewn thro' a Kingdom in a Bajazet's Cage, and hooted at for an Owl, 'till he dies with Contempt, or beats out his little Brains against the Sides of his Prison.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

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SHE that unlocks her Husband's Breast,
By fondling and indulging,
Dives only that her Tongue may taste
The Pleasure of divulging.

For what her Kisses gain o'er Night, Next Day she must discover, And, with a cautious Hint, recite The pleasing Secret over.

If bawdy, then her neighb'ring Dame Receives the Jest with Laughter, And wonders how my Lady came Thus privy to the Matter.

If weighty, then amaz'd she stands, Tho with the News delighted; And lifting up her Eyes and Hands, Cries, Madam, I am frighted.

Thus'tis from one to one reveal'd,

Tho' 'twas to go no further;

'Till what each vow'd should be conceal'd,

Be publish'd, the' it's Murder.

Fine Ladies, well as tatling Drabs,
Conform to Female Custom;
For Heav'n has made all Women Blabs,
To warn us how we trust'em.

The

The Widow's Lawyer, in his Wine, As he a Bond was making, With Know one Woman, did begin, The common Form mistaking.

Says she, O! sie, your Bond is lame, It should have been All Men, Sir. With that he looks upon the Dame, And makes this witty Answer.

Says be, I've made it right and Just;
For if one Woman knows it,
Tis very plain, that all Men must,
For she will soon disclose it.

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From the Spinning-Wheel, to the Coach:
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Golden Joan made his Worship's Lady.

CHE's the Daughter of a rich Grafier. who, by feeding Oxen, and fatting Hogs for the Queen's Slaughter-House, has been able to match her to a Country-Justice, or the Sheriff of the County. She's a finister Lady, that leans a little to the left, by stooping in her Minority to the Huswifry of the Spinning-Wheel; and waddles, like a Duck, with her Toes inwards, in due Observance of her Mother's good Counfel, who bid her always be careful, before she was marry'd, to keep her great Toes together, left fome Clown or other should tumble in between them, and spoil the pretty Bauble-Trough, that was defign'd for a Gentleman; but now being fnatch'd from all those Dangers, and, for the Sake of her Money, made his Worship's Lady, we must describe her as such in the very Zenith of her Glory. To improve her Carriage, and reform her hoydening Deportment from the rural Straddle, she is now taught to flubber over a primitive Courant,

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Courant, by her Husband's old Barber. who playing upon the Bag-Pipes, and a little upon the Cittern, undertakes to be a Refiner of course Breeding; and not only to teach the Country-Jugs to drop an alamode Curt'fy, but to instruct them in Dancing, having learn'd the Art by feeing the Fairy-Queen, and her diminutive Subjects, make their Honours to the Stars, and shake their Arfes in the Moon-shine. When she has been painfully taught to hop and hobble, like a Clock-work Figure in a Raree-Show, to the Delight of her Spouse, and the Satisfaction of her Master, she then begins to think herfelf as accomplish'd a Lady, as any within the Limits of her Husband's Jurisdiction. Thus qualify'd, in a Term or two's Time, she prevails with her Beloved to bring her up to London, that she may see the Lyons in the Tower, the Tombs in the Abbey, St. Paul's Church, and, at last, the Play-House; where she fits perking in the Pit, nodding wrong Time to the Musick, and gazing about her as wildly as a Hare new started, 'till she is as much star'd at for her awkward Deportment, as if the was some foreign Embaffadress from the Empress of Noddy-Land, where the Women ride a Hunting, whilst the Men skim the Porridge-Pot. When the Audience are attentive, she'll be pointing at some of the Actors, and asking her Doodle Questions; and when the rest hiss, she'll laugh as loudly, as a Bumkin at a Mountebank; and when they clap, she'll be ready to hallow, tho' she knows no more at what, than the unborn 'Squire that is within her. If it chance to be a Tragedy, and a Ghost happens to be usher'd in with Thunder and Lightening, she's as much frighted, as a Squirrel at the Noise of a Drum, or a Jack-Daw at the Report of a Fowling-Piece, and clinging close to her Husband, or any Body else that is next to her, for Fear of the Goblin; wishing every Minute, that the Parson of the Parish may be sent for, to lay the evil Spirit. At the Hero's Catastrophe, she has much ado to forbear shrieking; and thinks it abundance of Pity, that so handsom a Gentleman should be us'd fo barbarously. When the Play is ended, she is glad 'tis over, believing the Stage to be as cruel a Place, as a Butcher's Slaughter-House; and hanging upon the Arm of her honest Bedfellow, asks him as many filly Questions, relating to those strange Things she had been a Spectator of, as would have tir'd a Moorfields Conjurer, who had been us'd his whole Life-Time to the Prattle and Impertinence of Fools, and old Women. If the riggles her brawny Bum

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Bum thro' the City on Foot, she makes herfelf, and her Coridon, fo very ridiculous, by peeping into the Shops, and staring up at the Signs, that the Apprentices are ready to think, that they were bred, from their Cradles, in the dark Dungeon, where Doctor B-ges's Farthing-Candle was fo great a Wonder, and that they were just launch'd into the wide World by Day-Light, that they might behold, with Amazement, the brighter Glories of the If the be coach'd thro' the Town, her Head will be always out of the Coach-Door, staring at one Novelty, or another, that those who are with her, are forc'd to put her in Mind, or else she would forget to pull it in again. If her Spouse carries her to a Toy-Shop, she comes loaded out, like Ferry Blackacre in the Plain-Dealer; and the China Ware-House, or a Picture-Shop, are fuch inviting Places, that she cannot return from either, 'till she has broke her Cockadilly of all his ready Money, be he never so well furnish'd. If to present his Tib with a new Gown and Petticoat, he carries her to a Mercer's, the is so wonderfully taken with the Gentility and Complaifance of the smock-fac'd Apprentices, that her Husband has much ado to get her out of the Shop again; and is, at last, forc'd to alarm her with two or three

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three jealous Humphs, before he can awake her out of her amorous Dream, and perswade her to step back, with her newbought Finery, into the old Chariot. she happens to have the Honour to see her Majesty at Dinner, she stares her as full in the Face, as if she was her Equal, remembring the old Proverb, viz. that a Cat may look upon a King; and is for peeping, as near as she can, to see whether the Queen be made of Flesh and Blood, or that the is fome heavenly Object of a more divine Nature; and when she has thoroughly convinc'd herfelf she is no more than a Woman, she retires back with Abundance of Satisfaction, and thinks she has discover'd a mighty Secret, because she had heard at her Husband's Table, that Kings and Queens were God Almighty's Vicegerents, from whence the inferr'd, they must be some Angelical Off-spring begot above, and dropp'd out of a Cloud, in full Stature, to the Government of their King-Thus his rural Worship dandles about his Hoyden, from Place to Place, 'till he has shewn her the Town, and then leaves her in the City to the Protection of fome She-Relation, whilst himself rambles daily to take a chirruping Bottle among his drunken Acquaintance; which defir'd Opportunity the cunningly improves with

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fome finikin Shop-keeper, that fhe may be fensible of the Difference between a Country Churl, and a spruce Londoner, who, after having feveral Times repeated the sweet Experiment, to her Heart's Content, is dragg'd down again into the Country, by a Couple of Plow-Horses, where the licks her Lips, like Solomon's Harlot, as if the had done no Harm; chucks her Cuckold under the Chin, and takes her Turn at the Pudding-Bowl; but never forgets the pretty Trick that she learn'd at London, 'till she has furnish'd the Family with fuch a mottled Breed, that are obscurely related, by their Fathers Sides, to half the Gentlemen in the County.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

THE 'Squire that leads a rural Life Among his Hounds and Horses, And takes a Country Joan to Wife, To join their wealthy Purses;

Had best be careful how be brings
Her rosy Cheeks to London,
Lest, by fine Men, and pretty Things,
The giddy Fool be undone.

For Madam will the Spark admire, Whose Gallantry's exceeding, And quit her surly Country'Squire, For Beau of nicer Breeding.

He's wife, that thinks his Wife is true
To Vertue, and to Honour;
But he's the wifer of the two,
That keeps an Eye upon her.

Convenient Time, and proper Place, With him that knows to flatter, In Spite of Modesty and Grace, Will cause her Chaps to water.

For holy Wedlock's but a Kind Of lawful Obligation, That is not strong enough to bind A Woman's Inclination.

When lovely Objects do appear, Their fickle Hearts will wander; And as Temptation draws more near, Forget the Vows they're under.

Therefore, since Wives, altho' debarr'd By Wedlock, yet will do it; Let's be our selves their Vertue's Guard, But never let'em know it.

## High Birth, but no Fortune: OR, The Depending Lady.

CHE's a Kind of a Camelion of Quality, whose Honour is fed by the Air, and herself supported by the Charity of her Relations. She's the worthless Twig of some wither'd Branch of an ancient Family, who inherits nothing of her Ancestors, but their Pride and Vanity. She's a conceited Madam Nice, who values herfelf highly upon her noble Blood, tho, we may fee by her Looks, it is not half fo wholesome, as that which is stuff'd into a cleanly Hog's Pudding. She's a Lady of great Gentility, but no Fortune; of wonderful Breeding, but no Senfe; and of extravagant Prodigality, without Bottom. Her Beauty she thinks admirable, because of her Youth; her Conversation honourable, for her liberal Education; and her Presence venerable, for the Antiquity of her Family. She's a living Library of obsolete Heraldry, and can derive, without Book, her own Genealogy, down from William the Conqueror; amongst

mongst whose lousy Rapparees, perhaps, the Father of her Tribe came over a Foot-Soldier. If the Countess of Lumberland, that keeps her, talks of marrying her to a Citizen, she presently crys foh at the nafly Mechannick, and will rather fubmit to hand her Ladyship the Chamber-pot, and pin up her Gown to Eternity, than dishonour her Family fo far, as to adulterate her Quality with fuch course Mold. No truly; fhe thinks it less Scandal to carry a Snapfack after a Gentleman-Soldier, than to fhew her Face in a Shop with a crop-ear'd Fellow, that had ferv'd feven Years Apprenticeship. If any Body offers to court her, the first Questions she asks him, are, Pray, Sir, what's your Coat of Arms ? Where lies your Estate? What great Family are you a-kin to? And then she proceeds to entertain him with her own Pedigree. But as foon as he takes the Freedom to enquire into Madam's Fortune, she flirts out of the Room with abundance of Contempt, fpits up her Venom as foon as out of his Sight, and complains to my Lady Coufin, what an unmannerly Bumkin she had got for an Admirer; as if a Woman of her Family, who (bless'd be her Stars) had Youth enough of her Side, as well as some Beauty to recommend her, was not a fit Match for a Country-Looby of five hundred a Year, without a Fortune, marry come up! If all Women were of her Mind, fuch a Blockhead as he should be glad to skip at a Chamber-maid. If my Lady's Chaplain should have the Confidence to pay the early Fruits of his Maiden Affections to her, in Hopes to oblige the Family to bestow the better Living upon him, and to provide for him the fooner, she changes her familiar Smiles into a haughty Look, and very gravely tells him, the would advise him to have Patience 'till he comes to be a Bishop, and if she chances to live fingle fo long, perhaps, then she may talk with him: Yet, was she to be judg'd by any but her own partial Opinion, notwithstanding her Ambition, which vainly hopes for a Coach and fix, the whole Catalogue of her Perfections, confidering her White-Chaptel Portion, would scarce deserve a Match with her Cousin Countess's Butler. 'Tis true, she can fing a French Song, and dance a Minuet, about as well as the Wife of a Spittle-fields Weaver, make Hartf-horn Gellies; and perhaps, has learn'd of the Housekeeper to ftew Marmolet, and diftil Plaguewater: But as for her Inspection into culinary Arts, or the Female-Policy, that is necessary for the Government of a Family, she is as much a Stranger to such neceffary

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ceffary Qualifications, as she is to Humility, good Nature, and her own Infirmities. Or was she to wear no Smocks, but whose Seams were to be wrought by her own lilly-white Fingers, when the difrob'd at Night, the must follow the Cumberland Fashion, and tumble into Bed as naked as our Grand-mother Eve without her Fig-Leaves; for she hates the Thoughts of being her own Semptress, because the Levity of her Sex has made the Trade fo scandalous; but she is so quick-sighted an Artist at Basset, Omber, and Pickquet, that my Lady's Daughters, and the young Chaplain, are scarce able to keep a Penny of Money from her; tho' the latter often loses his Money, in Hopes to gain the Woman; and indeed were he to have her without a fat Benefice, it is ten to one, but instead of blessing his Stars, he would be bound to curse his Fortune; tho' it is a great Advantage to a young Divine, that he chuses a Partner in the Flesh, out of a Great Family; for, by that Means, he is generally entitl'd to the best Preferments that lie within their Presentation; that makes my Lady's Woman often fare fo well, who fo little deserves it. She is fo great a Plague to her Cousin Countess's Foot-men, in fending 'em of Errands to her Taylor, Shoe-maker, and Head-dreffer, that that they curse her worse than they do the Steward, when he takes Poundage out of their Wages; yet they are forc'd to submit, as if her own Lackeys, left fhe should whisper something in my Lady's Ear, that may turn 'em out of their Places: For she's a Spy upon the Family, which makes her lov'd by the Countels, The Waitingbut hated by the Servants. woman looks upon her with as evil an Eye, as the Heir of a Family does upon an old Spunger, who has the Ear of his Father; and indeed not without Reason, for she often anticipates the wither'd Sycophant of a good Gown and Petticoat, which the fawning Slattern is apt to think she has the best Title to; tho' the depending Kinswoman is as oft consulted about plumping up the Hips, cocking the Rump, and pinning up the Gown, as the other; but only, as a Relation, she has the Honour to dine at the Countess's Table, and is exempted from the servile Expedition of running hastily for the Chamber-pot. For Want of better Company, she is coach'd fometimes with my Lady to the Park, where she perks up her Head, and ogles the Quality with as much Confidence, as if she was as great a Fortune as any in the Ring. After this Sort of Manner, the finikin Remnant of some decay'd Branch of an

an ancient Family, spins away her Time, buoy'd up with the ambitious Hopes of decoying some wealthy Blockhead into her fortuneless Embraces; thinking, that her Coat of Arms, and the Records of her Ancestors, are sufficient to recommend her to a generous Husband; 'till at last, she is convinc'd, by the forrowful Declension of her Halcyon Days, and the Post Meridian of her fading Beauty, that Gentlemen of Value are not fuch Fools, as to fling away their Persons and Estates upon the worthless Ultimates of old Families, for only the Honour of wearing a better Coat of Arms than their own, In Parte per Pale, upon the Doors of their Coaches. So that at last the haughty Madam, being a little humbled by her Fits of Repentance, that she had withflood her Market; and having an absolute Aversion to the leading Apes in Hell, resolves to lay fast Hold of the next Offer; which, in all Probability, proves an unbenefic'd Curate, in Hopes of a Living; or fome tottering Apothecary, to ingratiate himself with the Family, who can do no less, than find out Ways and Means to reward the bold Adventurer.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

IF highly bred, tho' at others Cost, How Madam makes a Pudder, Altho' she nothing has to boast, Besides her Tongue and Udder:

This is not good enough to wear, Nor that to please her Palate, Altho' her Fortune is so bare, She scarce deserves a Vallet.

Tet, highly born, she hopes at least To be my Lady Kath'rine, Tho' the proud taudry Flirt, at best, Is but a worthless Slattern.

What, the she young and airy be, And has her Share of Beauty, She's born with too much Quality, In Wedlock to be true t'ye.

The Blockhead that she marries; And the with Child she never proves, She very oft miscarries. For Beauty, who can boast no Gold, Seeks out for some rich Tony; The gouty Fool that's lame and old, May buy her with his Money.

But when he as done, not all his Wealth Will to his Bed secure her; She'll have a handsom Spark, by Stealth, To do her Business for her.

Like Flies about a Honey-pot,
The Beaus will flock about her,
And quickly make him curse his Lot,
And wish himself without her.

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## The Fashionable Bawd: OR, The Lady's Consident.

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CHE is a cunning Jilt, who having waited upon Quality in her youthful Days, has had a large Opportunity of being well acquainted, not only with their Persons, but their Intrigues and Managements, and of making herfelf an absolute Mistress of all the useful Variety of Blinds and Subtilties, by which the proud Part of the World obscure their libidinous Practices from the Knowledge of the Publick; and when, by Observation and Experience, the believes herself qualify'd in all the Mysteries of Iniquity, by the Encouragement of some lascivious Dutchess, or wanton Lady, to whom, in her Time, she has been a trusty Confident, she ventures to take some costly Structure, situate amongst the upper Rank, convenient for her Purpose, which she finely furnishes, partly upon Credit, procur'd her of the Upholdfterer, by fome honourable Friends, who, at the same Time, intend, upon all amorous Occasions, to make a familiar Use, both of

of the House and Furniture. When she has thus far proceeded, the next necessary Provision, is, a reputable Cloak for her scandalous Employment, that, by an outward Appearance, the may cheat the Eyes of her Neighbours, as our modern Saints do the World, by their external Sanctity. In Order to accomplish this Difficulty, she furnishes a close Shop, or rather Ware-House, up one Pair of Stairs, with East-India Goods, fine Fipperies and Toys, Dutch Ware, China, &c. and writes over her Door, in great golden Letters, fomething that may fignify the foreign Nick-nacks that she deals in; but not a Word of those Commodities, which she hopes to get most by, because she has not the Power of disposing of them according to her own Will, being only well pay'd, at certain Times and Seasons, for allowing them House-Room, where they may gratify their Levity. No fooner is the in this Readiness for the Reception of her Customers, but young impatient Ladies, fumbled over at Home by old skinny Lords, or flighted by their espous'd Libertines, whose puny Appetites are seldom to be rais'd by the furfeiting Charms of a nuptial Bed-fellow, flock in apace to view her flickering Curiolities, see her commodious Lodgings, and furnish themselves and

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and their Closets, with fuch inviting Ornaments, as shall be most agreeable to their extravagant Fancies; which are no fooner bought, but fo shew'd about and commendedfrom Lady to Lady, that in a little Time, by the friendly Industry of the Countess of Stiffenbauble, and my Lady Loofebottom, she has as much Bufiness as she can turn her Hand to. For vending the best of Gloves and Handkerchiefs for Gentlemen, also the finest Hollands and Muslins for Shirts and Neckcloths, the Beaus of Quality, as well as the Belfa's, have an equal Pretence to be daily fluttering about her, to observe what high Game frequents her Lenonian Meetting-House; which, as foon as generally known to the frollicksom Part of those worse Mortals, whom we call our Betters, begins to flourish like a new City-Conventicle, that you shall seldom go by, but you shall see two or three Cbesides Hackney-Coaches, waiting at the Door; which is a fufficient Indication to all those who understand Intriguing, that the incontinent Amorists of the upper Form, do not meet there so often only to fit their Hands with Gloves, their Clofets with China, or their Nofes with Handkerchiefs; but to accommodate each other with those pleasurable Conveniencies, which are much more conducing to their mutual

mutual Satisfaction: For having, by her experienc'd Fidelity, acquir'd among the Ladies the fingular Reputation of a trusty Consident, in the Cant of Quality, a very good Woman, which, by a Figure in Female Rhetorick, fignifies one that is close-mouth'd, and warily wicked enough, to manage, with Secrefy, the most vitious Enterprize; she is frequently trusted with those intricate Amours, that often pass between great Persons, which she always takes Care to very craftily facilitate, as much for her own Interest, as the Felicity of those, who have chosen her for a Confident. Thus, by Degrees, her Fame is whisper'd amongst our First-rate Sinners, 'till she is become venerable in the Thoughts of all high-flown Wantons, from Southampton-Square, to Hide-Park-Corner, and reverenc'd by the long-tail'd Beaus, and strong-back'd Operators in venereal Drudgery, as much as a Lady Abbess, by a brawny Convent of young leacherous Whatfoever the fells, the is as well pay'd for, as that mercenary Rogue, a Tally-man; and for every Room, tho' it's occupy'd but an Hour, she is as generoully rewarded, as ever loud-mouth'd Sir B-t was for an Hour's Pleading, or his differting Brother for preaching a Funeral-Sermon. If any unfortunate Lady OUT

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out of the Pale of Wedlock, happens to be troubl'd by over-heaving herfelf, with the sprawling Tympany, and her Reputation is so nice, as to be asham'd of the Distemper, if she can but contrive, by the Assistance of her Taylor, to conceal the swelling Misfortune from giving an ocular Demonstration of what she has been doing behind the Curtain, 'till the Fruit is fo ripe, that the Tree is fit to be shaken; our She-Haberdasher of all Wares, is never without a Conveniency, where she may launch the little living Testimony of her own Fertility, and her Gallant's manly Performances, into the wicked World, and foon reduce herself to her Maiden Slenderness, and be carefully affisted with all the artificial Helps, that are usually apply'd to recover lost Virginity, and a Habeas Corpus into the Bargain, without the Knowledge of the Parish, if she will but plentifully pay for it, to remove the baftardly Body of her finful Progeny to fuch a remote Distance, that it shall never become troublesome hereafter to its unknown Parents. By such Sort of secret Managments in the dark Mysteries of Vice, she gets Money a-pace, and is so highly carefs'd by all those, whose Honour and Reputation are submitted to her Custody, that, besides the Golden Drops that

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that contaminate her Palms, she is never without a Present of some dainty Eatables or other, to fatiate her own luxurious Appetite, and corroborate the Nerves and Sinews of some brawny Stalion, who, for gratifying her Luft, is chiefly supported by her generous Benevolence. After this Manner she proceeds and thrives for a Time, like a Court-Procures to some lascivious Monarch, 'till at last, by the cunning Vigilance of some industrious Spy, a Great Man's Wife or Daughter, is plainly detected under her Roof, in the Practice of Incontinence; which is fo whisper'd about, 'till a publick Scandal is fix'd upon her House, and then her Quality-Customers, for the better Security of their own Honour, are forc'd to withdraw themfelves from their old trufty Friend, and dare not be feen to approach the Doors, for fear their Reputation should be tainted with the Infection. So that the Greatness of her Rent, the Extravagance of her Living, and the Slackness of her Trade, foon brings her to Poverty; and that to the Infamy of a common Bawd, under which odious Character, she at last perithes betwixt Want and Distemper, pity'd by none, but curs'd by many,

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

W Hen Lust inflames a Woman's Breast,
And fires her Inclination,
She's not alone content to taste
The Sweets of Generation.

But when she'as oft the Bliss enjoy'd, A farther Itch arises, And makes her fond to be employ'd In others secret Vices:

For she that once has taken Man, Hates Lovers should be idle, And is for chaining all she can, Like Monkeys, by the Middle:

Judging, by rfelf, the Brisk and Blith Are all inclin'd, by Nature, To have a Fellow-feelling with Their amorous Fellow-Creature.

She smiles to hear my Lady cant
Of Honour so precisely,
And thinks she ploughs with some Gallant,
But that she does it wisely:

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Well knowing 'tis a common Blind, For Women to be railing Against that pleasing Sin, they find To be the most prevailing.

Therefore, the humble Punk is proud To see her lofty Betters, Who talk so much of being good, As bad as other Creatures:

Turns Bawd and Pimp, that she may tell Convincing pretty Stories, To prove her Grace-Intrigues, as well As Phillis, or as Chloris.

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## The Great Man's Prostitute:

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The Original of an Actress taken into Keeping.

CHE is generally a By-blow, put off in her Infancy with a small Sum of Money, to be nurs'd up by the careful Wife of fome indigent Taylor, or poor Shoe-maker; else lawfully begotten, and train'dup in some back Street or Alley near Long-Acre, by a jolly Porter, upon his huslifly Dame, who makes Mustard, crys hot Gray-peas, or keeps an Apple-stall. As foon as the pretty Blossom has well shifted off her piss-tail swadling Clouts, and begins to look with Contempt upon her old legless Cradle, the is made, in her Mother's Abfence, Superintendant over some Parish Nurse-Child; or else has some new-born Brother or Sister of her own thrust into her childish Arms, to dandle and play with, instead of a Jointed-Baby; which the poor little Creature lugs about as awkardly, as'a She-Monkey will a Kitten, when the robs the old Cat of her young Nurfery. When When the little draggle-tail'd Meretrix is shot forward into riper Years, and has acquir'd Strength enough to contribute something to her own Sustenance, she is employ'd at Noon, to cry Beef and Broth for fome Boiling-Cook, among Journey-men-Taylors; and at Night, hot Ox-cheek, fold at the Mouth of a stinking Cellar, by fome fore-ey'd Beldam, which the fquealing Baggage exhibits fo notably, having a chirping Voice, that she has Two-pence a Time allow'd her for every audible Proclamation. The next Step of Advancement, when, at the Age of Twelve or Thirteen, is, to go to Market with her Mother, help bring Home her Fruit, to take Care of her Stall, that neither Hogs or Boys invade the Property of the old Woman; and from thence is promoted to cry Nuts and Damfons in Bartholomew-Fair; growing all this while a very pretty Wench, wanting neither Beauty or Impudence to qualify her for that Station, which Nature has design'd her for. At length, being taken Notice of by some of the stroling Players, her Mother is follicited by fome old Bawdy Miftress of a Company, that she may be train'd up at Windmill-Hill-Theatre, or beenter'd into the Lift of some travelling Company of wandering Comedians; which, after the deceitful Promises

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Promifes of wonderful Encouragment, the Mother confents to; and fo at once her Rags are chang'd into shining Tinsy, her dirty Face into a patch'd Countenance, and her Straw-Hat into a Plume of Fearhers; and thus impudent Bess is turn'd of a Sudden into Madam Betty; and is made at least a Helen of Greece, or a famous Cleopatra, the very next Opportunity; which, confidering her Education, she performs with that Applause, at the upper End of Moor-fields, or else in some Country-Stable, metamorphos'd into a Theatre, that the Apprentices and Cook-Wenches are all mightily pleas'd, and the very Players themselves are ready to Clap her, but that the Mistress takes Care to prevent their early Compliment. She does not long occupy her Talent in this humble Capacity, before the is thought qualify'd for another Step of Preferment; fo that she is now invited from Windmill-Hill, near to the Cellar of her Nativity, where she has the Honour to be elected one of her M----'s Commedians, and takes her Place upon the Stage accordingly; where her youthful Beauty, tho' originally deriv'd from course Neck-Beef and Dumplins, oil'd over with the Fat of the Pot, outthines those Tallow-Faces in the Front-Boxes, who have nothing but their empty Honour, and boafted Quality, to recommend them to their Equals. Being a new Face, the Beaus admire her, the Ladies envy her, the old goury Debauchees applaud her, and all encourage her with their Claps of Thunder. Tho' her Genius is fo adapted to her new Employment, that she needs no fuch Artifices to support her Confidence, but performs her Parts with fuch an undaunted Presence, that the Audience might reasonably guess, her Mother was an Orange-Wench, her Father a Player; that fhe was begot behind the Scenes, and nurs'd up in the Theatre. However, a good Assurance being the Vertue of an Actress, as well as a Harlot, it is rather esteem'd such a useful Ornament to her other Graces, that it gives a tempting Gloss to those Theatrical Perfections, which feldom raise a Woman from the Stage to her Coach, without being proftituted: So that the same Qualifications that fit her for the Play-house, furnish her for the Bed-Chamber. For she that treads the Stage for her Support, or that furrenders her Charms into the Embraces of a Keeper, must first resolve to lay aside her Modefty, or else expect, that she will never please a finful Audience, or a luftful Lover. When, to her great Satisfaction, the

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is thus step'd into that high Road of Der struction, by which Youth and Beauty, are often decoy'd to a farther scandalous Preferment." The honourable Libertines of the Age, who make the Theatre but a common Nursery for their Vices, begin to be as bufy about young airy Madam, as a Parcel of red Flies round a Cow's Surreverence distill'd in May; tho' it's very likely, her loose Affections are already fix'd, and her Virginity thrown away upon fome amorous young Rake of her own Quality, whole Singing, Dancing, or fome other Stage-Performance, has made fuch a Conquest o'er her Heart, that she is at once divested of those Maiden Fears; which, as they commonly arise more from the Dread of Shame, than a Sense of Duty, are but a flender Guard to Female-Vertue, easily knock'd down when they are once attack'd, because the Ground they stand upon is so very slipery, that the least Assault of a Lover, trips up the Heels of their champion Resolutions; which, for Want of firm Footing upon a religious Education, leaves the Maid expos'd to the Danger of that Monster, Lust; who, for its Fury and Deformity, may be justly stil'd a Dragon; and such a one, that whoever subdues it in the Height of its Ferocity, deferves as well to be fainted,

as George of Capadocia. Thus, by that Time our young beautiful Wanton has been throughly initiated into the amorous Society of fworn Commedians, and has been just long enough conversant with the counterfeit Queens, and sham Hero's, to be an expert Jilt enough to impose a crack'd Virginity, for a whole One, on some old Leacher of Quality, my Lady is feelingly follicited by fome infinuating Bawd, to become a carnal Warming-pan to fome old gouty Courtier, who is fo highly enamour'd with her youthful Perfections, that he cannot bridle his pamper'd Luft, without she will grant him a Bit, that may give a Check to his Concupifcence; and knowing a comfortable Sublistance is the common Requital expected by a Woman for fuch obliging Service, a folemn Promife of her being well kept is made the engaging Lure to invite her to a Compliance, being divefted by his Age, of all other Motives sufficient to induce a Marmolet Madam of fo much Youth and Beauty, to become his Paramour; rightly confidering, that a Woman of any Merit, can scarce have the Vanity to think it an honourable Satisfaction, to prostitute her Charms to a dignify'd Lump of fuperannuated Imbecillity, either worn to a Skeliton by the Exercise of his Debauches,

or fatten'd up with Luxury and Laziness, 'till too unweildy and infirm to gratify his Lust, without the quickening Use of powerful Cordials, or provoking Philtres. However, the Ambition of wearing fine Apparel, and of shewing herself in Hide-Park in one of his Donship's old Coaches, foon prevails with the giddy Wanton, to quit the Stage-Allowance, for a better Maintenance; which she enjoys for a Time, 'till teaz'd and tir'd with the fumbling Performances of her generous Keeper, she is at last detected by some Spy upon her Actions, in communicating her Favours to some more vigorous Gallant, and fo turn'd off for her Inconstancy by old Age, Flannel, and Brandy, and forc'd to return to her Whores Nest, from whence she was first taken to the Bosom of Honour, and there shift on betwixt playing the Princess upon the Stage, and the Harlot in her Lodgings, 'till at laft, Age, Ugliness, and Distemper, frighten away her Admirers, and foon reduce her, when destitute of her Charms, to miserable Poverty; so that as the was born in a Cellar, she is compell'd by Necessity, to make her Exit in a Garret.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

WHEN Beauty does adorn the Lass
In poor dejected Station,
'Tis seldom' company' d with Grace,
For want of Education.

Tho Nature has been greatly kind,
And all her Pow'r exerted,
Tet, where there wants a vertuous Mind,
Those Blessings are perverted.

The Son, by an ill Father bred, One copies from the other; Nor will fair Looks preserve the Maid From proving like her Mother.

And he that's am'rously inclin'd

T'ingross the fickle Creature,
Will find no Love or Gold will bind
The Baseness of her Nature.

She's mix'd with such a course Allay, That Art can ne'er resine her, And thinks 'tis witty to betray The Fool that glories in her?

(96)

For who can be accounted wife,

Tho' ne'er so rich and noble,

That's drawn by such a Harlot's Eyes,

To be a Keeping-Bubble?

If Men of Honour must be lewd, And will be Womens Cullies, Let'em not mix their noble Blood With Scoundrels bred in Alleys;

But, with young City Dames, engage The Spawn of broken Mayors, And not corrupt the Royal Stage To th' Scandal of the Players.

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### Miss Buxom:

OR,

The Golden-lock'd Lady unmarry'd.

CHE. is as wild as a Maiden Heifer in the Spring, who, for Want of a Bull, is always riding upon the Backs of her own Female Companions. Her Eyes strike Fire at the Sight of a young Gentleman, like a Carbuncle before the Death of those that wear it; and the Warmth of her Inclinations is fo visible in her Looks, that her Mother is forc'd to call her aside, and cool her Courage with a sharp Reprehenfion, for Fear she should gaze herself into fuch a Love-Extafy, that should betray the Fervency of her Defires, and Forwardness of her Youth, in the Sight of the Company, to the Shame of her Sex, and the Scandal of her Virginity. When out of the View of those who have the Power to controul her, the's as frollickfom as a young Kitten playing with a String; will behave herfelf as wantonly as a Forrest Colt, that was never back'd nor handl'd, and will dance and straddle about the Parlour, and dispose her active Limbs Limbs into fo many Tomboy-Postures, as if she was endeavouring to lose her Maiden-head, without the Help of a Bridegroom, lolling and stretching upon the Couch, then wringing her flexible Joints into fuch various Distortions, as if she found a certain Titulation in the Variety of her Actions; and all these wanton Airs, and indecent Activities, perform'd in the Sight of the Men Servants, as well as the Maids; as if the amorous Hoyden had a Mind, by her loofe Carriage, to excite the Family to that Levity, which the Care of others, against her own Will, had kept herself from exercising. Her Thoughts are always fo intent upon the holy State of Matrimony, or at least, that Part of it which is most conducing in the Abstract to the Pleasure of her Fancy, that she is always best pleas'd with her Maid, when fhe is tickling her Ears with fuch enlivening Stories, that have a delightful Tendancy to nuptial Familiarity; and has always an old Pair of Gloves, or a Cast-off Topnot, to encourage her to be mindful of repeating the like lushious Entertainments, upon all feafonable Occasions; for nothing wins her more, than a Talk of those Enjoyments, which she wants only Opportunity to improve into Action. is fo great a Lover of the Play-house, that her her Lady-Mother has much a-do to steal an Intrigue without her; for if she has the least Suspicion, that the old One, by the Airiness of her Dress, and her newfurbish'd Countenance, has repair'd her fading Charms for the Royal Theatre, my Lady has as much Difficulty to shake off her Daughter, as a generous Cully has a forward Sharper, when he is going to give his Mistress a Tavern-Entertainment. For Miss. tho' hitherto she's a Stranger to the Pleafure of intriguing, yet she can ogle the Beaus, or hold up her Fan at a smutty Jest, with as much Satisfaction, and as quick an Apprehension, as her experienc'd Mother. Dancing she loves as dearly, as a young Monkey does climbing; and would follow the fcraping of a Fiddle, by her good Will, as far as the Dear did the Drone of a Bag-pipe out of the Forrest of Sherwood: For as innocent as she is, she thinks any Musick, that inclines both Sexes to hand each other, and shake their Buttocks together, deferves Female Approbation. Of all the Country-Dances in the Pack, the's the greatest Admirer of Bobbing-Joan, and John come kifs me now, now, now; not for any great Variety she finds in the Figure, but for the Sake of the Tunes, because she thinks there is something more imported by the Prettynels of their Names, H 2 accor-

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according to her merry Conceits, than she can fancy in the rest: For, Bobbing and Kissing, are, in her Maiden Apprehension, fuch dear stir-about Words, that they infpire her Tail with more Maggots, than all the other Madrigals, that ever she had heard from an old fumbling Confort of dull stroling Fidlers. He that gives her, as he turns her, a Tickle in the Palm, or fqueezes her Hand the hardest, she always admires for the prettyest Gentleman in the Company, and receives every fuch wanton Dalliance, as a private Signal of his cordial Affection, which she would foon gratify, if he could but contrive to get her behind the Curtain. But her Lady-Mother knowing what a Strain fhe came on, takes Care to watch her Golden-Locks with as much Vigilance, as the Hesperian Dragon did the Golden-Apples; or elfe, whoever would venture to attack the Maid, might be fure of her Virginity; for the least Shake of fo forward a Tree, when the Fruit is full ripe, will make it drop from the Branches. Every Time she has new Linnen bought her, she intreats her Maid to make the Guffets of her Shifts much wider than the former, and pleads it as a Privilege belonging to her Teens, that the ought not to be smock-bound. When the gets but an Hour free from the Super-

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Super-Intendancy of her Mother, she is as mad as a Doe in Rutting-time; and if the steals but into the Pantry without Notice, is ready to ride upon the Back of the Butler, she is so loose and wanton; and if the steps by herself but into the Court-Yard, whilst her Maid is toying with the Foot-man, the wants nothing but a Man, a Horse, and a Pillion, to run away with her to the next Church, or rather than fail, a brisk Fellow on Foot, to hand her unseen to the next Hay-mow; for she is as plump as a Partridge in right Season; as hot and as amorous as a Pigeon in Seed-Time; as full and as juicy as a China-Orange; and wants nothing but to be press'd, that she may be eas'd of that itching Plenitude, which is a Burthen to her Youth. Tho' she is by Nature of a yellow Complexion, yet her Hair and her Eye-brows are made brown by Art; for they borrow a glossy Tincture from the black Lead Comb, that puts at best but a disagreeable Disguise upon her Danish Countenance; for her Freckles and her Eye-lashes are a sufficient Index to discover the Warmth of her amorous Constitution; besides, the Vehemency of her Defires, cast such visible Sparkles out of the Windows of her Soul, that it is not in the Power of her most dissembl'd Modefty.

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desty, to conceal her Ardour. If she stirs in hot Weather, the Effluvia's that evaporate from her Alabaster Skin, have exactly the Fragrancy of Low Vervain, which our learned Botomists honour with the Name of Herba Vulvaria; however, that the can qualify upon Occasion with Lozenges, and Sweet-bags, as nice Quality do the Workings of their Physick, by a Cedar Close-stool-Case. Under these Disadvantages the poor young Lady is forc'd to wait for a Husband, 'till she either steals a lucky Opportunity of helping herfelf to some unequal Match, to her Parents Dissatisfaction; or, that her Friends provide for her some flounder-mouth'd Blockhead, of equal Worth and Quality, that has nothing to recommend him to the Favour of a Woman, but his Acres and his Family; so that as their For-tunes are agreeable, their Impersections are answerable; and he, by Nature, as well adapted to Cuckoldom, as she is, by her inordinate Desires, to be a lascivious Betrayer of her conjugal Fidelity: Therefore, fince they are likely to make fo configurate a Match, e'en let the Priest put em together with all Speed, and curfed be the Man that ever parts em.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

TIS not ill Company alone
That draws us into Evil,
Some are to Vice by Nature prone,
Untempted by the Devil.

Some Female Looks too plainly shew
A whorish Inclination,
Nor can they hide it from our View,
By vertuous Education:

Their Eyes, the Index of the Mind, Will still disclose their Failing, And shew to all that are not blind, How Nature is prevailing.

The Phisnomist the Signs of Grace, In vertuous Look discovers The Gallows in a Villain's Face, And Leach'ry in a Lover's.

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So does the sanguine Lass denote Her Lust by her Complexion, And that she's rank as Stable-Goat, And full of fond Affection.

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From Stars, Astrologers aver We draw our Inclinations, And that all Women subject are To sublumar Mutations.

If Stars have such a fatal Pow'r On those, who are so naught here, Then Venus is a greater Whore, Than ever yet I thought her:

She's painted too with Golden-Hair Dishrevil'd down her Boddice, To shew most yellow Ladies are As lustful as their Goddess.

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# Modern Quality: OR, The Upstart Lady.

CHE is the only and well-begotten Daughter of some rich crafty Citizen, who has cheated the World, pinch'd his own Guts, and pawn'd his Soul to the Devil, to make his skinny Offspring a fit Match for fome declining Quality. No fooner is Miss call'd Home from her Hackney-Boarding-School, where, it is very likely, she has learn'd all the Paces, as well as Dances, proper for her Sex, but Proposals are made to some young Baronet, whose Writings of his Estate are got into the Clutches of a Money-Scrivener; the generous Terms offer'd to his Worship, being fufficeint to induce him to accept of the Darling for his Lady-Bride. Sir Thomas, like a prudent Man, having little Regard to the Merits of the Damfel, but taking her plentiful Fortune, and the Narrowness of his own Circumstances, into his wife Confideration, and finding her Bags agreeable to his present Necessities, is refolv'd to lay afide the vain Remembrance

brance of his old mouldy Ancestors, and to fell a titular Branch of his empty Honour to a Mechanick's Daughter, for a Sum large enough to redeem his Estate, pay his other Debts, retrieve his finking Credit, and make all Things eafy; fo that the Match is foon concluded, without any Hessitation on either Side; the Jointer fettl'd, the Fortune paid, and up ftarts my Lady, who now begins to look as scornfully upon her old Cheapside Acquaintance, as a Vintner chosen Sheriff, does upon his old Customers, who have been a Means of raising the prodigal Ape to that Golden Chain, of which he is fo proud. Her Parents are fo highly oftentatious of their new-ladify'd Daughter, that they talk of nothing for a Twelvemonth after, but the nuptial Solemnity, the innocent Deportment of my Lady-Bride upon the Wedding-Night, and the Expence and Sumptuousness of the Marriage-Feaft. No sooner is my Lady dragg'd down in her new Chariot, by four Cart-Mares, to his Worship's Country-Seat, but the fwells fo fast with the Pride of her new Title, that the has scarce Affability enough left to behave herfelf handfomly, or to give a courteous Reception to a Neighbouring Visiter, tho of equal Quality; And, if she be not Ladyshipp'dat every Word, is apt to think herself affronted; yet, she will fometimes be as familiar with the Knight's Vallet, as she us'd to be at Home with her Father's Apprentices, because she is apt to think him a handsomer Man, than his Worship. All the rest of his old Servants are foon shifted off, to gratify the haughty Temper of their new Lady: The Foot-men for not bowing low enough when she speaks to 'em; the Coach-man for swearing at his Horses, and not driving to please her: The Maids for saying forfooth Madam, instead of Ladyship; and the Country-Cook for spoiling roast Fowls with Butter and Vinegar Sauce: So that all the honest Rusticks, whose Care, Honesty, and Fidelity, ought to attone for their Ignorance, are fent packing, and a Set of new Town-bred Sycophants and Flatterers brought in by Degrees, to supply their Places, who will cringe, whifper, and backbite, to curry Favour with her Ladyship, and humour her to her Mind, in her Vanities and Vices, upon all Occa-When Honey-moon is over, and his Worship begins to find more Satisfaction upon the Back of his Bay-Gelding in a Fox-Chase, than in the Embraces of his Bride, my Lady begins to pout at his early rising, and be very uneasy, that he should forget, in a Morning, to mount a-

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my Thing but his Saddle; conceiting, that now she is less regarded by her Bridegroom, than either his Hounds or his Horses. Besides, his drinking March-Beer, and fmoaking Tobacco, makes his Mouth at Night smell as nauseous, as the Bowl of a fowl Pipe, and as four, as the Bunghole of an old Barrel; fo that she cannot turn to him, to remind him of his Duty, but she is ready to be poyson'd. These intollerable Grievances provoke her Ladyship beyond all Hypocrify, and make her resolve to unbridle that true Womanish Temper, which she thought at first was but Prudence to dissemble. Now, to let her Husband see, that she is not descended of so tame a Breed, but that according to the accustomary Quality of her low-born Sex, she knows how to scold, the begins with her Maids, and so by Degrees goes round the whole Family, to breathe her Lungs, and exercise her Talent, against she attacks himself, that she may then exert her effeminate Qualification with the greater Vigour: It is not long e er she assumes a Provocation, and takes a feafonable Opportunity to give him a Tafte of her Termagancy, which she does publickly at the Table, to shew her City-Breeding before some of his principal Cronies, to whom her Ladyship has the greatest Aversion.

Aversion. This unexpected Alarm is such a strange Surprize to his Friends, and his Family, as well as to himself, that they are all startl'd at her ill Manners, as well as her Uneafiness, and his Companions ready to take Leave, as foon as Dinner's over, fearing their Company has been the Occasion of the Quarrel. The Husband being a Gentleman of a pacifick Temper, thinks it beneath his Quality to refent the Follies of a Woman, so puts up the Affront, judging rightly the Occasion of her over-warm Impatience, to arise from his Drinking too much, and Kissing her too little, so proposes to himself at Night a loving Reconciliation, by the seasonable Intercession of the Matrimonial Peace-maker; but instead of that, he meets with nothing under the Rose but Buttock and Pout, accompany'd with fnarling Exasperations and Expressions of her Abhorrence to a Country-Life, with her Refolutions to go to Town, or that she shall never be easy in her Mind, or healthful in her Body. By fuch Sort of repeated Outrages, hypocritical Vapours, and dissembl'd Paroxysms; she at Length teazes him to a Compliance, and makes him knock off his good hospitable House-keeping, to take fine Lodgings in Covent-Garden, or St. James's, that she may shew her Airs in the Park, become acquainted with Quality, have the Diversion of the Play-house, revel at Balls and Masquerades, wear as rich Apparel as the Queen, have her fine Coach, and gay Liveries; and to crown the rest of her Satisfactions, invite some young flattering Beau-Courtier to dub her Husband a Knight of the forked Order; which is done, at last, so effectually, and by such Variety of Admirers, that his Worship's Estate, by the Means of her Extravagance, is foon reduc'd to a worse Condition than before he marry'd her; and my Lady and her Husband, by her repudious Practices, are made the common Table-Talk of every intriguing Beau, Court Paramour, and Play-house Courtizan: And this is so common a Fate that attends the Conduct of those upstart Ladies, who are suddenly advanc'd to Honour from a mean Parentage, when her new Ladyship has nothing either in Nature or Education, to enable her to support the Weight of her Title: So that her Eyes (tho' perhaps beautiful) are too weak to fustain the Luftre of a Court, without Surprize, and her Resolutions too feeble, to withstand the amorous Attacks of a young honourable Libertine.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

HOnour, the Just should only bear,
Tho' Knaves and Harlots court it;
And ought not to be plac'd, but where
There's Merit to support it.

'Twas not design'd for Dames to wear, Bred to the Pot and Ladle; The Hog or Sow, tho' fat and fair, Will ill become a Saddle.

Honour should drop, when Vertue fails,
And cease when we misuse it;
Not be so six'd to Ladies Tails,
That do so oft abuse it.

Then might the Danger of Disgrace
Make sinful Pleasures hated,
And padlock up that slip'ry Place,
Wher Female Honour's seated.

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Proud Ladies then might vertuous prove, To keep their lofty Titles, And not perfue what now they love Much better than their Victuals. But what great Dame will want her Fill
Of Pleasures that she prizes,
When Ladies shall be honour'd still,
In Spight of all their Vices?

Since Fortunes are such filts and Shrews,
Whom Friends bestow much Cost on,
And prove as bad, or worse, than those,
Who have no Bags to boast on.

I'll praise the Dame with Vertue blest, Altho' her Fortune's little, Who wears her Honour in her Breast, And not in empty Title.

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## The Hospitable House-keeper: OR, The Bountiful Lady.

OHE's the honourable Relect of a true S English Nobleman, who derives her hospitable Temper, as well from the generous Example of her own Ancestors, as from the accustomary Bounty of her deceas'd Lord; and is so heartily affected to the wholsome Situation of her ancient Country-Seat, as if Heaven defign'd she should lie under no Temptation, that might induce her to prefer the vicious Life of a Court-Lady, to the venerable Character of a true English House-keeper, and a generous Benefactress to all her rural Neighbourhood. Her Pride is in nothing but her well-furnish'd Wine-Cellars, and her plentiful Tables; and her vertuous Affections, next to her Devotion, are chiefly limited to her own Relations, her old-fashion'd Servants, and God's Favourites, the Poor, who never return Home from her charitable Gates, but with their Laps full of Victuals, and their Mouths full of Prayers for the good old Countefs,

and the rest of her Family. Her Humility is fuch, that she thinks it no Dishonour to her Quality, to spread a Plaister for a cut Thumb; and her Tenderness and Compassion, are so familiarly extended to her Servants, and her Neighbours, that the thinks it no Scorn to apply it herfelf to the meanest Person that has Need of her Affistance. She affects the ancient Decorum, that was us'd by her Fore-fathers, when Honesty dwelt at Court, and Religion in our Churches; and will always have her Dinners and Suppers usher'd into her Parlour, with as much Order and Solemnity, as if every Day was a Festival. She obliges her whole Family to their Christian Duty, as often as she eats, and keeps a reverend old Guide for her domestick Chaplain, who fcorns to make Religion a Stalking-Horse to his Interest, to untile the Church, to cover a Den of Thieves, or to fwear against his Conscience, for the Advantages of a Bishoprick; but is a faithful Shepherd, a true Pains-takking Guide, that will neither be idle himfelf, or fuffer his Flock to do the Work of the Lord negligently. She has all Things limited to certain Times and Seafons, that her Servants, in their Business, are never furpriz'd; but every one, by an ancient and laudible Custom, is forewarn'd

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of his Duty. All Things are carry'd on with fo commendable a Regularity, that the Hour of the Day is as well known by the feveral Exercises of her Family, as it is by the Clock: Nor can any Accident obstruct the circular Motion of her domeftick Affairs, (all Things are order'd with that Care and Exactness) except some extraordinary Impediment of God's fending. Her House is a Land of Canaan all the Year, that overfloweth with Milk and Honey, which is as free to the Refreshment of all civil Strangers, as to her own Family; for the glories as much in her true Christian Hospitality, as our modern Ladies in the Victories they gain by their triumphant Eyes, and celebrated Beauty. Tho' her external Charms, by Reason of her Age, perhaps, fall short of some of our Court-Upstarts, yet she wins the World with her Vertues, as the other do with their Vices, and obtains a more universal Veneration by her Generosity and Goodness, than the most admir'd Lady of the Times can procure to herfelf, with all her juvenile Perfections, and most obliging Favours, tho' familiarly communicated behind the Curtain, to the Hazard of that Honour of which she talks so much, and has fo little. Not only her Person, but her Name, commands Respect, for her good

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good Actions, where ever it is mention'd; and whenever the appears Abroad, the is honour'd as a Miracle of her weaker Sex, who, in our latter Ages of Corruption, have been so subject to Infirmities. Her Dress is grave and noble, becoming the Serenity of her Looks, and the Majesty of her Deportment: Her Dialect smooth and affable; her Expressions wife and weighty, fuitable to her Quality, and anfwerable to her Character: Her Mind enrich'd with all the Graces of Education, and the Vertues of Christianity: And her Countenance adorn'd with all the venerable Signs of true internal Piety, and undissembl'd Humility. Her Library confifts of the profitable Fruits of the most religious Authors, fam'd as well for their Sincerity and Goodness, as for their Learnning and their Labours, that she may never want sufficient Helps to pilot her Soul with Safety thro' the Storms and Tempests of this Life, to a calm Eternity. Her chief Diversions, are, her daily Searches into the Mysteries of Holiness; and her fweetest Recreations, are, her repeated Exercises of unfeigned Devotion. In short, she is a Goddess upon Earth; and her Tenants, her Servants, her Neighbours, and the Poor, are the Mortals that adore her above all Beings, next the Divine

vine Majesty. Now, let the World shew me so good a Woman, in so bad an Age; and to her belongs the Character.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

M I Lady's Honour, if she's lewd, Is but an airy Bubble; 'Tis Vertue, not ber boasted Blood, That makes a Woman noble.

Awanton Harlot we have seen Advanc'd to be a Dutchess; And many a lustful Persian Queen Were subject to Debauches.

Therefore, since Lady-Punks, we find In ev'ry lofty Station; None but the chast and noble Mind, Deserves our Admiration.

For what vain Mortal would regard
My Lady's boasted Honour,
When sifty more, besides my L——,
Her Woman swears, have known her?

Tet Poets make such now-a-days, As chast as bright Diana; But I'd as soon bestow my Praise On lustful Messilana.

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Man may commend a Common-Shore, That every Scoundrel uses; But still a Whore will be a Whore, In Spite of all the Muses.

Therefore, were I to shew my Skill,
I'd praise my good old Countess;
And in the smoothest Numbers, tell
Her Vertues, and her Bounties.

The Graces of her noble Mind, Would be a Theme uncommon; But who, among the Sex, can find So excellent a Woman?

The End of the first Part,

### Adam and Eve

Stript of their

### FURBELOWS.

#### PART II.

The Modish Gentleman;
OR,
The Climbing Courtier.

which, Nature, who was the Builder, has been very liberal of external Ornaments; but his Furniture within, is of fo odd a Mixture, that one Half feems to be deriv'd from the University, and the other from the Dancing-School: For tho' his Noddle is generally fill'd with such modern Scepticisms in Divinity, and such refin'd Criticisms upon the ancient I 4 Bards,

Bards, that he is a greater Plague to a Priest or a Poet, than a prating Coxcomb to a fage Philosopher. Yet his Whalebone Back is of that cringing Flexibility, that his graceful Bows, and his mannerly Condescentions, recommend him to the World as an accomplish'd Gentleman. His greatest Conversation, in order to gain a generous Character, and a publick Reputation, is with the celebrated Wits of the Age; among whom he behaves himfelf with that wonderful Liberality, and conformable Levity, that he is foon cry'd up for a Man of admirable Temper, generous Acquirements, and polite Learning; tho' his Pocket, rather than his Parts, has been the principal Procurer of so large a Character: The better to support which, in the Opinion of the Ladies, many Paper-Monuments are poetically rais'd by his own riming Genius, to the everla-fling Honour of their bewitching Beau-ty; in Hopes, that his Wit, as well as his Person, may be a Means of recommending him to a general Esteem among those amorous Quality of the fair Gender, who have it largely in their Power to answer his Ambition, as well as gratify his Love. For, whoever can win the affectionate Favours of a Court-Beauty, is always a near Neighbour to a good Employment.

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ployment. The readiest Way of a young Gentleman's climbing into Court-Preferment, is, to make a Woman his Ladder; but let him be careful, that he treads fure; or if he quits his Hold, he may hazard his Neck; for the his Ascension may be pleafant, he may find it flipery. When thus, by treating poor Wits, and flattering Great Ladies, he has acquir'd the Reputation of an ingenious, amorous, complaifant Gentleman, his next Business, is, to make himself a constant Visiter of all publick Places, as the Bath, Tunbridge, New-Market, O.c. where the Ladies rendesvouz in Summer-time, for the Sake of those fecret Recreations, which, they have the Vanity to think, they hide from the World, by their tiffany Pretences of drinking the Waters for Health's Sake; which is so thin a Covering to their Vices and Amours, that every penetrating Eye may discern their Intrigues thro' the transparent Mantle; for even their own Servants make the Wantonnels of their Ladies, the Subject of their Laughter upon their Ale-house Benches. Having a jolly Countenance, and a promising Back, and being of comely Stature, and of curtious Deportment, in a little Time he riggles' himself into the Favour and Affection of fome lascivious Countess, or Court Curtezan;

tizan; by the Help of whom, he foon in-fpects into the Labyrinth of Wickedness behind the Curtain; and has a Clue given him, that enables him to enter into those Love Arcana's, which are the readiest Paths that lead obscurely to Riches, Honour, and Authority; for more handfome Gentlemen, have stretch'd the Bounds of a narrow Fortune, by the Wars of Femus, than by Martial Enterprizes; tho'I know the Sword is often advanc'd as the specious Pretence, when 'tis Cupid's Dart that has done the Business; and if they had not been oftner in a Lady's Chamber, than the Field of Battel, they might have fought themselves into as many Scars, as an old Bear-Garden Gladiator, before they would have advanc'd themselves to the Dignity of a Colonel. No fooner is he become the Favourite of some Succubus of Quality, but fomething or other is begg'd for him worthy of his Acceptance; and the greater Lady he has the Fortune to oblige, the furer Hopes he has of farther Advancement. Women are always ambitious of raising their Gallants to a Level with themselves; for fresh Honours heap'd upon an old Friend, makes him newly welcome to his Mistress's Embraces. Grandeur always proves a noble Spur to a Woman's Lust; for which Reason, the

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fon, the the City-Wife, to the dubb'd Mechanick, never thinks she has a true Right to be call'd my Lady, 'till his crazy Worship has confirm'd her in the Title by his carnal Weapon: For whatever Honours are conferr'd by the Fountain upon a Man's Head, a Woman thinks can flow down to her no other way, than by Tail-Administration: Nor indeed is the Pleasure of such a Ceremony to be less valu'd, than the Windiness of the Title; fince the readiest Way for a wealthy Citizen to be honourably distinguish'd from his cuckoldly Neighbours, is, to fuffer a Court-Favourite to run lustily in his Debt; and then, if he be fond to gratify his Pride with a honorary Blast of Royal Breath, 'tis but evening his Scores, and croffing his Book; and his crafty Debtor, upon those Terms, will foon procure him a favourable Admittance into Royal Presence; where, after he has kneel'd down, like a Boy to his God-father, he shall have the Satisfaction of rifing up Sir Nicholas Numskull: Which Cuckoldly Honour, once upon a Time, being graciously blown by King Charles the II. upon a certain wealthy Citizen, the dub'd Alderman, very proud of his new Title, return'd Home to his Wife with great Joy, to acquaint her of his Knighthood, and that she was now a Lady; dy: Who very wittily reply'd, viz. Could bis Majesty pick out no Body else in this large City, to make one of his Fools, but thee,

my Dear?

When our fashionable Gentleman, or Climbing Courtier, has establish'd his Interest, and got fure Footing among the Court Ladies, he then begins to work himself into the Conversation of those Great Men, who are also able to give him a Lift, when Opportunity happens, that may farther gratify his climbing Ambition; amongst whom, he has a large Scope to put in Use those unfinish'd Talents, by the Improvement of which, he expects to make himself a compleat Courtier. The Lord that fets himself up for the Meccenas of the Age, he flatters with his Poetry: The proud Man he humours with his fycophant Bows, and humble Cringes: The Scholastick Peer he studies to entertain with his Differtations upon Horace, and with new Criticisms upon old Authors: The young Nobleman he tickles with fcandalous Lampoons, and fresh Intrigues of the Ladies: And the old Leacher with bawdy Stories, Catalogues of new Faces, and lushious Encomiums upon the ravishing Beauty of some Upstart Curtezan. Thus he infinuates himfelf, by Degrees, into the Favour of Great Men, that he may

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he ay may have the Honour, at any Time, of dining with a Nobleman, and of boafting over a Bottle among the leffer Quality, what a considerable Interest he has at Court. which procures him abundance of Respect from all his Acquaintance. So that having the Favour of the Ladies, the Encouragement of the Noble, the Love of his Acquaintance; and all these centering in the mighty Advantage of a publick Character, he rifes gradually to be a Great Man; and then, like a true Courtier, he proves ingrateful to his Friends; flighting to his Acquaintance; a Sycophant to his Prince; and treacherous to his Country; as if he study'd nothing but to make good the old Adage, viz. That Greatness and Goodness are seldom concomitant; and how he farther behaves himself in Power and Authority, I shall let you see in the following Character.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

NEER think it strange, that Knaves
should rise,
Whilst honest Men are laid by;
There's something that in private lies,
Which many a Man is made by.

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Some climb aloft, to little born, But let it be no Wonder; Perhaps he has the Luck to turn Some pow'rful Lady under.

Stage-Harlots we have often seen Advanc'd to losty Station, And coach'd in State, like Madam Gwin, To th' Scandal of the Nation.

Toung cunning filts, we daily see,
Are kept in State by N——s,
And make those Men of high Degree,
Right honourable Bubbles.

Why therefore mayn't Sir Foplin rife
By Flatt'ries and Indearments,
And pass between a Lady's Thighs,
To very great Preferments?

For Women that admire the Sport, Will have their Sparks to ease 'em's And will do any Kindness for't, To Fav'rites that can please 'em.

Ladies, who high and stately are,
May talk of being vertuous;
But Honour will not guard the Fair,
From being kind and courteous.

Therefore, the fawning Beau-Gallant, That can with Flatt'ries tongue'em, If he's but wise, need nothing want, That gets but in among'em.

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## The Corrupt Statesman: OR, The Compleat Courtier.

'Arther Riches, greater Power, and higher Dignities, are the Beginning and the End of all his Actions. To arrive at these, he will dissemble with God, flatter his Prince, and betray his Country; for his aspiring Hopes foar so dangerously high upon the Wings of Ambition, that he is proudly refolv'd to hazard his own Neek, to climb o'er the Heads of all other Competitors; that he may keep his Rivals in Subjection, and make his Enemies his Foot-stool: To accomplish which, if a Nation be divided, he fets his Engines ar Work to widen the Breach; and is continually driving in fresh Wedges, that the useful Separation may be kept from clofing; as a knavish Surgeon supplies a Wound with fresh Tents, to hinder it from healing, that by keeping it open, he may prolong the Cure for his own Advantage. When, by cunning Artifices, he has warm'd all Parties into a Humour of Diffention, his next Business, is, to coin and

and spread Abroad such taking Distinctions, that the giddy Multitude (who are always too fond and forward to embrace new Follies to their own Ruin) may be proud to bear as Badges of their Zeal to their different Opinions in Matters of Religion, or Marks of their Love and Loyalty to their Prince and Country, according to what Designs their unchristian Godfather, that gave em their nick Names, intends to carry on, under the mischievous Divisions he is about to widen. And to these nominal Symbols, as Malignant and Puritan, Cavalier and Round-head, Whig and Tory, High-Church and Low-Church. &c. he assigns such certain Principles, both in Religion and Government, asmay be most consentaneous to his wicked Purposes; so that whoever takes up the Name, must maintain the Tenets affix'd thereto. tho'never so heterodox, dangerous, or diabolical, or elfe he is look'd upon as a timorous Brother, that dares not advance even the Devil's Trident, to fight the Lord's Battel. When, by the Help of false News-Papers, pernicious Pamplets, fictitious Stories, and furprizing Whispers, he has thoroughly kindl'd up the Coals, and made the opposite Parties so jealous of each other, that they are both fo inflam'd, as to be ready to spit Fire in one ano-

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anothers Faces, he be fure dissembles with the richest Side, as least dangerous, and most profitable; and so seemingly espouses their Interest at all publick Elections, and in his Parliamentary Speeches, that he foon procures, among the strongest Party, the ravishing Title of a glorious Patriot; and depending on their Numbers for his steady Security, he then fets himself up behind the Curtain, as the zealous Advocate of the aspiring Faction; who, under the Rose, apply to their Favourite Idol upon all Occasions, and so tumble their Money into his gaping. Coffers upon every Application, that he is at last purchas'd to be their real Friend, tho' perhaps at first he meant no more, than to act the Part of a cunning Hypocrite: Yet still he gives such convincing Protestations of his Zeal and Fidelity to his flatter'd Prince, that credulous Majesty has scarce any Room left to doubt of his Sincerity; perswading his Sovereign to believe, that all these Bickerings and Divisions among his Subjects, may, at fuch a Juncture, by a little seasonable Management, be made highly useful to the Advantage of his Government; and if rightly temper'd with adue Proportion of agreeable Policy, may be so cultivated, as to advance the Regal Authority to a higher Pitch of Security, than

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than it stands at that Time when the Advice is given; and accordingly prepares a Scheme to the same Purpose, which is privately communicated to the Royal Hand, and back'd with fuch strenuous Arguments, and fubtile Delufions, as in a great Meafure prevail upon the Prince, and draw him to a Compliance. Then, in Order to put his new Stratagem in Execution, great Removes are made at Court, and none admitted to peep into the Arcana, but such who our corrupt Statesman has most dexterously prepar'd to carry on the Intrigue; Persons so loose in their Principles, and fo very mercenary, that they would fell their native Country to a Parcel of irreligious Blood-hounds, to fill their own Coffers, at the Folly and Expence of their weaker Fellow Subjects; and labour under the Umbrage of pretended Reformation, to reduce all beneath them into a Condition of Slavery, to raife themselves, and their Families, above the Reach of human Justice, and the Terror of the Laws. When he has thus fettl'dall Things pursuant to his Scheme, then, according to Jugurth's Sarcasm upon Rome, in its Declennsion, viz. All Things at Rome are to be had for Money. So that the Party which is richest, is sure to be uppermost; and a Golden Insidel is certain to have more Ju-Stice,

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flice, upon all Occasions, than the most righteous Christian. The money'd Side, like wild Horses, shall have the Liberty of running at Random, without the eafiest Bridle to restrain their Fury, whilst those surreptitiously divested both of Riches and Authority, shall be severely rid, and punish'd with a Curb; and if they offer to complain of their hard Ufage, shall be whipp'd and spurr'd, loaded and oppress'd with such intollerable Burthens, that shall inevitably sink 'em into a State of Misery. Thus, when an evil Minister has the Ear and Favour of a missed Prince, the Majority of a Nation are fure to be harrafs'd, 'till the Mercy of Omnipotence delivers fuch a Prince, and fuch a People, from the mercenary Hands of fuch State-Jockeys; who may be fure, whenever they let fly the Reins of Government, and chance to be difmounted from the powerful Saddle, that the same Bucephalus they undertook to govern, will trample them to Death, without the least Compassion, to the Satisfaction of their Prince, and the Joy of the People: For whoever is villanous in his Rife, must, in his Fall, be miserable.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

A Mbition is a noble Spur,
And the sublimest Passion;
It makes the Hero sty to War,
In Hopes to raise his Station.

Th' aspiring Soul no Rest can find,
Ambition rides upon ber;
And still provokes the gen'rous Mind
To soar in Search of Honour.

But Knaves, who by ignoble Ways
Shall hunt the Game that's noble,
And grow most infamously base,
To give their Country Trouble;

Are spurr'd by Av'rice, Pride, Revenge, Such diabolick Passions, To ruin Kingdoms, and unbinge The Government of Nations.

Such trayt'rous Sycophants profane True Honour and Ambition, In trampling over worthy'r Men, To mend their own Condition. An

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For be who does true Honour seek,
Is careful to maintain it,
And cannot do a shameful Trick,
Or cruel Deed, to gain it.

The Fool that does, must lose his End, And he but Honour's Bubble; For how can what's ignoble tend, To make a Knave more noble?

Climb as you can, but Spite of Pride,
Be just in e ery Station;
For none but Villains e er comply'd
To sell their King or Nation,

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# The Trimming Guide: OR, The Avaritious Priest.

HE is a grave Gentleman, who wears his Religion in his Robes, his Vertue in his Looks, and his Conscience in his Pocket: For were it not for his Gown, the World would scarce be able to deter-mine, by his Practices, whether he was a Christian, or an Infidel. The chief Article of his Faith, is, That the good Things of this Life, are very comfortable Bleffings; and that he may as lawfully prevaricate, as a Lay-man to pertake thereof. Therefore, tho his Countenance cheats a whole Parish at once, with its outward and visible Signs of an inward and spiritual Grace, yet he is no sooner out of his Pulpit, but he will be easily tempted, with a less Bribe than a Bishoprick, to disfent from that very Doctrine, which, before the powerful Temptation was thrown into his Way, he could always find Scripture enough to verify. But now the Tide is turn'd, and his mercenary Conscience is pick'd even out of its last Sanctuary, the

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the Pocket, to make Room for Mammon; which his Holiness has the Grace to esteem of more Value, than all the ten Commandments: So prevailing a Bait is that intoxicating Metal, that neither the Precepts of Religion, the Reverend Gown, the Title of Doctor, and a good fat Benefice to boot, are sufficient to restrain an avaritious Man from the farther Search after unnecessary Riches; or withold him from complying with fuch mischievous Innovations, as perhaps may be the Downfal of the Church, and the utter Ruin of Religion; nay, if the Devil does but meet him at the Church-door, and tempt the miferly Apostle with a round Sum, or a better Living, let the fubtil Fiend but appoint him his Text, and give him his Dostrine, and the covetous Apostate will not fail to deliver the fame to the whole Parish: For if Satan does but hold up a Bag of Money in his Hand, the avaritious Miser, whether Priest or Lay-man, has no Power to look low enough to behold his cloven Feet. The Sense of his Duty is too weak to disswade him from the alluring Gugaw; 'till by gazing at the Bait, he steps into the Reach of the old Serpent, as a Squirrel, in admiring the Eyes of a Rattle-Snake, is deluded by their Lustre, to tumble into his Mouth. He is fo

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fo given to change upon all profitable Occasions, that an honest Man would be apt to guess, that he steer'd his Course not by the Doctrine of the Church, but the Weather-Cock of the Steeple: And if he has the Gift of Scribling, he is not only content to dishonour his Function, injure the Church, and damn himself, for the Jushious Profits of an exuberate Benefice. but he must cultivate his Apostacy with fpecious Arguments, and fallacious Reafonings, in order to delude others into the fame Errors, that a more general Conformity to his new-temporizing Principles, may the better palliate or excuse his own Recursion from the true Orthodox Fundaments of that Church, which he is bound, by his Ordination, to honeftly defend, and always persevere in. But instead of giving his misguided Flock so excellent an Example, he only teaches the mifjudging World, by his own Prevarications, to untile the Sanctuary in a high Wind; to mend the Tops of their own Houses; and instructs them, by his Practices, to facrifice the most holy Things to their abominable Interests. His avaritious Temper makes him so highly flatter his own Merits, that he cannot easily content himself without a Bishoprick; and is heartily refolv'd, that no Court-Re(137)

Revolution, or factious Impolition upon the Church, if but under the Title of Reformation, shall be any Choak-pear in his Way; for he is ready, at all Times, to shake Presbyter Jack by the Right Hand, or to extend his Conscience even to the utmost Point of Transubstantiation; nay, to comply with any Hellish Innovation, that the Devil, or his Agents, shall introduce into the Church, provided he can but be fure ro fanctify his Infamy with a Cope and Miter; for Interest alone is the grand Idol to whom he bends his Heart, and bows his Knee; and powerful Mammon, the Terrestial Deity, to whom he pays his most cordial Oblations, and his Should Julian, the devoutest Homage. Apostate, be his temporal Prince, and the Turks Mufti, be his Archbishop, they could propose no Alteration in either Church or Government, but he would fet his Hand to it, rather than quit the comfortable Investiture of an Episcopal Dignity; not that he values it so much for the Honour, as he does for the Income: For as for that Part of the Office that he finds unprofitable, he would not care Threepence, if it was given to his Chaplains. However, if he has neither Wit nor Learning enough to climb so high into Ecclesiaftical Authority, if any Body could affure

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fure him of a Salter's-Hall Congregation, he is a tender-conscienc'd Shepherd. of that wonderful Moderation, that he would foon preach a Farewel-Sermon to his Country Flock; turn his Gown and Cassock into a Puritan's Cloak; take an Oath of Abjuration against the adulterous Smock of the Whore of Babylon, and her Popish Porridge; and fall down-right to extempore Prayer, and preaching Nonfense without Book, rather than let flip to lucky an Opportunity: For as long as he has bound himself for Life to the Service of the Altar, he thinks it is but reafonable, that he should offer his lame Affistance to those Christian People, that will give him the best Wages. For as one God made us all, he conceives it no Ways inconsistent with the Duty of a Guide, to make his own Choice of his Congregation. He is an excellent Artist at the speedy Solution of all Cases of Conscience, for he weighs not the doubtful Point by the Ballance of Reason, but by that of Interest, prejudging all the Scruples of a tender Mind, that struggle in Rebellion with the fovereign Advantages of this Life, to be whimfical Traytors to human Happiness; and therefore ought, without any more ado, to be condemn'd and executed. He would be a rare Comforter 2-

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forter to a rich Man, that should ask him the readiest Way to Eternal Life; he would not prefume, like our holy Redeemer, to advise him to give all to the Poor, and follow Christ, but by his own niggardly Example, rather teach him to keep his All from them; and perswade him to believe: that Riches and Authority were the furelt The greatest Sin that Paths to Heaven. he thinks his Parishioners can be guilty of, is, robbing the Church of her Dues; and is so merciful a Shepherd to his poor Flock, and fo good a Christian, that he would fooner undertake to absolve 'em of the damnable Sin against the holy Ghost, than he would for give the profligate Wretch that should circumvent him of his Tythes: For if the Anathema of the Church, or the Laws of the Land, are sufficient to punish him, he will be fure to bring him under both Curses; for he will have his Revenge, tho' it causes him to melt a few of his Indian Idols amongst the Lawyers, to whom he is much readier to part with his Money, than either to God's Pensioners, the Poor, or to his own Children. Tho' he is crept into the Sanctuary by a Side-Wind, and flourishes in the Pulpit, he is a Latitudenarian in his Principles. and defires to be thought fuch a fashiona nable Moderator, as to equally extend his Charity

Charity to all the Branches and Professors of the Christian Religion, even from the Pope of Rome, down to the preaching Cobler at Wapping New-Stairs: And therefore you that have a Mind to pin your Faith upon the good Man's Sleeve, may seek him 'till you find him.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

WHEN Avarice, that evil Root,
I'th' Heart of Man is planted,
No Riches will content the Brute,
For more will ftill be wanted.

But when 'tis rooted in a Priest,

'Tis worse than in a Lay-man;

He'll turn for Int'rest East or West,

And never be the same Man.

Who would on such a Guide depend,
For Heavenly Instruction,
Who, to obtain his wealthy End,
Would side with any Faction?

Expose his boly Mother, which
He should defend from Evil;
And would, no Doubt, to grow more rich,
Turn Vicar to the Devil?

Well may the Flock their Bounds mistake, When Shepherds that command em, For Intrest Sake the Fences break, To let em run at Random.

If the poor Sheep must punish'd be, For straying God knows whither, The Pastor cannot sure go free, That drives or leads 'em thither.

He that presumes to be a Guide, Ought well to know his Duty, And, if he sees you step aside, To instruct ye, and consute ye.

But Guides, that from Religion rove, And on its Precepts trample, Deserve some Judgment from above, To make them an Example.

## The Beau-Officer: OR, The Coward in Commission.

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'HO' his Friends, and his Money, have purchas'd him a Commission, and a Soldier's Livery; yet he is so great a Lover of Peace, in his own Nature, that he thinks one Chamber-Conquest over a beautiful young Lady, worth two Field-Victories; and therefore hates the Thoughts of loling an Eye in the Battel, left the fatal Disfigurement of his handfom Face, should render him a rough-hewn Scare-crow to the fair Gender. Nor was it the modest Assurance he entertain'd of his own Fortitude, that spurr'd him to the Choice of a warlike Station; but having heard, that the Ladies are as great Admirers of heroick Scarlet, as the feather'd Songsters are of the Spring's Verdency; and that every Venus is willing to put her Beauty under the Protection of a Mars. He was only covetous of creeping into the Lobster's Shell, as the Fox does into the Badger's Hole, to secure himself the better in the Favour of the kind Sex, from whom he is fearful fearful of no Challenge, but what he dares to answer. Whilst 'tis his good Fortune to remain on this Side of Danger, in his own native Country, he loses no Time in diversifying his Amours among all those Ladies, who give him the least Countenance, 'till, by Degrees, he multiplies his Mistresses to the Number of Solomon's Concubines, or the Turk's Seraglio; and, perhaps, scarce one Curtizan among them all, but what has been exercis'd by more Lovers, than our noble Captain ever had Soldiers under his Discipline. Tho' he has no Estate, he has always the Ambition to live beyond his Pay, which he lengthens out, by diving into the Cabinets of kept Mistresses, over whom he makes it his Business to have a peculiar Ascendancy 5 and fo by borrowing of Guineas, which he never pays, and nimming of Rings in Jest, which he fells in Earnest, he makes a decent Shift to fwagger, and look big, above much braver Gentlemen in the same Post, who scorn to be guilty of such dishonourable Actions. When the Trumpet founds, and he is forc'd to leave his Down-Beds, and foft Mistresses, fore against his Will, for long tiresome Marches, courfe Provisions, and a Campaign-Lodging; being very unwilling to publish his Cowardise to a whole Nation, he puts the

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best Countenance he can upon the terrible Allarm; and after many Struggles in his effeminate Breast, between Fear and Honour, he makes a hard Shift, by the Help of good Claret, to fortify his Mind with a Resolution strong enough, as he fansies, to behave himself manfully, and to look Death in the Face; tho every Time he thinks foberly of the ugly Raw-head and Bloody-bones, it makes him ready to trem-At last, according to Order, he takes Shipping, with his Men; and tho' he bully'd them before, as if they were a Parcel of Hedge-Scoundrels, bred up to nothing but stealing Poultry, and robbing Hen-Roofts, now he behaves himself to the poor Rogues in Red, with that Familiarity and Tenderness, as if he valu'd them as the only Bulwark that could keep him Shot-free. No fooner is he out at Sea, where the angry Waves, with their foaming Heads, seem to threaten Destruction, but his Appetite to good falt Beef and hard Bisket, is quite lost. He is so terribly frighted with the Dangers that furround him, that he is almost afraid to peep over-board, lest some monstrous Leviathan should arise up by the Ship-side, and fnap his Head from his Shoulders. If a Storm happens to furprize him, it is ten to one, but, to the Damage of his Britches,' Britches, he falls unhappily into a violent Loofness; which, the the Effect of Fear. he excuses by being Sea-sick, tho' his Distemper, in Reality, is no more than the Heart-Ach. When he has happily furviv'd the imminent Dangers of the Seas, and is fafely landed upon Terra firma, for a few Hours he feems a little comforted: But as foon as the Thoughts of Sword, Ball, and Gun-powder, and the melancholy Apprehension of Blood and Wounds, begin to terrify his Brains, he marches his Company with as much Leisure to the Camp, as a fearful Convict walks up Hill to a Country-Gallows; and grows fo wonderful fick upon the near Prospect of a sharp Engagement, that he is forc'd to be carry'd from his Tent, to some neighbouring Village, and there puzzle the Doctor with fome diffembled Paroxyfm,'till the Action is over; which comfortable News revives his Heart, beyond the best of Cordials. So that he recovers Time enough to get a Furlow to embark for England, as foon as the Campaign is over 5 and by giving the Doctor a very generous Gratuity, has his dangerous Sickness confirm'd to the Colonel, in Excuse of his Cowardise: Yet when return'd Home, has the Impudence to blufter like as brave a Hero as the best of them, and having 111industriously gather'd a good Account of the Battel, in every Coffee-House where he comes, is of twice the Service of a News-Paper, to the liftening Mechanicks, whilft they are sipping off their Ninny-Broth. And this is all the Advantage his Country receives from the martial Service of fuch a finickin Beau, who is much more fit to act the Part of a Peacock, and spread his Plumes in the calm Sun-shine, than to endure the Fatigues of a severe Campaign, or manfully fustain the sanguinary Terrors of a threatening Battel. fore I would advise him, like a Friend, to lay down the Sword for the future, and apply himfelf wholly to the Petty-coat; for he is better qualify'd to pleasure a Lady, instead of her Lap-Dog, than to look an Enemy in the Face, and to make his regular Approaches towards the fatal Mouth of a loaded Cannon.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Rue Fortitude in Poor or Rich,
Is such a graceful Talent,
That ev'ry Coward has an Itch
To be accounted valiant.

Some cheat the World with Soldiers Cloths, And strut in Red, like Heroes, When they've scarce Courage to oppose An Army of Cock-Sparrows.

Others in Publick fight Sham-Duels, On Purpose to be parted, And bully poor submissive Fools, They know to be faint-hearted.

Or else in Play-house, at a Night, Contend about their Doxies, And draw their hurtless Blades, to fright The Ladies in the Boxes:

Who squeak, that Menwith brandish'd Swords
Should prove so rash and silly,
When they themselves, with fewer Words,
Would stand a Thrust more freely.

Thus Dastards many Ways contrive To seem robust and froward, And oft, against their Nature, strive To shunthe Name of Coward.

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Tet ev'ry Man, we plainly see,
Is fearful of his Brother;
Or why should one desire to be
Thought braver than another?

Therefore, since Courage is a Name; That most Men do delight in, The Scarlet Beau we must condemn, That is avers'd to sighting.

The

## The Ambitious Mercenary: OR, The Climbing Lawyer,

Is a voracious Monster, who, like the Sea-Leviathan, increases his Magnitude, by devouring the leffer Fry of his own Fellow-Creatures; yet he is so tame a Wolf, notwithstanding his Cruelty, that he fuffers himself to be link'd with a golden Chain to any prevailing Faction; at whose Command he lies always ready (like a fiery Bull-Dog at the Feet of his Bear-Garden Master ) to worry any Opponent, that shall dare to interpole the least Stumbling-block in the wicked Paths of his espous'd Party. His Brains are so Worm-eaten by the crawling Defires of Riches and Authority, and his Conscience so canker'd with the Rust of Interest, that rather than lose a profitable Post, and be disappointed of his Ends, he would even face about against a lawful Government, and act the Part of a Solicitor Cook, to the Subversion of the State, and the blackening of his Sovereign. By a close Application to that Labyrinth, the Law, 40.

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Law, he has made himself a Master of all those little Turnings and Windings in that intricate Maze, by which some Men are led out of the World, and others out of their Estates; and the more Mischief he is able to do, the higher Value himfelf, as well as his Party, puts upon his own Merits. His Eloquence consists in tedious Harangues, frothy Circumlocutions, and impertinent Sarcasms; which being glos'd over with uncontroulable Confidence, and invincible Audacity, are suffer'd often to prevail against right Reason, sound Judgment, Modesty, and good Manners. is a bufy Gentleman of a double Capacity, who always goes guarded and loaded, like a Bee in May; for he has Honey for his Clients, and a Sting for his Adversaries. His Tongue is like the double Nossel of a Party-Pump, which he can turn both Ways, either pro or con; tho' he has always fo great a Regard to his own Interest, as to supply that Side with the greatest Constancy, who apply to him the oftenest, and never attempt to touch the Handle of the Pump, but with a gilded Palm. That which chiefly recommends him to the Favour and Esteem of an aspiring Faction, are the Proofs and Testimonies he has given, from Time to Time, of the Pride of his Heart, the Violence

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lence of his Tongue, and his Affection to Interest; knowing that such a Bramble, which abounds the most with Thorns and Prickles, is the fittest Snare to entangle the Sheep; and to tear the Fleece off the profitable Backs of that innocent Flock they have a Mind to persecute, that they may cover themselves with the same Wooll, and disguise their own Ferocity under the Sheeps Cloathing. The Man that knows him, and hears him exercise his Lungs before the great Divan, may easily guess at his Fee, by his Intonation, or his Modesty; for, like the Flyer of a Cook's Jack, his Tongue always moves faster or slower, according to the Weight of the Gold you are pleas'd to add to him. One Ounce Troy of the best Metal, will make him rattle like a Throwster's Mill: But he that would have his Cause patiently defended, must give him but a Guinea; for he is fuch a Retailer of his Eloquence, that he feems to measure it out at so much a Sentence, as a Linnen-Draper does his Fustian at so much a Yard; and is wifely refolv'd never to hazard talking himself into a Consumption, lest he be largely pay'd for it. He is always fo intent upon the Severity of Justice, that he never cares to give the least Room for Christian Mercy; and is so great a Stran-

ger to Compassion, that his Practices have assur'd the World, he has held an Aver-'fion to the same Vertue ever since he pass'd his Mootings; for he is deaf to every Thing that brings not Money along with it; nay, loves in others to find Rigour and ill Nature, well knowing that the most spiteful Persons, if they have but Riches, always prove the most profitable Clients. Of all Professions, he thinks his own the most honourable; and has so little Regard to the more venerable Robe, that he thinks the Interpreters of the Law are more useful Guides, as Times go, than the Preachers of the Gospel; and that the Bible of late Days has done more Good in Westminster-Hall, than it has in Westminster-Abby. He has an extraordinary Knack of worrying a Cause, baiting a Witness, and blackening an Adversary, that unfortunately flips into his mercilefs Clutches; for if he can but catch him at a Why not, his Tongue is always tipp'd with fuch unmannerly Aggravations, that instead of modestly improving the Advantage that is given him, he cannot forbear belching thro' his Teeth fuch a Parcel of scandalous Invectives, more odious to the Ears of a charitable Man, than a Foot-man's Fizzle to a Lady's Noftrils; and all to gratify the inveterate Malice of fome

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some contentious Faction, who never make Choice of any other for their Agents, but fuch that can trample upon Conscience, abandon Morality, and dispense with the Rules and Precepts of Christianity, to oppress and ruin those who have too much Honesty, and too little Avarice, to strike in with their Measures, and commit great Evils, for the Sake of small Wages. His Ambition is fo great, and the Opinion of his own Merits so extreamly partial, that he cannot content himself in a middle Station, but is ready to stride over the Heads of his elder Brethren, to climb into the upper Classis, which, God be thank'd, is kept out of his Reach, and I hope will be, till ill Nature and worse Language shall be fufficient to recommend him to that lofty Pitch; which tho' his Hopes are groundless, yet his Pride aspires to, notwithstanding he never could meet with the least Encouragement under so gracious a Government.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

The Patience of the Student,
Who knows it must be reckon'd wise,
Who shuns it, full as prudent.

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It is so deep, so wide, so vast,
So powerful and commanding,
That, like God's Grace, 'tis almost past
All human Understanding.

Of Subtle Snares and Traps, 'tis full,
To catch unwary Fools in;
And has more cunning Paths, than all
The Kingdom that it rules in.

It makes the furly Clowns and Swains Pay Homage to their Betters; And binds the Rich with little Chains, But loads the Poor with Fetters.

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It does the money'd Miser Right Against his helples Neighbour; It gratifies the Great Man's Spite, And makes the Needy labour.

It measures out the Bounds of Kings,
And keeps the Subject humble;
Who otherwise, at little Things,
Would be too apt to grumble.

The Law it self is truly good;
Men would without be Devils;
But when not practis'd as it should,
It proves the worst of Evils.

Therefore, the Man, who, for a Fee Or Bribe, shall misapply it, In common Justice ought to be Severely punish'd by it.

The

## The Prodigal Upstart: OR, The Citizen turn'd Gentleman.

TE was bred a Mechanick; but purfuant to the old Proverb, viz. That Fools have Fortune, he has accidentally jump'd from behind the Compter, into the ill-got Estate of some old miserly Uncle. who has fent himfelf to the Devil by outwitting young Heirs, cozening Widows, and defrauding Orphans, to leave the evil Fruits of his wicked Labours to the unpolish'd Off-spring of some illiterate Brother, who, by the Dint of Rural Agriculture, together with the Advantage of a kind Landlord, and a profitable Farm, made Shift to fend the Darling of the Family up to Town, to be bound an Apprentice to some topping Trades-man; where behaving himself like a good, as well as a great Boy, and shewing all the Signs of a niggardly Temper, as well as the early Appearances of a promifing Industry, he curries such wonderful Favour with Alderman Doodle, his curmudgeonly Uncle, that he never came near the Shop, but he most bountifully beflow'd flow'd a Penny or Two-pence upon his hopeful Kinsman, and a great deal of good Advice into the Bargain, back'd with abundance of large Promises, in Case he prov'd but a careful Servant to his Mafter, and a good Husband for himself; which the crop-ear'd Stripling fo attentively receiv'd, that he daily increas'd in the old Mammonist's Affection, who, in a little Time after his young Favourite-Nephew had shifted off the Yoak of his septennial Servitude, happen'd to step over the Groundfel of Life's Back-door, leaving all that he had scrap'd together over the Devil's Back, to his joyful Kinfman; who now disdaining all the groveling Thoughts of Trade and Shop-keeping, is refolv'd to fet himself up for a compleat Gentleman; believing, fince Fortune had bles'd him with a plentiful Estate, that he could want nothing elfe but Whores, Hounds, and Horses, to truly qualify him as a fashionable Armiger, and a generous Benefactor to the Common-weal: Which chargeable Conveniences being careful to procure with all possible Speed, he shifts off the home-spun Deportment of a City Plumb-picker, and takes upon him the Character of a Middlesex Gentleman; and because he would appear to be as good Flesh and Blood as other Hogs-Puddings, a He-

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a Herald is confulted about his Arms, who, to humour the Pride of the young Upstart, derives his Genealogy from the Dumbletons of Cumberland, and fends him packing with three Wood-Cocks for a Coat, and an Owl for his Crest; and away goes Beau Shallow-Wit, as well fatisfy'd with the Antiquity of his Family, as if he had been first Cousin to Duke Humphrey. Hunting he looks upon to be so noble a Sport, that tho' he has a Pack of Dogs of his own, at Board-Wages among his Tenants; yet he would not be tempted, for half the Universe, to live out of the Cry of my Lord Mayor's Hounds, because he had the Honour to be bred amongst them, meaning in that City to which the Curs are useful Servants, as well as himself a Member. Therefore he cares not to refide above four Miles from London, lest he should lose the Benefit of their charming Musick, and the delightful Conversation of old Tun-belly'd ?---s, of whose Riding and Drinking his Worship has more Stories, than ever were told of Robin Hood and Little John, by a super-annuated Sportsman. He is fuch a Beau on Horfe-back, that he may be easily distinguish'd in the Field from the rest of his Companions, by the Blackness of his Boots, the Brightness of his Spurs, the Cleanness of his Gloves, and

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and the Whiteness of his Bridle: For he always looks as fpruce, when he mounts his Hunter for the Chafe, as a finicking Bridegroom nicely dress'd up for the Marriage-Ceremony. And were you to fee him fet forth out of his own Stable-Yard in all his neat Formalities, with a new Piece of Whip-cord at the End of his Whip, and a white Ribbon to the Handle, you would think he was going to vie Cleanliness with Sir Courtly Nice; and that even his Horse, by the Smoothness of his Coat, lay in Holland Sheets, as well as his Mafter. Notwithstanding the Finery of himfelf, and his Gallopper, a Man would imagine, by his Talk, he was fo keen a Sports-man, that nothing could outride him; yet he would no more take a Gate. for Fear of breaking his Neck, or a Hedge to endanger the scratching of his Boots, or the ruffling his Periwig, than he would venture to draw a Sword in Defence of himself, or in the Service of his Country. When he comes into Company, the Qualities of his Horse, the Truth of his Watch, the Lustre of his Diamond-Ring, the Goodness of his Periwig, and the Excellence of its Maker, are the chief Topicks of his effeminate Impertinence: And if any Body wants to know the Prizes of any Thing that he carries about him, if they will

will but have Patience, he will certainly tell them without Enquiry. But should a Person presume to ask him the Price of Grocery, notwithstanding he was bred to it, he would take it as the highest Indignity that could be put upon a Gentleman: For nothing vexes the young Upstart more. than to remind his Worship of his feven Years Apprenticeship. Should a Letter be brought him, without the Title of Esquire upon the Superscription, he would fooner forgive a Friend that should rival him in a Mistress, than so gross an Affront in fuch an unmannerly Acquain-The chief of his Conversation. tance. are Sports-men, Jockeys, and unletter'd Rakes, like himse, who delight in no-thing but Hunting, Drinking, and Whoring, rnd never talk of any Thing, but what's as shameful as their Actions. He is frighted from Matrimony, by the Prostitutes that cully him, and the Lewdness of his Companions, who are always railing against the Female Sex, as Misers do against the Knaveries of their Lawyers; tho' the former can no more live without the one, than the latter without the other. As he was bred a Mechanick, tho' his Fortune is large, the Narrowness of his Education makes him averse to the Society of all well-bred Gentlemen: For the Discipline

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pline of the Paring-Shovel, sticks fo close to his Ribs, that he has no true Tafte of any Satisfaction or Enjoyment, that foars above the Level of a bawdy Story, or intoxicating Bumpers. Gaming, for want of understanding it, he has no great Itch to; but is as lavish of his Money at a Hackney Horse-Race, as a kept Harlot is of her finful Earnings at Baffet or Omber. Nor has he any other Arguments to back his idle Discourses, or his ridiculous Asfertions, but his bluftering Offers of extravagant Wagers; which if any will anfwer, he dares not lay, because affur'd of losing. For, like a talkative Traveller, he commonly reports what he knows to be false; and, to strengthen the Matter, will frequently propose what he means not to stand by. Thus he hurries on his Life like an unthinking Libertine, spending that like a Fool, which was got like a Knave; 'till his Extravagance confumes his Riches, before he has spent his Days; or his Vices end his Days, ere he has ruin'd his Estate.

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Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Ould the rich Miser but foresee How all h' as basely gotten, By his proud Heir will lavish'd be; When he is dead and rotten;

Sure he would never be that Fool,
To toil away his Vigour,
Or cheat the World, and damn his Soul,
To live a wealthy Beggar!

No mouldy Fragment would be eat, And punish craving Nature, To make his Hoards the more compleat For others that come a'ter;

But on expensive Dainties dine, Enrich'd with noble Sauces, And in Salubrious Bowls of Wine Drown all his Cares and Crosses:

Live well on Earth, no Pleasures Spare, When Inclination offers; And ne'er be damn'd, to give an Heir The emptying of his Coffers.

For who would toil to fill his Bags, And trot with Bond and Tally, For nothing but unwholfome Rags, To hide an empty Belly?

Such

(161)

Such covetous unthinking Slaves,
Are doubly damn'd, most surely,
For getting Money first like Knaves,
And next for living poorly;

That Spend-Thrifts, govern'd by no Rules,
When they are dead, may have it
To fling away as much like Fools,
As fordid Misers save it:

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#### The Severe Magistrate:

The Proud Man in Authority.

HE is one of Lucifer's Darlings, con-jur'd, ab Inferno, into the upper World, on Purpose to gratify the Devil's Spite, in diffurbing the Peace and Happiness of Mankind. His highest Felicity, is, to oppose all above him, and oppress those beneath him; for he cannot look upwards, without Envy; nor downwards, without Contempt. He is fo haughty in Authority, and so malapert in an Office, that he is a perfect People-Plaguer; and fo very troublesom to all his Country-Neighbours, that he is dreaded more by the Inhabitants about him, than a Press-Constable by a Gang of skulking Vagabonds. He is fo bufy a Raker into other Men's Faults, that he may properly be term'd a very Scavenger to the Laws; and is so glad of an Opportunity to bury other Peoples Reputation in their own Rubbish, that he never fuffers the least Failing to pass unpunish'd, if it lies but within the utmost Extent of the most severe Statute, which he always

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has as ready in his ill-natur'd Mind, as a School-Boy has his Accidence. If an honest Man happens to be fuddl'd, tho' it proves the only Time in feven Years that he has fallen a Victim to the Pitcher; yet if any Rascally Informer can but convict him of the Vice, he shall furely pay the Penalty, or have one of his Shanks fuffer Imprisonment by the Hour, as if his Legs were greater Criminals, than the rest of his Body, because they carry'd him to the Ale-house: Notwithstanding his Worship will drown his own Brains in a Deluge of March-Beer, twice or thrice in a Week; and make himself so remarkable a Clod-pate to the Company he keeps, that he cannot decline Asimus thro' the singular Number, without proving himself to be the very fame Creature. He is ambitious of being thought, by all fober Christians, a most zealous Suppressor of Prophaneness and Immorality, and is accordingly very industrious to detect and punish all such vicious Offenders, not thro' any vertuous Principles, that his Worship can boast of any more than his Neighbours, but rather to gratify the infulting Severity of his austere Temper. For there is not one Vice or human Frailty, but what he fructifies more by his own finful Examples, than he discourages by all the Penalties he inflicts M 2

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flicts daily upon others: Nor is it long tince one of his own Maid-Servants became a fwelling Evidence of his Worship's manly Performances. However, he is fo trusty a Magistrate in the Execution of his Authority, that he can behold the Mote in his Brother's Eye, without pulling out the Beam, which fo obviously ecclipses his own weaker Sight. Yet, after all, he is so true a Whig, and so hearty an Espouser of Revolution-Principles, that he will ride five Miles from his Parish-Church, to countenance and encourage a new Meeting, and twice as far, to tender the Oaths to a poor Non-Jurant Clergy-Of all the Statutes which have, of late, been provided for the better Preservation of the publick Welfare, he is most enamour'd with that, which was so timely made for the better Security of the Game, because he finds it so excellent a Preventitive against all Manner of Idleness, that it will not give him Leave to nod himself into a Lethargy, in his Elbow-Chair, nor suffer him to drink himself into a Dropfy, for want of other Business: For he is so continually imploy'd in taking away Dogs, Guns, and Nets, and in binding over Poachers to the Quarter-Sellions, that he has scarce Leisure enough to do one generous Action in a Quarter of a Year:

Year: For, according to the Act, he takes fuch abundance of Care in fecuring the Game, I mean to himself, that there is scarce a Hare, or a Partridge, to be seen within three Miles round him, but what shall be found at his own Table; and there they appear daily, during the whole Season, in Leashes and Covies so abominably plentiful, that the Journey-man Justice, his Worship's Clerk, eats more hollow Bits in one Week, than ever a Gentleman about him, does in a Month: For his Worship takes Care to make himfelf and his Man fuch compleat Sportsmen, that they destroy at least twelve Times as many as any Body else; and, under a lawful Pretence of fecuring the Game, become the greatest Poachers in the Country. Amongst the rest of his Duties, he is so very industrious to rid the Country of idle Vagabonds, that none but his own Tenants shall be able to keep a Man-Servant, to affift them in their Drudgery, but what shall be fold to a recruiting Officer, at so much a Head, as if his Worship had as good a Right to them, as he has to his own Cattel. To add to his Qualifications, he's fo rare an Examiner into the bawdy Mysteries of a living Tympany, that if a Girl, who, by tumbling backwards upon a Hay-mow, happens to M 3 look

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look a little big upon the Parish, be but brought before him to swear her Hanson Kelder upon some amorous Coridon, he will inspect so narrowly into the lushious Particulars of the illegitimate Mischance, that he must know even where, when, how often, which Way, and after what Manner, the pretty Business was consummated; whilst my Lady stands hid in a convenient Closet, to tickle her Ears with the prurient Circumstances of the whole Intrigue, wishing that her felf, with Safety to her Honour, could accidentally in the Dark tumble undiscover'd beneath the vigorous Assaults of so robust a Lover, as jumbled the poor Girl into fuch a duplicate Condition. When his ftern Worship, before the grave Church-Wardens, has fifted as far into the bawdy Arcana, as the best of his Judgment will give him Leave, away they all go with his Worship's Hand and Seal, in Search of the poor Clown, who has made fo home a Trefpass upon the Wench's Virginity. But whenever he is hawl'd, Coram nobis, by a Country-Guard, my Lady well remembring how often he repeated his amorous Attacks, thinks it great Pity, that a Fellow fo able to get Soldiers at Home, should be fent Abroad; and so, out of wonderful Compassion, intercedes with her Husband, that the

the vigorous Fornicator may give Security to the Parish, and be kept out of the Service. Thus his Tun-belly'd Magnisseence, with lowering Austerity, rules, like a petty Prince, over his rural Neighbourhood, swaggers like a Bully, drinks like a Dragon, huss every Body, cares not for any Body, and is belov'd by no Body.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Should the great Ruler of the Whole,
Look down on human Nature,
With the same Scorn the haughty Soul
Beholds his Fellow-Creature,

The Proud would dread those Ills they do
To their inferior Brothers,
Should Heav'n no other Mercy shew
To them, than they to others.

With what strange Insolence can Man Expect to be forgiven, Who proves as cruel as he can To all the Sons of Heav'n?

Envy, Severity, and Pride,
Are Qualities so evil
In Magistrates, that they're ally'd
To Witchcraft and the Devil.

Mildness

Mildness and Mercy, ought to be The gentle Gifts and Graces Of Persons in Authority, Who sit in lofty Places.

'Tis true, the awful Brow, we find, Becomes a pow'rful Station; But let the Heart be still inclin'd To Mercy and Compassion.

The Sword of Justice cuts too keen,
If us'd with Heat and Passion;
It therefore should be lay'd on Men
With Christian Moderation.

The Wise, the Merciful, and Just,
Who've Consciences to bind'em,
Are only sit for publick Trust:
But who knows where to find'em?

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## Riches acquir'd before Discretion:

OR,

The young Extravagant Heir just come to an Estate.

7 Hilft feated at the University, beneath the severe Discipline of a careful Tutor, he receives the joyful News of the old Gentleman's Death; which proves as welcome a Surprize to the young Extravagant, as a Father's Proposal of an agreeable Match does to his buxom Daughter. 'No fooner is the fudden Gladness of his swelling Heart disguis'd with a melancholy Sute of fashionable Mourning, but he as hastily takes Leave of that learn'd Society, the College, and with as much Alacrity, as an insolvent Debtor does the close Confines of a comfortles Jayl, when after a long Imprisonment he has obtain'd Mercy of his compassionate Creditors. His first Journey is to the Mansion-House, to remove the lifeless Remains of his defunct Father to the Tomb of his Ancestors, where the mouldy Ashes of the whole Family are carefully preserv'd in **Subterranean** 

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fubterranean Peace against the Day of Judgment. No fooner has he got rid of the paternal Rubbish, and sent it packing upon four Men's Shoulders, to that venerable Dungeon, the vaulted Grave, to be a filent Companion with the Bones of his Progenitors, but the Servants are difcharg'd, and the Mannor-House, with the Lands adjacent, turn'd into a Farm; and then up comes our callow Gentleman to Town, with a rakish Resolution of enjoying all the lushious Vanity of this wicked Sodom, which abounds at all Times with every finful Temptation, that the Devil, or his Agents, can possibly contrive, to decoy Man aside, both from his Duty, and his Reason. The City he thinks too fober, and too regular for his Refidence; and is apt to fancy, by the Number of its Churches, that it's too much like a Univerfity, for a young Man to fin on, and be eafy in, without the Remarks and Reproofs of fuch confiderate Hypocrites, who are too avaritious to affect any Vice, but what is pleasant without Cost, or profitable without Scandal. Therefore he chuses to take Lodgings between the Play-House, and the Court; in which middle Station, he thinks a young Gentleman may be a Libertine, without Reflection, and rake on, without the Teaze of a friendly Reprehension,

hension, or the Fear of a reforming Constable. When thus happily feated in the very Center of Iniquity, where he must have great Fortune to discover a good Example once in a Twelve-month, that may give the least Check to his unbridled Appetites, or divert the Biass of his vicious Inclinations, he begins to follow the Doctrine of Lucretius, and is refolv'd to deny himself no Manner of Liberty, that may in any Kind be conducing to his juvenile Satisfaction. His Study now is utterly forfaken, for the loofe Conversation of empty Beaus, and rattling Block-heads: His Books laid aside, for the inebrious Use of Tavern-Pots and Glasses: His Philosophy chang'd into Fencing and Dancing; and his fober Recreations unhappily defpis'd, for the ruinous Delights of Drinking, Whoring, and Gaming. The Play-House is now become his principal Academy; and he is so vain to think, that there is better Education to be borrow'd from the Stage, than deriv'd from the University. His graceful Deportment, he industriously copies from the Majestick Struts of fome Theatrical Tyrant; and foolishly fansies there is more Rhetorick in the blustering Rhodomontade of a Stage-Hero, than in all Tully's Orations. He is fo wonderfully taken with the lascivious Jut of fair Helen's plump Buttocks, especially if the Gracian Beauty is but happily reprefented by a young tollerable Actress, that he would give a hundred Pounds to have a Night's Exercise with the tempting Prattle-box; which defir'd Happiness, were he but once acquainted with her, he might purchase for five Shillings, provided she was not pre-engag'd to gratify the Lust of some enamour'd Quality, at a much better Price. A new Set of Tunes make him nod his Head, like an angry Pedant at an unlucky School-Boy, or a jealous Ram at his distant Rival; and he will laugh more heartily at the fantastick Gestures and ridiculous Grimaces of a conceited Zany, than at the wittiest Jest in the whole Play. The Ladies he beholds with fuch defirous Satisfaction, that he thinks himself as happy, as if he had stollen privately into the Grand Seignior's Seraglio, and fancies himfelf in Paradife, for no other Reason, but because he thinks he has more Whores about him, than even Solomon had Concubines. If a mercenary Curtezan drops but her Fan in the Pir, to try the Complaifance of the young amorous Coxcomb, he stoops as nimbly to take it up, as if my Lady had been a Dutchess; and delivers the Instrument of Ventulation to her fair Hand, with fuch a profound Respect, as

if he was fond of so happy an Opportunity of shewing his humble Cringes to the more humble Petticoat; which, for half a Crown, would rife as nimbly as the Play-House Curtain, and answer any Man's Challenge with a clear Stage, and no Favour. Phillis finding by his ceremonious Deportment, that he wants the Forwardness of a Town-bred Gentleman, takes an Occasion to return his Civility after fuch an encouraging Manner, that he cannot move off without farther Tittle Tattle. 'till at last she hooks the young Fool as fast for a Night's Adventure, as if God Priapus had decreed the amorous Engagement, the better to embolden the unfinish'd Libertine in Love's Exercise for the future. Thus, by Degrees, he gains for deep an Infight into the Mysteries of Whoring, that, in a little Time, he can talk as impudently to a velvet Scarf, as to a fmutty Orange-Wench: But before he acquires more Sense and Experience, than to be a Bubble to a Jilt, he is forc'd to become one to a Surgeon; and is glad to pay a great deal more for his Punishment, than, perhaps, he did for the unfortunate Pleafure, that made him liable to so severe a Pennance. When the Needle of his Affection is thus unhappily touch'd with Love's mysterious Load-stone, he seems not distatisfy'd

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diffatisfy'd fo much with the Pain, as at the present Forbearance of that pleasing Exercise he so greatly delighted in; and therefore (angry at his ill Fortune) only curses the Consequence, before he has left the Vice; as avaritious Drunkards do their Tavern-Expences, yet have not the Vertue to resolve against Wine. Setting aside the great Veneration he has, when he is well, for the Conversation of the Petticoat, his chief Companions are, first, Rakes like himself; next, Spungers, Flatterers, and Sycophants, who live upon the Prodigal, as Suckers upon the Whale, or as devouring Caterpillars upon the flourishing Sicamore, who never forfake it, 'till they have stripp'd it of its Verdency. His Hibernian Fencing-Master, is so gallant a Hero with him, that the young Parrier gives as much Credit to all his Duelling Romances, and fictitious Rencounters, as if they were as true as the Apostles Creed, when they are all as fabulous as the terrible Combats between Guy Earl of Warmick, and the Giant Rumbus; and only invented to gull young Coxcombs into an Opinion of his Bravery, which feldom extends beyond a sdry Push with a harmless Foil, or a sham Bluster to scare a cowardly Bully out of fome common Bawdy-House. The nimble heel'd Regulator of his Bows and Cringes, Cringes, paffes with him also for a very compleat Gentleman: For he thinks, 'tis as impossible to win the Heart of a wellbred Lady, without his regular Approaches, and a fashionable Deportment secundum Artem, as it is to make a Lawyer his faithful Friend, without greafing him in the Fift. Gaming he efteems as a very honourable Recreation, because he hears it is a fashionable Pastime among great Men andCourt-Ladies; yet, thro'a cowardlyFear of the Dangers that arise over the Devil's Bones, he cares not much for Tavern-Play amongst quarrelsome Sharpers and Town-Bullies, left he should be oblig'd to hazard his Person, as well as his Money; therefore rather chuses to divert the Ladies at Baffet and Omber, to whom he may lose his Money with the Security of his Life, without Squabble or Contention, and, perhaps, have the Satisfaction of a Night's Lodging with the fair Winner into the Bargain. Thus, for want of Difcretion, he rakes away his Youth, and fools away his Money, 'till he has wasted his Estate, and unhappily brought himself at early Years, to a beggarly Repentance.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

A Vritious Age, or vicious Youth,
I know not which are wifer,
Since Riches are a Curse to both
The Spend-thrift and the Miser.

The Rake that's govern'd by no Rule, Has too much Wealth, if any, Because he spends it like a Fool, Whilst he commands a Penny.

The Covetous, the rich in Store,
With Bars and Locks abuse it;
And in the mid st of Wealth, are poor,
Because they fear to use it.

Thus one is with his Riches curs'd,

Because no Rules will hind him;

The other 'cause he starves, 'till forc'd

To leave his Wealth behind him.

Both are made wretched by Extreams;
One Spends without reserving;
Whilst to other's plagu'd with restless Dreams
Of Robbers, and of starving.

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But he that's vicious and profuse,
Is thought to be the better,
Because the Publick have the Use
Of what such Block-heads scatter:

Whilft be that doats upon his Pelf, Does fuch an Idol make on't, He'll neither use his Gold himself, Nor let the World partake on't.

Therefore, since both deservidly fall
Beneath our Condemnation,
Be not too close, or prodigal,
But spend with Moderation.

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The States-man's Minion:
OR,
The Politick Understrapper.

HE is a bold Sophister of quick Parts, tolerable Learning, firm of Resolution, and speedy in Dispatch. But as for Religion or Conscience, he has as little to boast of, as his wifer Master, to whom he is as serviceable, as the Jackall to the Lyon, or the Albecore to the Leviathan: For when ever his grand Domine has an evil Design in secret Agitation, it is his Minion's honourable Post to prepare the Way for the fucceeding Mischief, and to remove all Stumbling-blocks out of the Path, that the Machiavelian Project may work its Effect with the greater Facility. He is the Trumpeter of Faction, the Whifperer of Calumny, the Spreader of false News, the Oracle of his Master's Fame, the very Pimp to his Lust, and the principal Confident to all his other Vices. He is fo truly qualify'd for all Manner of Services, that he is fit to be a Cromwell to a Woolsey, a Tracy to an Essex, a Chevins to an amorous Monarch, or a Catamite to a Duteb-

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Dutch-Man. His Nature is fo well adapted to all Manner of Intrigues, that he's an incomparable Agent in all the Catalogue of Villainies, from the highest Treafon, to the lowest Fallacy; and, to gratify the Ambition of either his Master, or himself, will, with a graceful Impudence, outface undauntedly the most folemn Truth, affirm, in Publick, the most incredible Lie, infolently oppose the most convincing Reason, and strenuously defend the most pernicious Nonsense, if all will but answer the evil End so far, as to either blind the Ignorant, please the Well-wishers to the evil Design he is about to propagate, or prove but the least conducing to the intricate Affair intrusted to his Management. Besides all these extraordinary Talents, his Tongue is tipp'd with the very Quintessence of Facundity, which is a mighty Advantage in facilitating his Purpose; and has his evil Member so queintly hung with Flatteries and fair Promises. that he makes them as useful to all his crooked Defigns, as Crutches are to a lame. Man, or Spectacles to the dim-fighted. For he dives the deeper into others, by his wheedling Adulations; and oftentimes tips his Infinuations and Suggestions with fuch peceitful Promises of subsequent Advantages, that by these Means, he often wins N<sub>2</sub> Abettors

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Abettors and Promoters of his Stratagent in Hand, which would otherwise move as flowly as a loaded Waggon with half a Team, had he not Wit enough to timely gain fuch necessary Assistance: For no Rebellion can ever be ripen'd to a mifchievous Maturity, or the People mif-led to any dangerous Breach of Duty, or Pitch of Disobedience, without deluding Promises, and a false Prospect of some chimerical Advantage to engage them in the Villainy. He is a busy Visiter of all great Coffee-Houfes, where he is very industrious to fill the Ears of all fuch liftening Coxcombs and Mechanicks, who daily refort to fuch Places, to prepare their Understandings with stupifying Coffee, to swallow all such ridiculous Novelties as our politick Understrapper has a Commission from his Master to impose upon them: For if it be but News, and confidently vouch'd by a Man of Eloquence and Figure, tho' as false as the Devil, it will certainly pass Muster amongst unthinking Num-sculls, who never weigh any Thing in the Scale of Reafon, but the important Difference between prime Cost and Profit. If the factious Defign our evil Agent has in Hand, be levell'd at the Throne, and the Prince thereon is to be made an accountable Servant to his good Lords the People; then all the

the old Rogues, that ever have had the Impudence to preach or write on that rebellious Subject, must be highly extoll'd for their Wisdom, and their Sanctity; their Arguments hyperboliz'd, as angelical Inspirations; their Books recommended to the reading of all Companies, and themfelves represented as the worthiest Patriots of the Ages they liv'd in; when their pious Labours, as our Minion must call them, were indeed no more, than the poyfonous Froth of fanatical Choler, first rais'd into a Ferment by Zeal, Stubbornness, and Ignorance, and afterwards maliciously drawn off into tedious Harangues, dulcify'd with broken Texts of holy Scriptures, strain'd, and wrested to their wicked Purposes, and afterwards scatter'd amongst the Crowd, in order to fow Schisms in the Church, Sedition in the People, and Distractions in the State, But these are the celebrated Authors, whose excellent Works must be recommended to the Publick, that the groveling Multitude may timely recollect their rebellious Catechism, at such a Time when the Prince is to wave his Scepter to a rifing Faction. If the Endeavours of the States-man are to raise his Prince to a tyrannical Pitch, that his own Ambition may be the better answer'd that Way, hoping by his Authorities, he N 3 may

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may have the greater Power to oppress the Publick; then the principal Business of our politick Understrapper, must be to extol the Government of the Prince, magnify his Vertues, where ever he comes, gild all his Failings with the politest Adulations, that even the worst of his Vices, if it cannot be obscur'd, may glitter in the Eyes of the Subject, and pass amongst the Ignorant for a Royal Ornament. Loyalty he is to commend, as the highest Duty of all fubordinate Authorities, and is to openly encourage all pragmatical Constables, and other busy Incendiaries, to take the Advantage of every miss Word, that any imprudent Fuddle-cap shall happen to let fall over his Cups, in Difrespect to the Government; that by making Examples of fuch talkative Sticklers, it may be a Means to deter other warm Spirits from reviling the Ministry. When Matters are carry'd to a greater Height, and their Proceedings are more arbitrary; and when the Wings of the Prerogative are fo fufficiently stretch'd, that our corrupt Statesman can sit beneath them in safe Umbrage, and enjoy all the Advantages of Royal Greatness; then our Understrapper's Business is to drive Bargains, folicite Favours, receive Bribes, and difpatch, under hand, all the profitable Mysteries ries that relate to Royal Clemency; of which his grand Master, as well as himfelf, are to industriously make very unreafonable Advantages. The Prince is to be blinded, the People oppress'd, Divisions to be widen'd, the penal Laws to be let loose, the weaker Party to be worry'd, the stronger to be gratify'd; and then the Minion must be advanc'd to some considerable Post, that he may have the better Opportunity to be near his Master, for the easy Dispatch of such Business, which is no Ways to be manag'd, but behind the Curtain in the greatest Obscurity. thus advanc'd, the fortunate Minion drives on Jebu-like, and, with a heavy Hand, fmites all that oppose the Violence of his Speed with a Fereboam Stroke, 'till at last, the Eyes of the Prince are happily open'd by the wife Councils, prudent Admonitions, and feafonable Discoveries of some faithful Minister; and then the dangerous Ingroffer of Royal Favour, by a fatal Clap of unexpected Thunder, is fuddenly struck down from his lofty Pinnacle; and his trusty Creature, in his rising Glory, forc'd to hide his Head from the approaching Hurricane; or if not so wise, as to shun the Threats of the impending Storm, it is ten to one, but he will be seasonably made a Publick Example for the Iniquities

of his Master: For the great Flies commonly break thro' the Cobweb, whilst the lesser are detain'd, and forc'd to submit to the Mercy of the Spider.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Hoever bopes to rise alost

Beneath a towring Master,

Must think, in Spite of all his Crast,

To struggle with Disaster.

Minions are necessary Tools

To cunning Politicians;

And prove of Use, like knavish Fools,

To travelling Physicians.

What, tho' he's able to advise,
When e'er his Lord shall need it?
In all Things, where the Man proves wise,
The Master has the Credit.

But if my Lord mistakes his Aim, And in his Project sumbles, His Minion then must bear the Blame, When e er his Lordship stumbles.

So Madam, when a Trump is fled,
A modest Look will put on,
And charge the Fault upon her Maid,
Or else her Lap-dog Button.

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Great Quality must have their Skreens, To blind a foolish Nation; Or else their Faults, like other Men's, Would soon have Publication.

But they have twenty subtil Ways, To hide their sully'd Honour; Five Guineas to our Poet Bays, Will make him praise the Donor.

The Great, in short, disdain all Rules,
To steer by Inclination;
And must have fawning Knaves and Fools,
To save their Reputation.

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## The Promissory Gentleman: OR, The Fashionable Friend.

TE is your verbal humble Servant, upon all Occasions wherein you have no Need of him; and is so very forward of his Promises to serve you, when you have no Want of his Afliftance, that the windy Expressions of his auricular Friendship, are enough to puff up a credulous Companion into a Conceit of his Integrity. He never meets you, but he gripes your Hand, to the Detriment of your Knuckles, with as much feeming Cordiality, as if he had a Mind to incorporate his own Flesh and Blood with yours, thro' his Affection to your Person; and has his Tongue always tipp'd with as many infinuating Flatteries, as if he had chosen you, as Men do their Mistresses, to be the principal Object of his terrestrial Happiness. long as he finds he can preferve your good Opinion of him, he will haunt you, and follow you, as the Pig did St. Anthony; and will endeavour to perswade you, that he's never eafy, but in your agreeable Company. Company. To give you farther Testimonies of his wonderful Respect for you; if you are viciously inclin'd, you can propose no rakish Adventure, except fighting, but what he will readily be your Second in; and, rather than fail, will stand Centery at a Lady's Chamber-Door, whilst you rival her Keeper, or cuckold her Husband: Bear you Company at a Tavern a whole. Night with a Town-Strumpet, whore with you, drink with you, game with you, or do any Thing that is base, without Danger, to shew himself conformable. Should he die first, a single Man, in which State he hopes always to keep himfelf, you are the only Person he would certainly chuse for his fole Executor; which indearing Promise he frequently repeats, on Purpose to engage you to make the like Protestations; and then he thinks he has an equal Chance to be the fortunate Survivor. His Pocket is always at your Service, so far as a Debauch may require his Assistance; but to once that he lends, he will borrow twice; for he never does one Courtefy, but he will exact it double. His Money, tho' he values it next to his Heart's Blood, he feemingly places but fuch a flender Esteem upon, that you would think he deem'd it but as worthless Dross, that he knew no Use of, but to throw a-

way extravagantly; tho' his only Defign, is, to encourage you to be careless of your Pocket, that it may be the opener to his fubtil Encroachments, when he wants the Lend of a confiderable Sum, to do him Service upon a special Occasion; hoping, that at some Time or other, he may better his Fortune by your friendly Assistance, which is the principal Drift of all his flickering Adulations and amicable Affurances. If you happen to rife to any publick Post, or to better your Fortune, by the Death of rich Relations, he will stick as close to you, as a sucking Fish to a Whale, or a Snail to a Cabbage-Leaf. But if you happen to be depress'd by any fingular Misfortune, or chance, by any Accident to fall beneath the Frowns of the fublunary World, fo subject to Mutation, your Pretender of a Friend will be fo full of Bufiness at such a Juncture, that he will scarce find Leisure to pay you an ordinary Visit, 'till the Storm is blown over: Or, if he has the good Nature to come, with half a Mind, to condole your Misfortune, 'tis with fo much Caution, that if he finds your Circumstances such, as to make the least Attempt upon his Pocket, he has prearm'd himself, and fortify'd his Purse with fo many Excuses against such Attacks, that you may as well alk a Miser for a Sum Sum of Money, without good Security and large Interest, as to work upon the Sycophant, to do you the least Service. But if you are only afflicted with fat Sorrow, and want no Money to support you in your Troubles; then you will still find him fuch a close Comforter, that if ten thousand flattering Lies will give you the least Consolation, he will ply you with them as constantly, as an ardent Lover does a coy Mistress, with fresh Testimonies of his cordial Affection; and rather than lose a lucky Opportunity of making himself a Gainer, in the Close of his Friendship, were it your Destiny to be hang'd for killing a Watch-man, with Tears in his Eyes, he would beg your Watch, or your Diamond-Ring, to keep for your Sake, that when ever he look'd upon the one, or the other, it might renew his Grief, and cause him to lament, with the greater Zeal, the unhappy Loss of so true a Friend. If ever he happens, by the smiling Influence of blind Fortune, to rife above the Level of that Station. wherein your Friendship was contracted, the Air of his Countenance will be fo wonderfully chang'd, the Flexibility of his Temper so mightily stiffen'd, and his former Deportment so strangely alter'd of a fudden, that the Height of his Advance may

may be easily measur'd, by his Degrees of Variation from his old Familiarity: For you will then find the fawning Humility and conformable Acquiescence, which you mistook before to be the friendly Facetiousness of his natural Disposition, to be now chang'd to a peremptory Haughtiness, and fuch a careless Indifference towards his dear Friend, on whom, in the Times of Tore, he had so lavishly flung away such abundance of Flatteries, that you would think the Power that first made him, had metamorphos'd his Soul, as well as mended his Condition. And when thus elevated to a Pitch of Preferment, if he has any Thing in his Difpofal, which he is well fatisfy'd you would gladly accept of, tho' you make your Application never fo timely, you may rest under the Assurance of being last serv'd; because he will imagine you'll expect a Friendship, and that he cannot, in Honour, make his best Market of fuch an amicable Chapman: Therefore he will dispose of the Imployment, underhand, to the fairest Bidder; and then, to thift off the Blame from himself, charge the Occasion upon some Superior, whose Recommendation he was oblig'd to give Way to, upon the Hazard of losing his own Imployment. Thus, by backing his Ingratitude with fifty Falsities, he excuses the

the Matter; and so, after several such Sorts of Slights and Neglects, your Bosom-Friend dwindles, by Degrees, into Sir, your humble Servant; 'till, at length, all prior Obligations terminate in Oblivion.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

Riendship, so much by Sots profes'd, When o'er the merry Bottle, Like Woman's Vertue, is at best No more than Tittle Twattle.

The Courtier vows he'll be your Friend,
And pawns his Life upon it;
Yet will not merit, in the End,
The waving of your Bonnet.

The boon Companion, o'er his Wine, Will promife to befriend you; But when he finds you're hare of Coin, The Dev'l a Sous he'll lend you.

Tour Bosom-Lady now so kind, Who swears she doats upon you, Will fail you, if she once can find You stand in need of Money. Your very Brother will dispense With all the Ties of Nature, And take it for a great Offence, You should become his Debtor.

The Friend that you esteem the best, And think the most deserving, Should you by Fate be once depress'd, He'd soun you when you're starving.

But say, there is a Friend, and you've The lucky Wit to chuse him; Unless you can requite his Love, You'll very quickly lose him.

For Friendship never long can thrive,
Whilst Intrest is its Mother;
But soon must die, since all Men strive
To bubble one another.

## The Temporizing Zealot: OR, The Religious Mammonist.

E pretends highly to Religion, just as some Whores do to Abundance of Modesty; not thro' any Affection to its Precepts, but to put a Gloss upon his Villainies; as the other, by her referv'd Looks, hopes to do upon her Vices: And as the mercenary Strumpet generally proportions her Love to her Interest, and is most liberal of her Favours to those Cullies, that she gets most by; so our sanctify'd Weather-cock feems always most devout among those People he designs to bubble; and, with a shaking Head, tips the Member of Hypocrify with the most Scripture, when he designs to cheat you. He preaches up Conscience, just as the Fanaticks do Moderation, viz. That others may deal with that Honesty towards him, which himself will use to no Body. He is a halffac'd Christian, of that holy Policy, that he always tacks about, in every popular Change, to the Religion in Fashion; and can fix his Zeal to any profitable Point of modifh

modish Worship, with as much seeming Devotion, as a Whore fays her Prayers that very Morning she is going to be flux'd. He abounds with as much Loyalty, as Bow-Bells, or the Tower-Guns; for he can welcome in an Oliver, as well as a King; and make himself as noisy upon every Revolution, as if there could be no Change upon Earth, but what was of Heaven's fending. Tho' he loudly pretends to be a mighty Stickler for Liberty and Property, and roars, like a Dragon, about the Welfare of his Country; yet he makes no Confeience of cheating the Government of their Taxes, the Widow of her Downy, the Orphan of his Fortune, or the Church of her Tythes; as if he fearce allow'd any of these to be Christian Members of the national Community; and that he thought it no more Sin, to facrifice their Dues to his own Avarice, than it was to feal up his Bags from the Fingers of his Wife, or to lock up his Cupboard from his own Servants. If he can but squeeze himself into a pecuniary Post, in Spite of all the Religion the pious Knave professes, he will carefully preserve fuch a finister Communication between his Fingers and his Pockets, that the Fear of Detection will no more keep him honest, than the Love of God will make him charitable :

ritable; yet, the better to deceive the World, and to raise himself high in the Estimation of the Saints, he is always canting in publick Company about faving Grace and good Works, and continually preaching up those Vertues, which he never practifes; as Beaus commend the Perfections of great Ladies, they are wholly unacquainted with, and Bullies brag of those couragious Duels, they never durst His avaritious Soul is fo deepengage in. ly touch'd with the Love of Riches, that instead of pointing to Heaven, it always ftands as fix'd to worldly Interest, as the Needle of the Compass to the North-Pole: Bows to no other Idol, but his Wealth; and centers in no other God, but his belov'd Mammon. His first waking Thoughts, upon his Morning-Pillow, are constantly imploy'd in the notable Confrivance of fome profitable Fraud; the Business of the Day, after his up-rifing, is, to put it into Practice; and his Evenings's Diverfion, is, to laugh in his Sleeve at the Fools he has out-witted. When the Saints afpire high upon the Wings of Tolleration, he fanctifies his Face, shapes his Coat, and models his Devotion, according to the Fashion of the Righteous: But when, by their violent Moderation, they have forfeited that Liberty back to those that gave

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it; then he can change his Countenance, as the Camelion does his Colour; shake off the querpo Symbols of primitive Purity, and drefs himfelt up as much like an honest Man, as if he had never dissented from the true Church, and a good Conscience. He is always as punctual to his Word, as a Whore to an Assignation; but is never without the Cunning, to take Care how he ever makes a Promise to his best Friend, that does not terminate in his own special Advantage: So that all his boafted Regularity and exact Performances, are, in short, no more, than a constant Observance of his own Interest. When he claps his Hand upon his Breaft, and turns up his Eyes, before he makes his Utterance, you may take it for a Warning, he has Treachery in his Heart, and is about to deceive you: For when ever he expresses himself with the most Sanctity, he is certainly designing the greatest Fraud; as the Devil, when he appears like an Angel of Light, is always about to perpetrate the deepest Mischief. When ever the Sincerity of his Countenance is turn'd into a four Aspect, that he looks as crabbed as a Country Scold leading to a Cukking-Stool, you may be fure some of his holy Shams have disappointed him; and that he has met with some Saint or other,

other, who has countermin'd his Knavery,

and prov'd too far North for him.

The Affection of his Heart, is under a triangular Division, between the Bank, the Exchequer, and the East-India Company; for, upon all profitable Emergencies, his Riches are rowl'd in amongst them, that his mercenary Bags may gather, like a Snow-ball; and where-ever he ventures his Wealth, his Soul is always hovering; as the reftless Ghost of a defunct Miser loves to haunt the Place, where his useless Gold lies bury'd in a Butter-pot, that he may not want Money to fee good Counsel, to plead his bad Cause at the Day of Judgment. When ever he prays earnestly, 'tis for his good Success in some evil Undertaking, that he may not run the Hazard of damning his Soul to no Purpose; and never thanks God so heartily, as when he has added to his Prosperity, by knavishly over-reaching his weaker Neighbour. As his demure Countenance is zealoufly adorn'd with all the Lineaments of Hypocrify, fo his Heart is fill'd with all the villainous Craft, and his Head furnish'd with as many sinister Stratagems, as ever were found in Spanish Guzmon, or the English Rogue; for he hates the dilatory Way of getting Money honeftly; and loves nothing better,

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ter, than to play the Knave thoroughly, under the Mask of Religion, for a little hasty Profit. He is a mighty furious Partizan, and a violent Stickler for that Side which is uppermost: But if a Penny would fave, even a holy Brother, from the Teeth of a Statute, or the Claws of Satan, he would not part with it, without good Security, and an unreasonable Premium; for he never lends without Usury, nor deals without Extortion; yet he will talk as much of Conscience, and wrangle as heartily in Defence of Religion, as if he was ready to die a Martyr for his Faith; when he would fooner rob the Chancel of the Church-Plate, or turn the Saint's Bell into a Porridge-pot, than he would do one Act of Piety or Charity, without the fure Prospect of a speedy Advantage; For, in short, he is a meer Snail of a Christian; who, instead of a Cabbagestalk, sticks close to nothing but his own Interest.

Familiar

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

W E rave against the Whore of Rome;
But let our own Religion,
To th' Scandal of our Church, become
The Villain's Enchiridian.

'Tis the Knave's Handle to each Fraud,
By which he wrongs his Neighbours:
Each Robber too, implores his God
To bless his wicked Labours.

The very Bawd, that odious Beast,
The worst of Female Creatures,
Ith Church must twice a-day, at least,
Expose her wither'd Features.

She vainly strives to hide her Crimes
With a religious Vizard,
Altho' the Sow is fifty Times
More wicked than a Wizard.

The very Dame that lives by Love, And by her Buttock's Motion, In Publick will dishonour Jove With outward sham-Devotion;

She too has learn'd the pious Way, Like wanton holy Sifter, To blush and sin; then cry and pray, As soon as Man has kis'd her.

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The Trader to his Interest bends
The Faith, that he inclines to,
And serves the Lord for private Ends;
And so do some Divines too.

Vertue, in short, is so much sunk, That by the Rich and Noble, Down to the petty Knave and Punk, Religion's made a Bubble.

The

year, is Man has

## The Dignify'd Adulterer: OR, The Libertine of Title.

TE is generally match'd by his Parents, in his Youth, to some young halfgot puny Heiress of Quality, or to the only clumfy Progeny of some gouty Aldermen, for the Sake of her Fortune; whose aukward Deportment, disagreeable Temper, and other Imperfections, are fo far from being able to inflame the Heart of a Lover, or to engage the Affections of a youthful Husband, that they are rather Antidotes to that Love and Harmony, which must preserve the Happiness of a marry'd Life: So that he is no fooner enter'd into the Nuptial Bilboes, and the pleasing Thoughts of his Bed-fellow's Virginity vanish'd with the Blessing, but his amorous Inclinations begin to wander from his lawful Bride; who in a little Time, for want of Charms, is esteem'd a Curse, much rather than a Comfort. Then turning his Back, with abundance of Indifference, upon his Nuptial Enjoyments, he begins to visit the Play-House,

House, with a loose Desire of gratifying his youthful Warmth with some obliging Lady of more agreeable Beauty; and fetting himself up for a fashionable Lover of new Faces, is readily decoy'd by false Stones, borrow'd Looks, and deceitful Hearts, to make repeated Breaches of the matrimonial Obligations, he repentingly lies under, 'till, at last, he becomes famous, for a Man of Honour, among all the intriguing fair Ladies of Quality. that are given to back-fliding. Now a trufty Confident, by some Bosom-Friend, is recommended to his Livery; one that has been bred a Foot-Boy, from twelve Years of Age, under some kept Curtezan, to the State of Maturity, who, with a cleanly Conveyance, can cunningly deliver a Billet-deux, and truftily pimp in all difficult Cases, where, for the deceiving a Husband, or blinding a Rival his Affiftance may be requisite. No sooner is his worthy Character spread thro the Theatre: but every Evening, in the Pit, the Bawds flutter about him, like fo many Change-Brokers about a topping Merchant; and every one has a beautiful Bloffom, or an unfledg'd Maiden-head, at his Donfhip's Service, as often as he cares to fling away twenty Guineas upon the imaginary Bauble; which, perhaps, has been facrified before

before, in dirty Rags, for a Shilling, to fome Bayliff's Follower, e'er the prettyfac'd Baggage had the lucky Opportunity of changing her Apple-stall Tatters, into Silks and Furbeloes. Matrimony now is of no farther Use to him, than the Augmentation of his Estate; and of no other Benefit to his Lady, than to increase her Miseries, lest she has the Wit, as most Women have in this amorous Age, to foften her Misfortunes, by a reciprocal Use of the like Liberties. By a Habit of Incontinence, as well as Inconftancy, he becomes at last so universal a Lover, that the best of his Days, and the Vigour of his Youth, which ought to be exercised within nuptial Bounds, to the comfortable Propagation of a lawful Progeny, are now fcatter'd thro' the whole Town, to the Ruin of fome, the cuckolding of many, the Prejudice of his Health, and the Scandal of his Honour; that it is almost as dangerous for a pretty Girl to trust herfelf in his Family, in the Station of a Servant, as it is to become Chamber-maid to a Bawd, in a publick Brothel: For his Luft, thro' Custom, grows so very predominant, that he cannot look upon a fresh Face, that is any Ways inviting, but his Heart shall be inflam'd with such a passionate Concupiscence, that he can no more more content himself, without a hot Pursuit of the new Fangle, than a Moth, at Night, can forbear burning his Wings, when he beholds a Candle. Thus his Donship ranges, in the Fury of his Youth, like a Parfon's Bull amongst the Female Herd; and, if he likes but the Lady, scorns to ask so conscientious a Question, as whose Wife, whose Mistress, or whose Daughter? But vows abundance of Love, by Way of Preface; and, if that will not do, is very liberal of his Money, to strengthen his Temptation, wifely knowing, by Experience, that Gold and Flattery, are the two prevailing battering Rams, which feldom fail, if feafonably apply'd, to make a Breach wide enough in a Woman's Vertue, for Man to enter at. Besides, these back'd with the Advantages of his Grandeur, and the Assistance of his Agents, make few Ladies able to withstand the Force of his florid Importunities, when the is thus strenuously attack'd with all Love's Artillery, at a proper Opportunity: So that when he pushes for a Victory, he is generally fuccessful by Bribery, Flattery, or fome other Stratagem. But notwithstanding he is so sinful a Drudge to his own Vices, and, dissonant to the swelling Sound of his mighty Titles, makes himself but a worthless Slave to his libidinous Appetites; yet Honour Honour and Estate to a Libertine of Quality, like a fanctify'd Look and a canting Tongue to a knavish Citizen, are so effectual a Skreen from the Reproaches of the Publick, and the Punishments of the Law, that the former may whore on, without Danger or Reflection, as the latter cozens, without Scandal or Suspicion. When our amorous Libertine has inelted away his Prime, in his carnal Debaucheries; which, together with his riotous Excesses, fattening Luxury, the Ease of a Coach, and the Want of wholfome Exercife, bring his Bulkinefs, at last, to the tormenting Gout, or painful Stone, attended with the double Curse of a strong Defire, and a feeble Incapacity; then beginning to be tir'd with the troublesome Fatigues, that the Diversity of Amours are continually fubject to; and withal, confidering his Inability to dispense with fuch Variety of Favours, he now becomes willing to contract his Sins within a narrower Compass, and to quit the Trouble of those numerous Intrigues he had been accustom'd to engage in. In order to accomplish this miraculous Reformation; which, tho' owing to his Imbecillity, must, in Manners to his Quality, be ascrib'd to his Vertue, he begins, with a vigilant Eye, to examine the Theatre, the common Nur-

fery of Great Men's Miffresses, and to see if the Stage affords a maidenly pretty Phillis, that may be thought worthy of being well kept, as his Bosome-Prostitute, to be drench'd with the fœculent Remains of his Honour's declining Letchery. being mightily enamour'd with the painted Cheeks, the pencell'd Eye-brows, the innocent Looks, the Syren's Voice, the stately Tread, the padded Buttocks, the Stage-Deportment, and the Theatrical Performances of some Orange-Woman's Daughter, Proposals are made to Miss China, by a proper Agent, of being maintain'd like a Lady, besides a comfortable Settlement, in Case of Death; which, by the Advice of her Mother, she has Wit enough to accept of; and fo his Honour, in the Declention of his Luft, most humbly submits himself to be a Brother-Sterling to some ridiculous Zany, or sham Alexander. Thus the charming Representative of some defund Princels, Reps, at once, from her Paffboard Throne, into her gilt Chariot; and To leaves off playing the Fool publickly, for the Pleasure of many Great Men, to play the Whore privately, to the Delight of one. And if the has but the Fortune, by the Help of good Friends, to bless her Keeper with a sprittly Bastard, that, in his fading Years, he may have the Satiffaction

faction of thinking, that, notwithstanding his Debaucheries, he is still able to do a beaftly Act to a manly Purpose; she then makes him so proud of his Performances, that if the has but Cunning enough to improve the Advantage, she will foon coan the fond Daddy to line her Cabinets, add to her Maintenance. and mend her Settlement. For he that has fo little Prudence as to keep a Whore. when he has a lawful Bedfellow, is always Fool enough to be made her farther Bubble, upon every pleasing Occasion: For Estate and Title, tho' they often fecure a Great Man from the Scandal of his Crimes, yet they never can protect him from the Subtilties and Sorceries of his Whores and Flatterers. Thus the high and mighty Domine Mag Ninny, render'd fo wife, good, and generous, by the mendicant Adulations of the Riming Fraternity, is often as foolish, and as wicked, as those very Coxcombs, who are so pufillanimous and flavish as to Deify the Rake, and then worship the heathenish Idol of their own making, for his Quality, and his Mammon.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

THE mighty Man, that rides in State,
Puff'd up with Wealth and Title;
Altho' bis Sins are ne'er so great,
The Scandal is but little.

His publick Grandeur puts a Gloss Upon his Crimes and Vices; And the his Sins are ne'er so gross, They never want Disguises.

What the b' as basely kill'd a Man Wallow'd in Fernications? His Chaplain soon can wash him clean, With pious Dedications.

The Poets too will draw their Pens,
To vindicate his Honour;
Because they hope, to make Amends,
He'll prove a lib'ral Donor.

Designing Rogues and humble Slaves,
For Riches only prize Men;
And he that wins the Fools and Knaves,
Need never fear the wise Men.

Sappho obtain'd a God-like Fame,
By Parrots Proclamation;
So the rich Fool oft gets a Name,
By Poets Dedication.

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If mighty Gods can thus be made,

By Birds unskilful chatt'ring;

What can't the Muses (if well pay'd)

Accomplish, by their flatt'ring?

Tis they that cheat the Apes and Owls; With Songs of Praise and Satyr; And, by their Arts, draw little Fools To idolize the greater.

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Sir

## Sir Narcissus Foplin: OR, The Self-Admirer.

TE is the Spindle-shank'd Progeny of a half-witted Father, who drowfily begot him, betwixt fleeping and waking, to pleasure his Lady, much rather than himself; and dying, left the Fruits of his nuptial Drudgery to the Mother's Care, who, by her effeminate Fondness, has made him all Woman, except the mafculine Peg, which is hung on by Nature, for the Distinction of Sexes. plentiful Estate; but lives a fingle Gentleman, for no other Reason, but because he's fo conceited of his own Merits, that he never could yet find a Woman that he thought was worthy of him: Notwithstanding, he has so little in his Person, or his Parts, to recommend him to any Body's liking, but his own, that should an Indian Baboon be as nicely fitted with a fair Wig, and a Sute of Cloaths of the same Colour, I am certain, any Lady, that was to fee them together, would fwear, they were Twins of the same Litter; ter; yet the ill-favour'd Ape is fuch a wonderful Admirer of his own Imperfections, that the Fop's Dreffing-Room is lin'd thro' with Looking-Glass, that let him turn his Eyes what way foever, he may still be in Sight of his own homely Shadow. The Lineaments of his Face, are fo very remarkable, that, to oblige the Ladies, I shall modestly describe them, without the least Improvement; viz. He has the Forehead of a Monkey, the Eyes of a Howlet, the Nose of a Negro, the Mouth of an Alligator, a Tuffin's Chin, and the Lanthorn-Jaws of an old preaching Fanatick; and all these, inclos'd within a Thicket of Whores-Hair, curl'd into the newest Fashion by Monsieur Shammeree, Wigmaker in Ordinary to the Beaus and Block-heads round the Opera-Theatre. Besides the extraordinary Symmetry of his bewitching Countenance, he is as slender in the Waste, as if his Mother, in her Agony, had given him a Pinch in the Middle, when he was born half-way, that had spoil'd his Growth for the future; or, that she had kept him fwath'd, 'till he was twenty Years old, for Fear he should prove gotch-belly'd. And, to add another Advantage to his excellent Proportion, he has the Honour to stand upon such a fashionable Pair of Gentleman's Legs, that you you would guess, by their Size, he was the Sheep shank'd Bastard of some limberhamm'd Courtier, who had wasted his Calves in the Service of the Ladies. And if all these graceful Members are not thought sufficient to engage a beautiful Diana to facrifice her Chaffity to fo obliging a Lover, I shall farther recommend to her the Graces of his Mind, and the Niceties of his Breeding; and if those will not charm her into a languishing Condition, she may keep her Love to herfelf, 'till she can die for some Body that she thinks more deferving. As to his Wit, it is fo very admirable, that there is not a new Pun, or a Play-house Jest, but what he has as ready at his Tongue's End, as a young Bully has his fashionable Oaths, or a pert Harlot her smutty Stories. And as for his Courage, it is chiefly shewn in pinking the Backs of Tavern-Chairs, and in breaking the Heads of his own Footmen; which they bear with Patience, because he never forgets to give them a Plaifter, for Fear they should be angry with him. His Generosity is such, that it never extends to any, but his Flatterers; and those that can find out a new Grace in him, shall never fail of a Reward for their notable Discovery. As to his Learning, it confifts in the Title-Pages of new PamPamphlets; for he thinks Reading to be the Drudgery of a Scholar, or the Diverfion of a Pedant, but a Scandal to a Gentleman. The Wings of his Affections are fo intollerably clipp'd, by a Self-Conceit of his own Gallantry, that his Love can never fly out of the Windows of his own Breast, any farther than his Looking-Glass; and so plays backwards and forwards, between himself and his Shadow, like a Shuttle-cock between two Battledors. Tho' he is very conversant with the fair Sex, and a mighty Man among the fine Ladies, he only rivals them in their own Vanity; and, as they hope to be admir'd by him, fo the Fool fancies they are his Admirers; but if they were, they might ease their Passions with their own folicary Sighs; for he has fo cool a Sense of Female Favours, that he has less Respect for the Charms of a Petticoat, than for the loathsome Condescensions of a fricatizing Catamite, who is Beast enough to ease his Sodomitical Desires with antiveneral Exercise. Yet, after all, the fqueaking Homunculus, with his Capon's Voice, who, in Contempt of the fair Sex, can be manual Operator to his own Luft, because he has an Estate, can loll in his gilt Chariot, and keep his brawny Slaves to bow down and worship him, must fet P 3 himself himself up, Forsooth, for a Man of Honour, a Gentleman of Worth, a Patriot of his Country, a Judge of Learning, an Encourager of Vertue, and the worthy Branch of an ancient and honourable Family: Tho', notwithstanding his Pride and Vanity, was the worthless Mortal to be stripp'd of his Acres, his Equipage, and his Finery, which are the only Armour that can fecure the Coxcomb from the Contempt of the Publick, and he would scarce have Merit enough to recommend him to the Employment of a reforming Understrapper. Yet, since he was born in a lucky Minute, and his propitious Stars have plac'd him high above the Heads of Thousands, who have fifty Times more Merit, much wifer Numbers, and the more vertuous Crowd must bow their humble Noddles to the lofty Idol, who fits in Triumph, glories in his Ignorance, as well as his Vices, and gazes, with Difdain, upon those Persons, who can scarce deserve his Estate so much, as he does their Poverty.

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as Operator to his own butt, he can Ethan, can loll in his

sould vowend by good how to Familiar

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

HOW cross a filt, bow base a Trull,
Is purblind Madam Fortune,
Who proves so gen rous to the Fool,
And to the Wise uncertain?

What Fops and Monsters do we see Sit lolling in their Coaches, And haughty Apes, of high Degree, Grow proud of their Debauches?

Whilst Men of Brains and Vertue, stand Depending at a Distance; And bowing down, with Cap in Hand, Implore the Fools Assistance.

One thinks, that Whoring is a Vice, Of all the rest, most noble; And, to enjoy his Paradise, Becomes the Ladies Bubble.

A second, finds another Trick,
Much worse than Fornication;
And, in his Lust, wants Grace to stick
At Male-Administration.

A third, two powerful Vices join,
For want of sober Thinking;
And, adding Women to his Wine,
Delights in Love and Drinking.

P 4

A fourth, becomes a Rake at large, Pursues all wicked Measures, And values no Expence or Charge, To purchase sinful Pleasures.

Tet, if they be but rich and great, Tho' impious as the Devil, They must be wise, in Spite of Fate, And good, in Spite of Evil,

and complete street of depth sheeten.
Comprehensia of their Localities s

While Man of Brains and Variety faint

and learning deem, copie the in Hand,

One thinks they Weather to a Print

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blaces en l'e chen Por e l'ans bud, en lle Leels, rennée (some re et Wate schmingraven.

A chird, the conversed Fees join,

For weath of John Leveling and Andrews of the Street

Delights in Love and Islanding

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## The Worthy Pawiot: OR, The True English Nobleman.

HE is a peaceful Counsellor in a calm Reign, that never defires to increase his Riches, by the Disquiet of a Kingdom; but always labours, with a loyal Heart, to stemn the Fury of any Faction, who oppose their Prince, disturb the Nation, or undermine the Government. He is a fafe Pilot in a Land-Storm, that steers his Course by his Conscience, and makes unspotted Honour the true Touch-stone of all his Actions. He has too great a Soul, to depend upon Flatterers for a publick Character; but makes his Vertues known by his own generous Deeds, without being beholden to a Riming Sicophant, for his fulsome Dedications; for he thinks it more Honour to be accounted a wife Patriot, than a bountiful Patron; and would rather chuse to be the Marlborough of the State, than the Meccenas of the Age. He fcorns to be drawn by the Smiles and Fayours of a vicious Prince, to betray his Country; and is too faithful a Subject, to facrifice

facrifice the Interest of his lawful Sovereign, to a perverse People; but will no more be courted, by popular Applause, to do an ill Action, than he would be frighted or deterr'd, by popular Rage, from doing a good one; still, in every Thing he does, having a dutiful Regard to his Prince's Safety, the publick Welfare, and his own Honour; from which he will never fwerve, to flatter a Tyrant, or to pleafe a Faction; to raise a good Prince above the Laws, or to bring a bad one under them; but endeavours to preserve the Prerogative of the Crown, and the Obedience of the Subject, upon a flourishing Equality, that the one may not grow too great, or the other become too little. Tho' his Soul is magnanimous, his Mind noble, and his Courage daring, yet his Ambition never foars above the Limits of Religion: For that which other Great Men so often facrifice to their Interest, he plants about his Soul, as the best Inclosure to keep his Appetites within Bounds, and to fewere his Mertue from the dangerous Incursions of infernal Enemies, who are always upon the Hunt, like a roaring Lyon, feeking whom they may devour. He is never defirous of much Trouble, for the Sake of great Riches; but is rather content to lead a quiet Life upon his own plentiful Estate, than

than to improve his Patrimony, by beggaring his Prince, or abusing the Publick: Nor is he ever covetous (for the Sake of the Profit) of more Power, than he knows himself able to make a wife Use of, to the Honour of the Crown, and the Interest of the Kingdom; and whatever Authority he is pleas'd to accept of, he is so careful to manage with that commendable Exactness, and unspotted Integrity, that it is not in the Power of any envious Competitor, to stain his Conduct with the least Calumny. The greatest Honours, and the highest Preferments, can never raise him beyond the Remembrance of his Mortality; for, notwithstanding his Grandeur, he is always free of Access, and treats even Inferiours with that winning Affability, as if he was ever thoughtful, in Spite of worldly Distinctions, that in a little Time the Grave will make them his Equals, Tho' his Birth is noble, his Power great, and his Estate answerable, he has too much Goodness to look upon any Thing beneath him with Contempt, except an ill Man, a loofe Woman, or a base Action: For his Defigns are too honest, to have Occasion for the first; his Continence too great, to need the Use of the second; and his Honour too facred, to give Encouragement to the third. As his Fortune is large, even

even so is his Hospitality: For his Quality and Estate, are much more visible in his good House-keeping, than in the Finery of his Coach, and the Richness of his Liveries. As he is bountiful to his Friends, and generous to his Neighbours; so is he liberal to his Servants, and charitable to the Poor: Nor does he ever neglect to do one good Office, that can be modeftly ask'd, or reasonably perform'd. His Affection to his Lady, and his Lenity to his Children, are so equally engaging, that none are able to distinguish, whether he be the lovinger Husband, or the kinder Father; nor can they need more than his own noble Example, to instruct them in their Duty. His Sports and his Recreations, are futed to his Quality, much rather than his Appetites; for he always keeps the Man in Subjection to the Lord, that the Corruption of Nature may never fully his Dignity. The Majesty of his Person, the Awfulness of his Looks, the Wisdom of his Words, and the Gravity of his Utterance, are sufficient, at all Times, to demand a Reverence, without Equipage or Attendance: For his Deportment alone, is a better Indication that he is truly noble, than his Arms and his Coronet; for in the former, we may read the Excellencies of the Man, as in the latter, we we may blazon the Atchievements of his Family. He always takes Care to chuse a domestick Chaplain, for his Wisdom and Vertue, as well as his Learning; one that is fit to be a Tutor to his Children, as well as a Guide to his Servants; and a divine Comforter to himself, and his Countefs, as well as a facred Ornament to his ancient Palace, and his obedient Houshold. Tho' he never neglects his Duty to his Sovereign; yet he loves a Retirement to his Country-Seat, which he enjoys as often as the Commands of his Prince, and the Business of the Nation will give Leave, preferring both to his own private Satisfaction. Yet, tho a gallant Gentleman, he is but little affected with the Vanities of a Court, and less with the Vices of the noify Town, where Whoredom and Knavery have fo great an Ascendancy over Honour and Honesty. He is too well establish'd in the Principles of his Faith, to modify his Religion to the Fashion of the Times; and if he cannot be thought a good Subject, without making himself a bad Christian, he will rather be content to endure the Frowns of a State, or the Grins of a Faction, than to flatter his Prince, or to please the Multitude, to the Injury of his Conscience. He scorns to be govern'd by the the Humour of the Publick, to the Damage of his Country; and would rather chuse to fall a Martyr, than to live a Traytor. He hates the Countenance of a Hypocrite, under a broad-brimm'd Hat ; and abominates the Broachers of all new Opinions, as the fatal Forerunners of some approaching Mischief. As he is fix'd as a Rock to the Religion he professes, so is he prudently careful that the same shall be Orthodox: Nor can he be guilty of fuch dishonourable Flattery, as to cast a favourable Eye upon any of the Sectaries, because he has long observ'd, that their Priests, if it be possible, are much wickeder than the People. Whoever has the Honour to be well acquainted with him. will always find him the same Man; for he is so far from being subject to a Giddiness in his Mind, that the Rules and Precepts, by which he wifely governs the Empire of his Breaft, are as unalterable, as the Laws of the Medes and Persians ; nor can the Sophistry of a Judge, or the Arguments of a Bishop, prevail with him to take the Justice of a Cause, or a Point of Conscience, by the wrong Handle. fhort, he is a wife Counsellor, a faithful Subject, a trusty Friend, and a generous Enemy; quick of Projection, firm of Refolution, and speedy in Dispatch: Has the

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the Head of a Philosopher, the Heart of a Christian, and the Hand of a Hero; for he thinks wisely, designs honestly, and executes boldly.

Familiar Descant on the foregoing Character.

SOME boast of Honours, Wealth, and Blood, Which they, by Birth inherit, And aim to be thought great and good, Without one Grain of Merit:

But 'tis not Title or Degree, That makes us truly noble, Because a gilded Fool may be A Coward and a Bubble.

Wealth may be got by knavish Craft, Or be the Gift of Fortune; And Honours be bestow'd as oft For Pranks behind the Curtain:

These are not always the Reward
Of Vertue, or of Brav'ry;
But have been heretofore conferr'd
On Minions, for their Knav'ry.

When Titles are of long Bescent,
What Man can tell how Honour
Was sirst obtain'd, or how twas meant;
When given by the Donor?

Sometimes we've seen the fawning Slave Made great, for little Reason; And Honour's heap'd upon a Knave, To stop his hatching Treason.

What Mortal then would idolize
High Titles and Exteriors,
Unless his Worship was more wife
And just, than his Inferiors?

Let no Man boast his high Degree,
Wealth, Honour, Education,
Unless h'as Will and Pow'r to be
A Champion for his Nation.

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